

23ME715 : FABRICATION PROCESS

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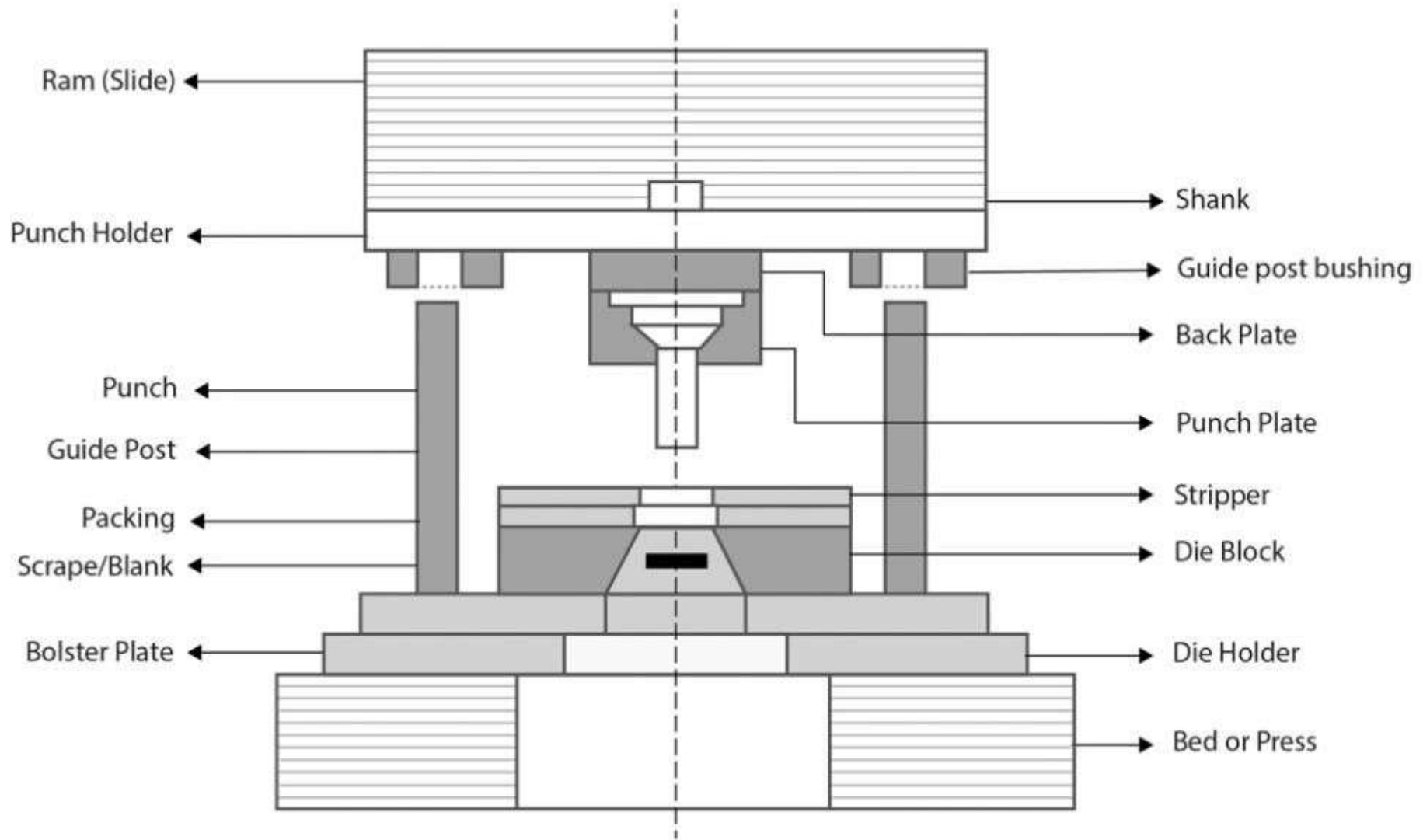
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UNIT-V PRESS TOOS

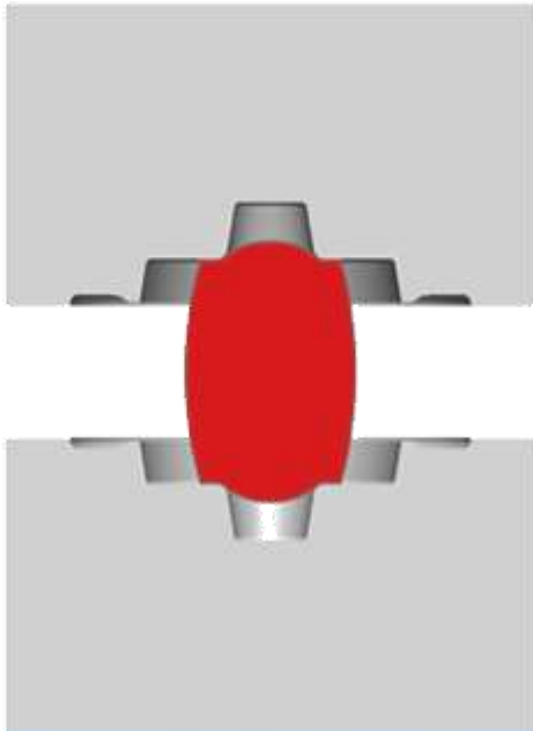
Generally press tools are categorized by the types of operation performed using the tool, such as blanking, piercing, bending, forming, forging, trimming etc.



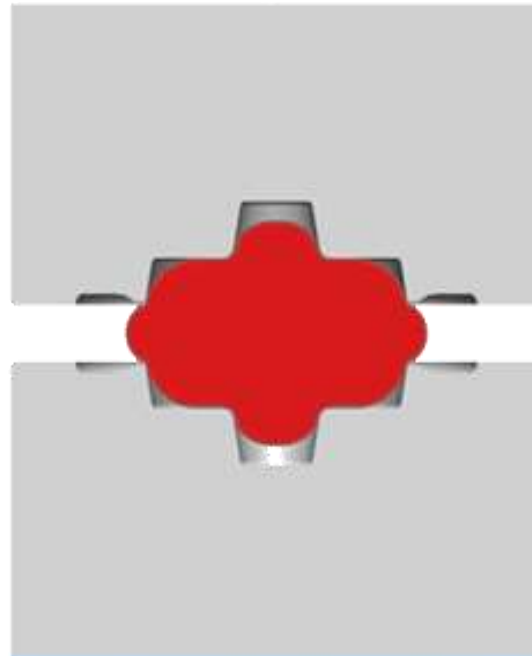


- ❑ Metal forging is the process in which metals are formed and shaped using compressive forces.**
- ❑ The forces are delivered using hammering, pressing, or rolling.**
- ❑ There are a number of forging processes – cold forging, warm forging, and hot forging**
- ❑ There are four types of forging manufacturing processes that are commonly used to shape metal parts.**
- ❑ These processes include impression die forging (closed die), cold forging, open die forging, and seamless rolled ring forging.**

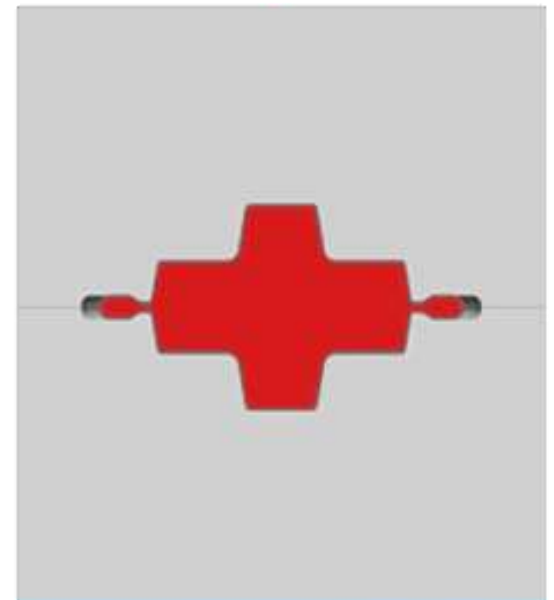
DOWNWARDS MOVEMENT OF TOP DIE



**HOT METAL BILLET IN CONTACT
WITH MOVING DIE**



**RESTRICTION OF LATERAL FLOW
CAUSING CAVITY TO FILL**



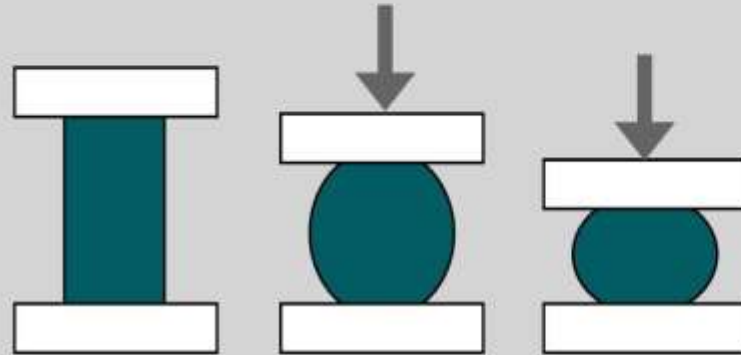
DIE CAVITY FINALLY FILLED

Open-die forging is also known as smith forging. A hammer strikes and deforms a metal on a stationary anvil.

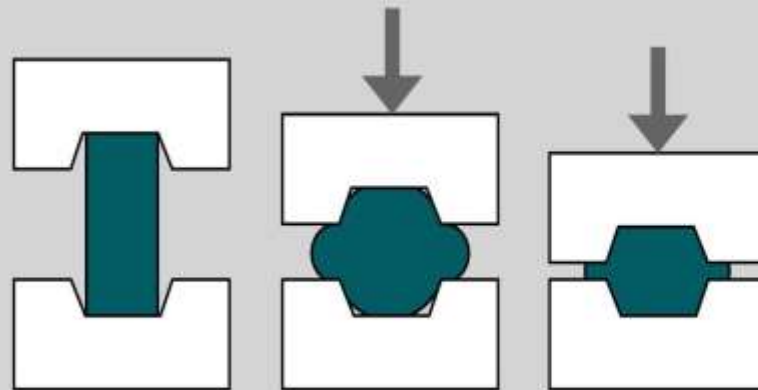


Open and Closed Die Forging Processes

(1) OPEN-DIE FORGING



(2) CLOSED-DIE FORGING

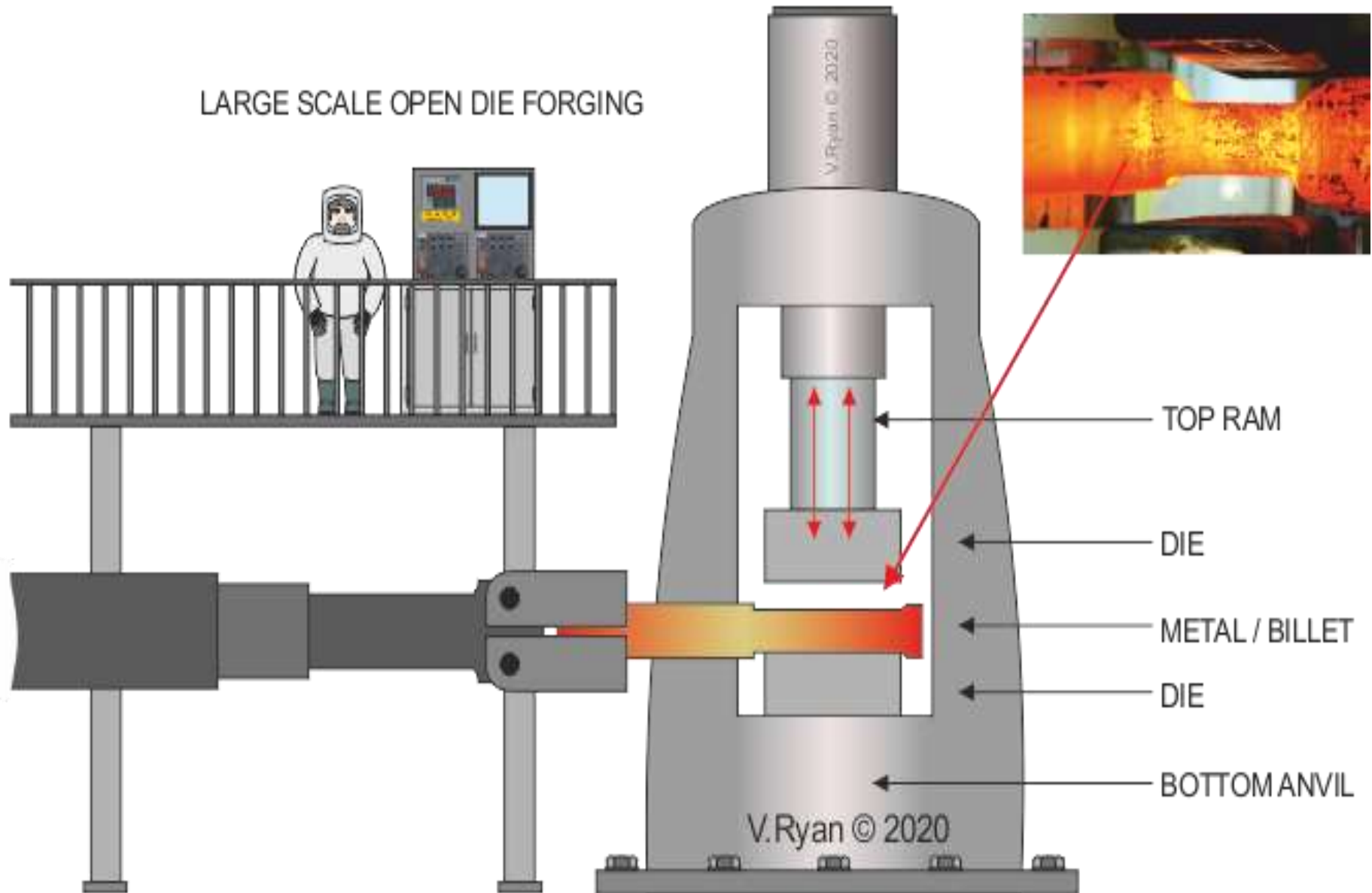


❑ Drop forging is a metal forming process. A workpiece is inserted into a die and then hammered until it has assumed the shape of the die.

❑ The lower die is a stationary part, while the upper part is a moving hammer dropped onto the workpiece in order to deform it.

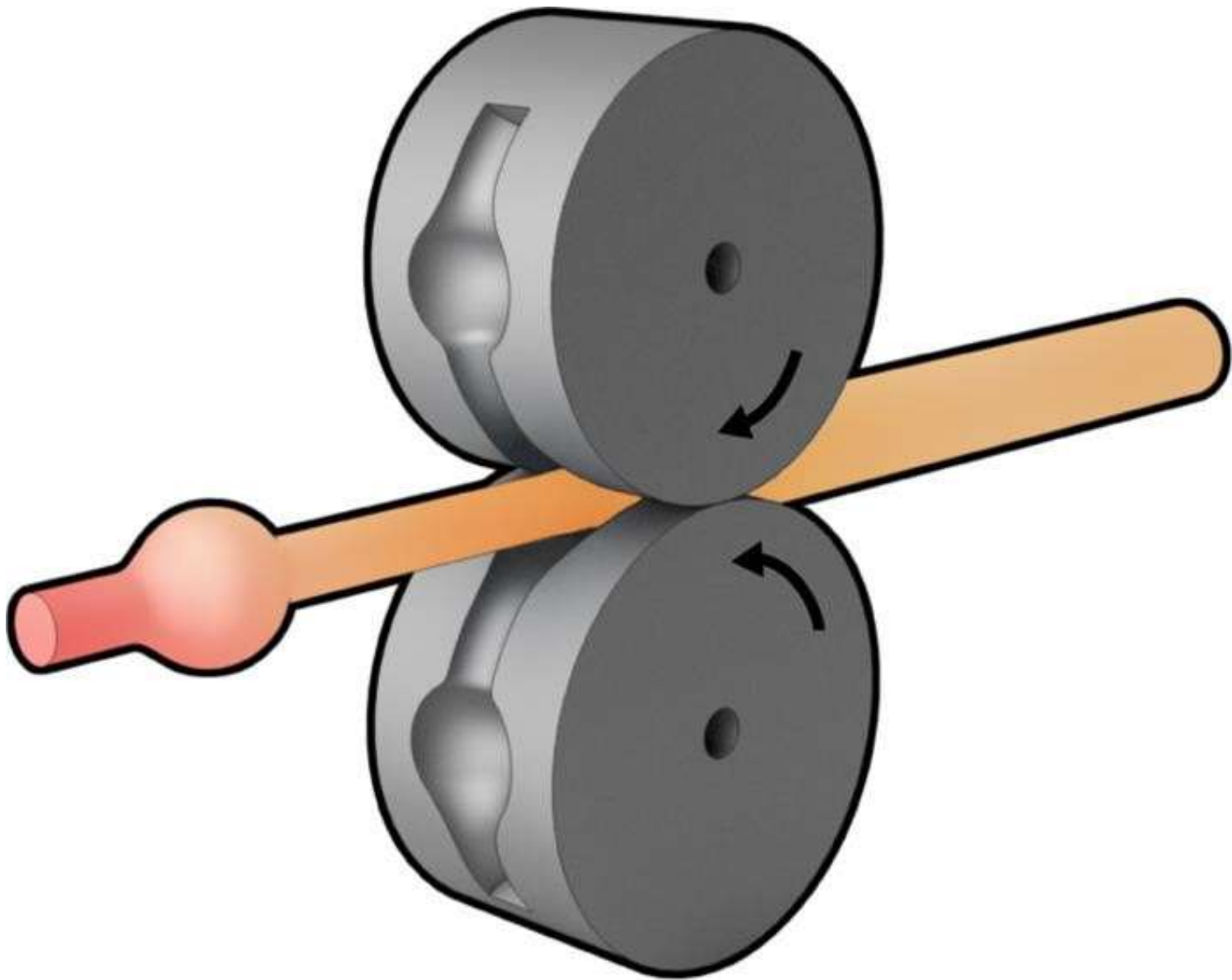
❑ The drop forging process improves the strength of the metal by aligning the grain along the lines of potential stress, which cannot be achieved through casting, machining, or fabrication.

LARGE SCALE OPEN DIE FORGING



❖ Roll forging, also known as roll forming, is a forging method that uses opposing rolls to form a metal part.

❖ Even though roll forging uses rolls to produce parts and components, it is still considered a metal forging process and not a rolling process.



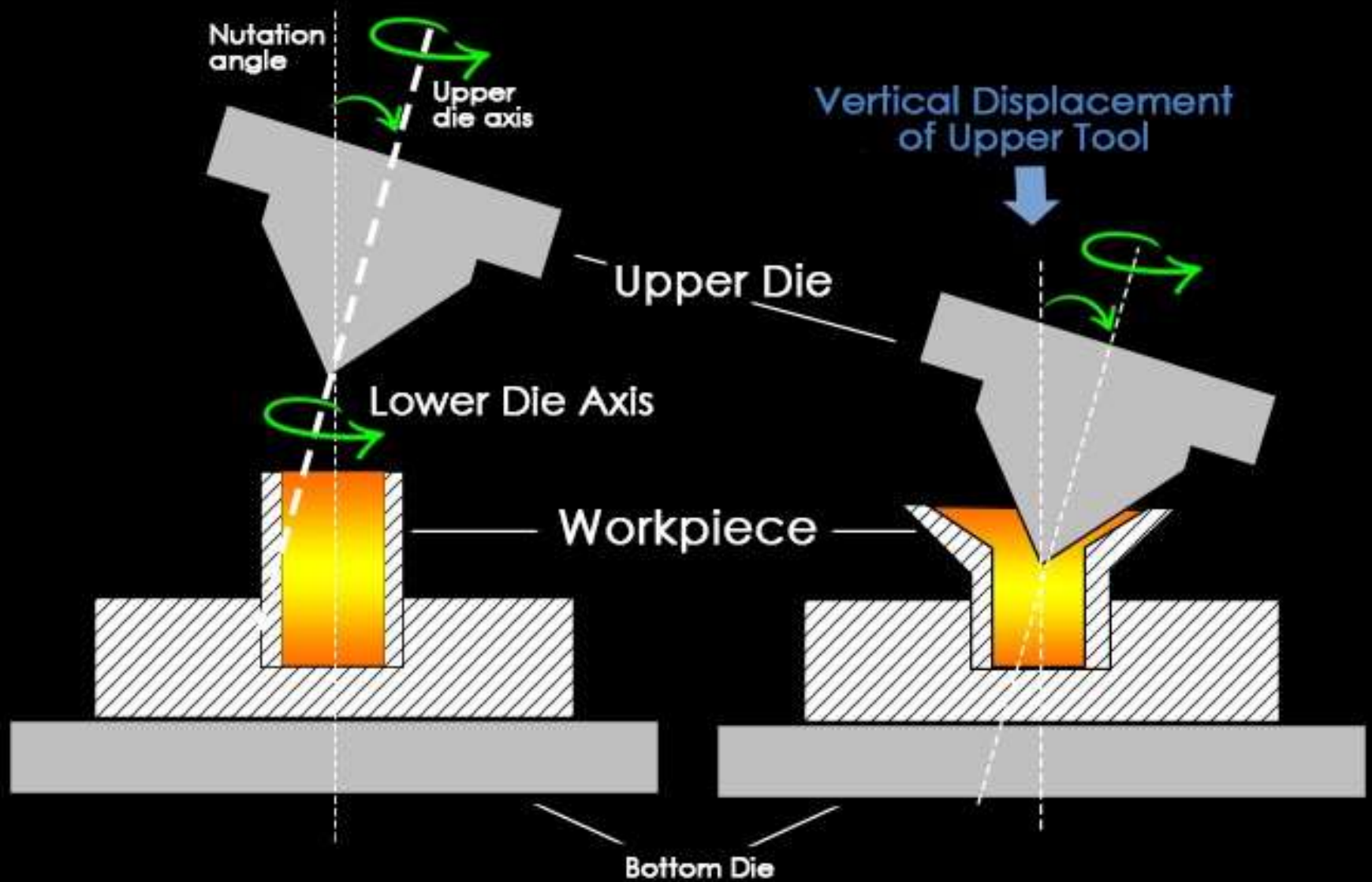
FORGING HAMMER

The handle of the forging hammer is typically made of a wooden material and the head is sometimes made of high-carbon steel or alloy steel



ROTARY FORGING

- ❑ Rotary forging is a cold-forming process used to forge round shapes.**
- ❑ The process deforms a metal blank using a combination of rotation, rolling and axial compression.**



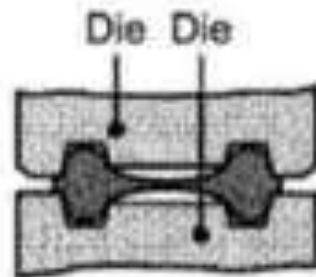
FORGING DEFECTS

- **Defects occur due to improper design of forging die.**
- **It is also due to sharp corner, and excessive chilling in forging product.**
- **The fillet radius of the die should be increase to remove these defects**

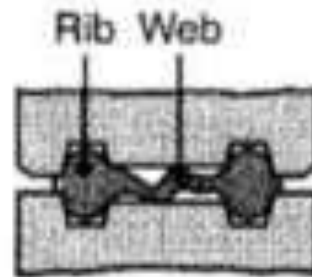
Forging Defects



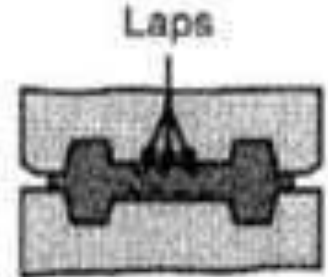
1. Blocked forging



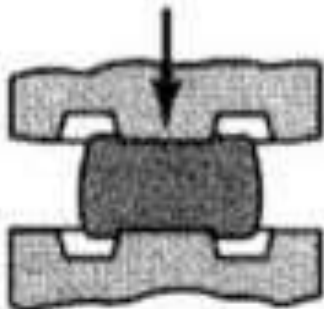
2. Begin finishing



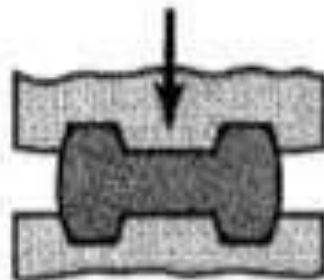
3. Web buckles



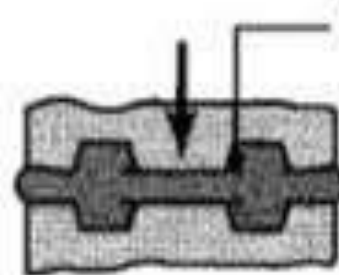
4. Laps in finished forging



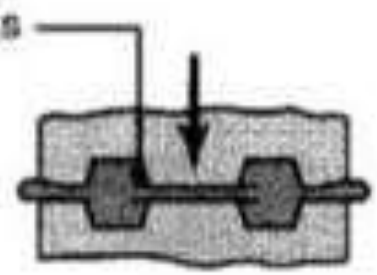
1. Forging begins



2. Die cavities are being filled



3. Cracks develop in ribs



4. Cracks propagate through ribs

COLD FORGING

- ❑ Cold forging uses a displacement process to shape the material into the desired shape.**
- ❑ Compressive force squeezes the metal between a punch and die at room temperature until the material conforms to the die's contours.**
- ❑ Cold forging techniques include rolling, drawing, spinning, heading, and extruding.**

SWAGING

Swaging, is a metal-forming technique in which the metal of one part is deformed to fit around another part by hammering, or by forcing the material through a die.