





# **UGC AUTONOMOUS**

B. Tech Syllabus (w. e. f AY 2021-2022)

## **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

## I YEAR I SEMISTER

S.NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Р	CREDITS
1	MA1101BS	Linear Algebra And Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	PH1102BS	Engineering Physics	3	1	0	4
3	CS1103ES	Programming For Problem Solving	3	1	0	4
4	ME1104ES	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
5	PH1105BS	Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	CS1106ES	Programming For Problem Solving Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	MC1001ES*	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
		Induction Programme				
		Total Credits	15	4	6	19

<sup>\*</sup>MC Mandatory Non Credit Course

## I YEAR II SEMISTER

S.NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Р	CREDITS
1	MA1201BS	Advanced Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	CH1202BS	Chemistry	3	1	0	4
3	ME1203ES	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3
4	EN1204HS	English	2	0	0	2
5	CH1205BS	Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	ME1206ES	Engineering Workshop	1	0	3	2.5
7	EN1207HS	English Language And Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
		Total Credits	10	2	12	18

## II YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	T	Р	Credit
1	CE2101PC	Surveying and Geomatics	3	0	0	3
2	CE2102PC	Strength of Materials – I	3	1	0	4
3	MA2103BS	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	3
4	CE2104PC	Fluid Mechanics	3	1	0	4
5	EE2105ES	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3
6	CE2106PC	Surveying Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	CE2107PC	Strength of Materials Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	EE2108ES	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1
9	MC2001*	Constitution of India	0	0	3	0
		Total Credits	15	2	11	21

# \*MC Mandatory Non Credit Course

## **II YEAR II SEMESTER**

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	T	Р	Credit
1	CE2201PC	Building Materials, Construction and Planning	3	0	0	3
2	CE2202PC	Engineering Geology	2	0	0	2
3	ME2203ES	Basic Mechanical Engineering for Civil Engineers	3	0	0	3
4	CE2204PC	Strength of Materials – II	3	0	0	3
5	CE2205PC	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	3	0	0	3
6	CE2206PC	Hydrology & Water Resources Engineering	3	0	0	3
7	CE2207ES	Computer aided Civil Engineering Drawing	0	0	3	1.5
8	CE2208PC	Engineering Geology Lab	0	0	2	1
9	CE2209PC	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	MC2002*	Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	17	0	10	21

<sup>\*</sup>MC Mandatory Non Credit Course

## III YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
1	CE3101PC	Structural Analysis-I	3	0	0	3
2	CE3102PC	Concrete Technology	3	0	0	3
3	CE3103PC	Transportation Engineering	3	0	0	3
4	CE3104PC	Structural Engineering –I (RCC)	3	0	0	3
5	CE3105PC	Geotechnical Engineering	3	0	0	3
6		Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	3
7	CE3106PC	Concrete Technology & Highway Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	EN3107HS	Advanced Communication Skills Lab	0	0	3	1.0
9	CE3108PC	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	MC3001*	Cyber Security	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	18	0	11	22

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory Non Credits Course

# III YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
1	CE3201PC	Structural Analysis-II	3	0	0	3
2	CE3202PC	Environmental Engineering	3	0	0	3
3	CE3203PC	Foundation Engineering	3	0	0	3
4	CE3204PC	Structural Engineering –II (Steel)	3	1	0	4
5		Professional Elective –II	3	0	0	3
6		Open Elective –I	3	0	0	3
7	CE3205PC	Environmental Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	CE3206PC	Computer Aided Design Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC3002*	Artificial Intelligence	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	18	1	08	22

<sup>\*</sup>MC Mandatory Non Credit Course

#### **IV YEAR I SEMESTER**

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	SM4101MS	Engineering Economics and Accountancy	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective – III	3	0	0	3
3		Professional Elective – IV	3	0	0	3
4		Open Elective –II	3	0	0	3
5	SM4102MS	Professional Practice Law & Ethics	3	0	0	3
6	CE4103PW#	Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship	0	0	0	2
7	CE4104SM	Seminar	0	0	2	1
8	CE4105PW	Project Stage –I	0	0	6	3
9	MC4001*	Intellectual Property Rights	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	15	0	10	21

<sup>\*</sup>MC Mandatory Non Credit Course

## **IV YEAR II SEMESTER**

S. No	Course code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
1		Professional Elective –V	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective –VI	3	0	0	3
3		Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
4	CE4201PW	Project Stage –II	0	0	14	7
		Total Credits	9	0	14	16

Note: Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship is to be carried out during the summer vacation between 6th and 7th semesters. Students should submit report of Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship for evaluation.

## **Professional Elective-I**

CE3109PE	Irrigation and Hydraulic Structures
CE3110PE	Environmental Impact Assessment
CE3111PE	Remote sensing and GIS

## **Professional Elective-II**

CE3207PE	Prestressed Concrete
CE3208PE	Ground Improvement Techniques
CE3209PE	Ground water Hydrology

## **Professional Elective-III**

CE4106PE	Estimation quantity surveying and valuation
CE4107PE	Theory of Elasticity
CE4108PE	Bridge Engineering

# **Professional Elective- IV**

CE4109PE	Construction Technology and Project Management
CE4110PE	Air Ways, Railways & Water Ways
CE4111PE	Advanced Structural Design

## **Professional Elective-V**

CE4202PE	Rehabilitation and Retrofitting of Structures
CE4203PE	Stochastic Hydrology
CE4204PE	Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundation

## **Professional Elective- VI**

CE4205PE	Traffic Engineering
CE4206PE	Industrial waste water Treatment
CE4207PE	Pipe Line Engineering

## COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING

# Open Elective – I

CS32110E	Introduction to Data Science
CS3212OE	Data mining
CS3213OE	Computer Forensics

# Open Elective - II

CS41210E	Python Programming
CS4122OE	R Programming
CS4123OE	JAVA Programming

# Open Elective – III

CS42310E	Machine Learning
CS4232OE	Cloud Computing
CS4233OE	Natural Language Processing

## **ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

## Open Elective – I

	Open Liective 1	
EC32110E	Fundamentals of Internet of Things	
	Open Elective – II	
EC41210E	Principles of Computer Communications and Networks	
	Open Elective – III	
EC42310E	Electronic Measuring Instruments	

## **ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

# Open Elective – I

EE3211OE	Electrical Installation and costing
EE3212OE	Electrical Engineering Material

# Open Elective - II

EE41210E	Renewable Energy sources
EE4122OE	Reliability Engineering

# Open Elective - III

EE42310E	Instrumentation and Control
EE4232OE	Energy Storage Systems

## **DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

# Open Elective – I

ME32110E	Operation Research
ME3212OE	Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering
ME32130E	Metallurgy of Non-Metallurgists

# Open Elective – II

ME41210E	Fabrication Processes
ME41220E	Total Quality Management
ME41230E	Energy Management and Conservation

# Open Elective – III

ME42310E	Reliability Engineering
ME42320E	Industrial Management
ME4233OE	Renewable Energy Sources

#### MA1101BS: LINEAR ALGEBRA & CALCULUS

# B. Tech. I Year I Sem. L T P C 3 1 0 4

## Course Objectives: To learn

- Types of matrices and their properties.
- Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations.
- Concept of Eigen values and eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form.
- Concept of Fourier series.
- Concept of nature of the series.
- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
- Evaluation of surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves.
- Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.
- Partial differentiation, concept of total derivative
- Finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.

## Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyze the solution of the system of equations
- Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors
- Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Analyze the nature of sequence and series.
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems.
- Evaluate the improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints.

## **UNIT-1: Matrices**

Matrices: Introduction. Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method; System of linear equations; solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations. Gauss elimination method; Gauss Seidel Iteration method, LU **Decomposition Method.** 

## **UNIT-2: Eigen values and Eigen vectors**

Vectors Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties. Diagonalization of a matrix; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof); finding the inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem; Quadratic forms and Nature of Quadratic forms; Reduction of Quadratic form to Canonical form by Orthogonal Transformation.

## **UNIT-3: Fourier series**

Definition of periodic function, Fourier expansion of periodic function in  $(0,2\pi)$  and  $(-\pi,\pi)$ . Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series of even and odd functions – Half – Range Fourier Sine and Cosine expansions.

#### **UNIT-IV: Calculus**

Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value theorem. Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

## **UNIT-V: Multivariable calculus (Partial Differentiation and applications)**

Definitions of limit and continuity. Partial Differentiation; Euler's Theorem; Total derivative; Jacobian; Functional dependence & independence, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thEdition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- 2. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11thReprint, 2010

# **Course Objectives:**

- The course aims at making students to understand the basic concepts of Principles of Physics in a broader sense with a view to lay foundation for the various engineering courses.
- Students will be able to demonstrate competency and understanding of the concepts found in Mechanics, Harmonic Oscillations, wave Optics, Lasers, Fiber Optics and a broad base of knowledge in physics.
- The main purpose of this course is to equip engineering undergraduates with an understanding of the scientific method, so that they may use the training beneficially in their higher pursuits.
- Today the need is to stress principles rather than specific procedures, to select areas of contemporary interest rather than of past interest, and to condition the student to the atmosphere of change he will encounter during his carrier.

**Course outcomes:** Upon graduation, the graduates will have:

- The knowledge of Physics relevant to engineering is critical for converting ideas into technology.
- An understanding of Physics also helps engineers understand the working and limitations of existing devices and techniques, which eventually leads to new innovations and improvements.
- In the present course, the students can gain knowledge on the mechanism of physical bodies upon the action of forces on them, the generation, the detection of the waves, Acoustics of a room, Optical Phenomena like Interference, diffraction, the principles of lasers and Fibre Optics.
- Various chapters establish a strong foundation on the different kinds of characters of several materials and pave a way for them to use in at various technical and engineering applications.

#### **UNIT-I**

**Introduction to Mechanics :**Transformation of scalars and vectors under Rotation transformation, Forces in Nature, Newton's laws and its completeness in describing particle motion, Form invariance of Newton's second law, Solving Newton's equations of motion in polar coordinates, Problems including constraints and friction, Extension to cylindrical and spherical coordinates.

## **UNIT-II**

**Harmonic Oscillations**: Mechanical and electrical simple harmonic oscillators, Complex number notation and phasor representation of simple harmonic motion, Damped harmonic oscillator: heavy, critical and light damping, Energy decay in a damped harmonic oscillator, Quality factor, Mechanical and electrical oscillators, Mechanical and electrical impedance, Steady state motion of forced damped harmonic oscillator, Power observed by oscillator.

## **UNIT-III**

**Acoustics:** Basic requirements of acoustically good hall, Reverberation and Reverberation time, Sabine's formula for Reverberation time (Qualitative), Measurement of absorption coefficient of a material, Factors affecting the architectural acoustics and their remedies.

**Ultrasonic:** Introduction, Classification of ultrasonic waves: Longitudinal waves, Transverse waves, Production of ultrasonic waves: Piezoelectric method and Magnetostriction method, Properties of ultrasonic waves, Applications of ultrasonic: SONAR and NDT (Pulse echo method).

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Wave Optics:** Interference, Young's double slit experiment, Newton's rings, Interference in Thin films(reflected & transmission), Frunhofer diffraction from a single slit, Diffraction grating-resolving power, Polarisation-Double Refraction, Nicol Prism.

#### **UNIT-V**

**Lasers:** Introduction to interaction of radiation with matter, Coherence, Principle and working of Laser, Population inversion, Pumping, Types of Lasers: Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, Applications of laser-Scientific & Medical applications.

**Fibre Optics:** Introduction, Optical fibre as a dielectric wave guide, Total internal reflection, Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone and Numerical aperture, Step and Graded index fibres, Absorption & Bending Losses associated with optical fibres, Applications of optical fibres-Sensor & Medical Field.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Mechanics, 2nd ed.- MK Harbola, Cengage Learning
- 2. I. G. Main, "Vibrations and waves in physics', 3rd Edn, Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 3. Ajoy Ghatak, "Optics", McGraw Hill Education, 2012
- 4. Fundamentals of Acoustics, Kinster and Frey, John Wiley and Sons.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. H. J. Pain, "The physics of vibrations and waves", Wiley, 2006
- 2. O. Svelto, "Principles of Lasers"
- 3. "Introduction to Mechanics", M.K. Verma, Universities Press
- 4. Solid State Physics, A. J. Dekkar, MacMillan publishers

## CS1103ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

## B. Tech. I Year I Sem.

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## **Course Objectives:**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of C programming language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.

#### **Course Outcomes:** The student will learn

- To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
- To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs.
- To code and test a given logic in C programming language.
- To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

## **UNIT - I: Introduction to Programming**

Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system, compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program etc., Number systems Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntaxand Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion, The main method and command line arguments

Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND, OR, XOR and NOT operators

Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, go to, Iteration with for, while, do-while loops I/O: Simple input and output with scan f and print f, formatted I/O, Introduction to std in, std out and std err. Command line arguments

## **UNIT - II: Arrays, Strings, Structures and Pointers:**

Arrays: one- and two-dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings

Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures

Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumeration data type

## **UNIT - III: Preprocessor and File handling in C:**

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data toexisting files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell andrewind functions.

## **UNIT - IV: Function and Dynamic Memory Allocation:**

Functions: Designing structured programs, Declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and libraries.

Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series etc., Limitations of Recursivefunctions

Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory, Allocating memory for arrays of differentdata types

## **UNIT - V: Introduction to Algorithms:**

Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a givenset, finding if a number is prime number, etc.

Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques),

Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms),

Basic concept of order of complexity through the example programs

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup>Edition)

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
- 2. Hall of India
- 3. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- 4. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edit

#### **ME1104ES: ENGINEERING MECHANICS**

B.Tech. I Year I Sem. L T P C

3 1 0 4

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of this course are to

- Explain the resolution of a system of forces, compute their resultant and solve problems using equations of equilibrium
- Perform analysis of bodies lying on rough surfaces.
- Locate the centroid of a body and compute the area moment of inertia and mass moment of inertia of standard and composite sections
- Explain kinetics and kinematics of particles, projectiles, curvilinear motion, centroidal motion and plane motion of rigid bodies.
- Explain the concepts of work-energy method and its applications to translation, rotation and plane motion and the concept of vibrations

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Determine resultant of forces acting on a body and analyse equilibrium of a body subjected to a system of forces.
- Solve problem of bodies subjected to friction.
- Find the location of centroid and calculate moment of inertia of a given section.
- Understand the kinetics and kinematics of a body undergoing rectilinear, curvilinear, rotatory motion and rigid body motion.
- Solve problems using work energy equations for translation, fixed axis rotation and plane motion and solve problems of vibration.

#### **UNIT-I:**

Introduction to Engineering Mechanics - Force Systems: Basic concepts, Particle equilibrium in 2-D & 3-D; Rigid Body equilibrium; System of Forces, Coplanar Concurrent Forces, Components in Space – Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application; Couples and Resultant of Force System, Equilibrium of System of Forces, Free body diagrams, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems; Static Indeterminacy

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Friction:** Types of friction, Limiting friction, Laws of Friction, Static and Dynamic Friction; Motion of Bodies, wedge friction, screw jack & differential screw jack;

Centroid and Centre of Gravity -Centroid of Lines, Areas and Volumes from first principle, centroid of composite sections; Centre of Gravity and its implications. – Theorem of Pappus

#### **UNIT-III:**

Area moment of inertia- Definition, Moment of inertia of plane sections from first principles, Theorems of moment of inertia, Moment of inertia of standard sections and composite sections; Product of Inertia, Parallel Axis Theorem, Perpendicular Axis Theorem

Mass Moment of Inertia: Moment of Inertia of Masses - Transfer Formula for Mass Moments of Inertia—Mass moment of inertia of composite bodies.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Review of particle dynamics- Rectilinear motion; Plane curvilinear motion (rectangular, path, and polar coordinates). 3-D curvilinear motion; Relative and constrained motion; Newton's 2nd law (rectangular, path, and polar coordinates). Work-kinetic energy, power, potential energy. Impulsementum (linear, angular); Impact (Direct and oblique).

## **UNIT-V:**

Kinetics of Rigid Bodies -Basic terms, general principles in dynamics; Types of motion, Instantaneous centre of rotation in plane motion and simple problems; D'Alembert's principle and its applications in plane motion and connected bodies; Work Energy principle and its application in plane motion of connected bodies; Kinetics of rigid body rotation

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Shames and Rao (2006), Engineering Mechanics, Pearson Education
- 2. Reddy Vijay Kumar K. and J. Suresh Kumar (2010), Singer's Engineering Mechanics Statics & Dynamics

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Timoshenko S.P and Young D.H., "Engineering Mechanics", McGraw Hill International Edition, 1983.
- 2. Andrew Pytel, Jaan Kiusalaas, "Engineering Mechanics", Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 3. Beer F.P & Johnston E.R Jr. Vector, "Mechanics for Engineers", TMH, 2004.
- 4. Hibbeler R.C & Ashok Gupta, "Engineering Mechanics", Pearson Education, 2010.
- 5. Tayal A.K., "Engineering Mechanics Statics & Dynamics", Umesh Publications, 2011.
- 6. Basudeb Bhattacharyya, "Engineering Mechanics", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 7. Meriam. J. L., "Engineering Mechanics", Volume-II Dynamics, John Wiley & Sons, 2008.

## PH1105BS: ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB

## B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

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## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Melde's experiment: To determine the frequency of a vibrating bar or turning fork using Melde's arrangement.
- 2. Torsional pendulum: To determine the rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using torsional pendulum. .
- 3. Newton's rings: To determine the radius of curvature of the lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 4. Diffraction grating: To determine the number of lines per inch of the grating.
- 5. Dispersive power: To determine the dispersive power of prism by using spectrometer.
- 6. Coupled Oscillator: To determine the spring constant by single coupled oscillator.
- 7. LCR Circuit: To determine quality factor and resonant frequency of LCR circuit.
- 8. LASER: To study the characteristics of LASER sources.
- 9. Optical fibre: To determine the bending losses of Optical fibres.
- 10. Optical fibre: To determine the Numerical aperture of a given fibre.

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed

## CS1106ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

## B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

LTPC

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[Note: The programs may be executed using any available Open Source/ Freely available IDESome of the Tools available are:

CodeLite: https://codelite.org/ Code::Blocks:

http://www.codeblocks.org/

DevCpp: http://www.bloodshed.net/devcpp.html

Eclipse: http://www.eclipse.org

This list is not exhaustive and is NOT in any order of preference]

## **Course Objectives:** The students will learn the following:

- To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- To analyze the various steps in program development.
- To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in Clike operators, control statements etc.
- To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- To Write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocation concept.
- To create, read from and write to text and binary files

## **Course Outcomes:** The candidate is expected to be able to:

- formulate the algorithms for simple problems
- translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- identify and correct logical errors encountered during execution
- represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
- use pointers of different types
- create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files

• modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

## **Practice sessions:**

- a. Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/ post increment , bitwise and/or/not , etc.). Read required operand values from standard input.
- b. Write a simple program that converts one given data type to another using auto conversion and casting. Take the values form standard input.

## Simple numeric problems:

- a. Write a program for fiend the max and min from the three numbers.
- b. Write the program for the simple, compound interest.
- c. Write program that declares Class awarded for a given percentage of marks, where mark <40% = Failed, 40% to <60% = Second class, 60% to <70% = First class, >= 70% = Distinction. Read percentage from standard input.
- d. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows in the table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output should be:
- e.  $5 \times 1 = 5$
- f.  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- g.  $5 \times 3 = 15$
- h. Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255.

## **Expression Evaluation:**

- a. A building has 10 floors with a floor height of 3 meters each. A ball is dropped from the top of the building. Find the time taken by the ball to reach each floor. (Use the formula s = ut+(1/2)at^2 where u and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec^2 (= 9.8 m/s^2)).
- b. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,\*, /, % and use Switch Statement)
- c. Write a program that finds if a given number is a prime number
- d. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number is palindrome.
- e. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequenceare 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

- f. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
- g. Write a C program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.
- h. Write a C program to calculate the following, where x is a fractional value.i.  $1-x/2+x^2/4-x^3/6$
- j. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:  $1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n$ . For example: if n is 3 and x is
- 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

# **Arrays and Pointers and Functions:**

- a. Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.
- b. Write a functions to compute mean, variance, Standard Deviation, sorting of nelements in single dimension array.
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
- d. Addition of Two Matrices
- e. ii. Multiplication of Two Matrices
- f. iii. Transpose of a matrix with memory dynamically allocated for the new matrix asrow and column counts may not be same.
- g. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions
- h. To find the factorial of a given integer.
- i. ii. To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
- j. iii. To find x^n
- k. Write a program for reading elements using pointer into array and display the values using array.
- 1. Write a program for display values reverse order from array using pointer.
- m. Write a program through pointer variable to sum of n elements from array.

#### Files:

- a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file to standard output device.
- b. Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters with their uppercase equivalents.
- c. Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command line arguments.

d. Write a C program that does the following:

It should first create a binary file and store 10 integers, where the file name and 10 values are given in the command line. (hint: convert the strings using atoi function) Now the program asks for an index and a value from the user and the value at that index should be changed to the new value in the file. (hint: use fseek function)

The program should then read all 10 values and print them back.

e. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the firs t file followed by those of the second are put in the third file).

## **Strings:**

- a. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral ranging from I to L to its decimal equivalent.
- b. Write a C program that converts a number ranging from 1 to 50 to Roman equivalent
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- d. To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
- e. ii. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- f. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in both directions with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba, etc.)
- g. Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or -1 if S doesn't contain ch.
- h. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

#### Miscellaneous:

- a. Write a menu driven C program that allows a user to enter n numbers and then choose between finding the smallest, largest, sum, or average. The menu and all the choices are to be functions. Use a switch statement to determine what action to take. Displayan error message if an invalid choice is entered.
- b. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers as follows:

1	*	1	1	*
1 2	* *	2 3	2 2	* *
123	* * *	4 5 6	3 3 3	* * *
			4 4 4 4	* *
				*

#### **Sorting and Searching:**

a. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given

- b. list of integers using linear search method.
- c. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given
- d. sorted list of integers using binary search method.
- e. Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given list of
- f. integers in ascending order.
- g. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- h. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort inascending order
- i. Write a C program that sorts a given array of names

## **Suggested Reference Books for solving the problems:**

- i. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
  - ii. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, CengageLearning, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)
  - iii. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
  - iv. Hall of India
  - v. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
  - vi. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
  - vii. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition

# MC1001ES\*: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (MANDATORY COURSE)

#### B. Tech. I Year I Sem

LTPC 3000

## **Course Objectives:**

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

#### **Course Outcomes:**

• Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development

#### **UNIT-I**

**Ecosystems:** Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnifications, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

#### UNIT-II

**Natural Resources:** Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies

#### **UNIT-III**

**Biodiversity And Biotic Resources:** Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

## **UNIT-IV**

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil.

**Noise Pollution:** Sources and Health hazards, standards, **Solid waste:** Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. **Pollution control technologies:** Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary.

Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-GoI Initiatives.

#### **UNIT-V**

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act-1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan (EMP). Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
- 5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

## MA1201BS: ADVANCED CALCULUS

#### B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

LTPC 3104

## Course Objectives: To learn

- Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications
- The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions
- The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals

## **Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes, center of mass and Gravity for cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepiped
- Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another

## **UNIT-I: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations**

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations; Applications: Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay; Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, Applications: LR circuit problems.

## **UNIT-II: Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order**

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type  $e^{ax}$ , sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x,  $e^{ax}V(x)$  and xV(x); method of variation of parameters, Applications: LCR circuit problems.

## **UNIT-III:** Multivariable Calculus (Integration)

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian coordinates); change of order of Integration (only Cartesian form); Evaluation of triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and (Cartesian to Spherical And Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals. Applications: Areas (double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

## **UNIT-IV: Vector Differentiation**

Vector point functions and scalar point functions. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and normal line. Vectors Identities. Scalar potential functions. Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

#### **UNIT-V: Vector Integration**

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Theorems of Greens, Gauss and Stokes (without proofs) and their applications.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thEdition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes
- 2. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India,

## **CH1202BS: CHEMISTRY**

#### **B.Tech I YEAR II SEM**

LTPC 3104

## Course objectives:

- To impart the basic knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic modifications which makes the student to understand the technology based on them.
- To develop specialized knowledge in the analysis of water and waste water which are essential for the engineers and in industry.
- Learn about the fundamentals of electrode reactions and electrochemical cells
- To provide an understanding of the corrosion principles and engineering methods used to minimize and prevent corrosion.
- To familiarize students about the characteristics and applications of different polymers and engineering materials in every day life.
- To acquire the skills pertaining to spectroscopy and to apply them for medical and other fields.

## **Course outcomes:**

- The knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic changes, band theory related to conductivity.
- Apply knowledge and understanding of water treatment process to real world problems.
- Interpret the knowledge of electrochemical phenomenon involved in developing batteries and understanding fuel cells fundamentals.
- Ability to determine appropriate method of protection against corrosion for a metal based on its applications in different fields.
- Classify and characterize different polymers engineering materials and apply its knowledge to select suitable materials for specific applications.
- The required skills to get clear concepts on basic spectroscopy and applications to medical and other fields.

## **UNIT - I:**

## **Molecular structure and Theories of Bonding:**

Atomic and molecular orbitals. Linear combination of atomic orbitals (LCAO), molecular orbitals of diatomic orbitals, molecular orbital energy level diagrams for N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> and F<sub>2</sub> molecules.

Crystal field theory (CFT): Salient features of CFT- Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion dorbitals in Tetrahedral, Octahedral and Square planar geometries. Band structure of solids and effect of doping on conductance.

**UNIT-II** 

Water and its treatment: Introduction – hardness of water – causes of hardness – types of hardness:

temporary and permanent -expression and units of hardness. Numerical problems. Disadvantages of

hard water.

Boiler troubles: Scales and Sludges, caustic embrittlement, boiler corrosion, Softening of water by internal treatment of Boiler feed water and ion- exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Sewage water treatment. Potable water treatment - Disinfection of potable water by

chlorination and Ozonization.

**UNIT-III** 

**Electrochemistry, Batteries and Corrosion:** 

Electrochemistry: Electrochemical cells- Electrode, electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes- Calomel and glass electrodes. Nernst equation, electrochemical series and its

applications.

Batteries: Cell and battery - Primary (Lithium cell) and secondary batteries (Lead - acid storage

battery, Lithium ion battery, advantages and applications of solid state battery)

Fuel cells: Hydrogen-oxygen, solid polymer electrolytic fuel cell, Bio chemical fuel cells-----

Advantages and Applications.

Corrosion and its control - Concept of corrosion, Types of corrosion,

mechanism of Chemical & Electro chemical corrosion. Types of electro chemical corrosion

(Galvanic corrosion, Pitting, Water line corrosion, stress corrosion). Factors affecting corrosion.

Corrosion control methods -Principle of cathodic protection- Sacrificial Anodic Protection (SAP),

Impressed Current Cathodic Protection (ICCP).

Protective coatings: Metallic coatings- Hot dipping, metal cladding, cementation, electroplating of

copper, electro less plating of nickel, paints.

**UNIT-IV** 

**Engineering materials:** 

**Ceramics:** Properties & types of ceramics. Engineering applications of ceramics

Polymers: Defnition, classification, properties of polymers. Plastics-Compounding of plastics,

Engineering applications of plastics (PVC, Teflon, Bakelite), Fibres - Applications of Nylon 6. FRP-

Types, advantages and applications. Natural rubber and its vulcanization. Elastomers- Applications.

Conducting polymers and its applications-Mechanism of conduction and doping in poly acetylene.

Applications of bio degradable polymers.

**Composites:** Classification, Constituents, advantages, applications.

**Lubricants:** Classification, properties and mechanism of lubrication.

## **UNIT-V**

# **Spectroscopic techniques and applications:**

Principles of Spectroscopy, Selection rules and applications of electronic spectroscopy. Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy. Basic concepts of Nuclear Magnetic resonance spectroscopy, Chemical shift. Introduction to Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

## **Suggested Text Books:**

- 1. Physical Chemistry, by P.W. Atkins
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain & M.Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N. Banwell
- 4. University Chemistry, by B.M. Mahan, Pearson IV Edition.
- 5. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B.L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S. Krishnan
- 6. R. V. E. Gadag & A. Nityananda Shetty, Engineering Chemistry, I K International Publishing House Private Limited, New Delhi, 2015 Edition

#### **ME1203ES: ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**

#### B. Tech. I Year II Sem.

LTPC 104 3

## **Course objectives:**

- 1. To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing.
- 2. To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects.
- 3. To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids.

## **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Preparing working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- 2. Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

## UNIT – I

Introduction to Engineering Drawing: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Scales – Plain & Diagonal.

#### UNIT-II

Orthographic Projections: Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. Auxiliary Planes.

## UNIT - III

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views - Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere

## UNIT-IV

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone, Intersection of Solids: Intersection of – Prism vs Prism- Cylinder Vs Cylinder

#### UNIT - V

Isometric Projections: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions

## **Introduction to CAD:** (For Internal Evaluation Weightage only):

Introduction to CAD Software Package Commands. - Free Hand Sketches of 2D- Creation of 2D Sketches by CAD Package

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar

Engineering Drawing / N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali/Oxford

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

Engineering Drawing / Basant Agrawal and McAgrawal/ McGraw Hill

Engineering Drawing/ M. B. Shah, B.C. Rane / Pearson.

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing – K Balaveera Reddy et al – CBS Publishers

B.Tech. I Year II SEM

LTPC 2002

**INTRODUCTION** In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire language skills, the syllabus of English has been designed to develop linguistic, communicative and critical thinking competencies of Engineering students. In English classes, the focus should be on the skills development in the areas of vocabulary, grammar, reading and writing. For this, the teachers should use the prescribed text for detailed study. The students should be encouraged to read the texts leading to reading comprehension and different passages may be given for practice in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each excerpt, and also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind, for example, newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc. *The focus in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills in various contexts and cultures*.

**Learning Objectives:** The course will help to a. Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills. b. Equip students to study academic subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of English syllabus. c. Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

Course Outcomes: Students should be able to

- 1. Use English Language effectively in spoken and written forms.
- 2. Comprehend the given texts and respond appropriately.
- 3. Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures.
- 4. Acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.

## **SYLLABUS**

UNIT –I 'The Raman Effect' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press. Vocabulary Building: The Concept of Word Formation -- The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes.

**Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

**Reading:** Reading and Its Importance-Techniques for Effective Reading.

**Basic Writing Skills:** Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences- Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for writing precisely – **Paragraph writing** – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

# UNIT -II 'Ancient Architecture in India' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary:** Synonyms and Antonyms.

**Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.

**Reading:** Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension **Writing:** Format of a Formal Letter-

**Writing Formal Letters** E.g.., Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Job Application with Resume.

UNIT –III 'Blue Jeans' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary**: Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages in English to form Derivatives-Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

**Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses. **Reading:** Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning

**Writing**: Nature and Style of Sensible Writing- **Defining- Describing** Objects, Places and Events – **Classifying**- Providing Examples or Evidence

UNIT –IV 'KING LEAR 'a tragedy story by William Shakespeare, play synopsis of Act 1 & 2 published by Bloom, Harold. "King Lear." Shakespeare: The Invention of the Human. New York: Riverhead, 1998.

**Vocabulary:** Standard Abbreviations in English Grammar: Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

**Reading: Comprehension-** Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading

Writing: Writing Practices--Writing Introduction and Conclusion - Essay Writing-Précis Writing.

UNIT –V 'How a Chinese Billionaire Built Her Fortune' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary**: Technical Vocabulary and their usage

**Grammar:** Common Errors in English

**Reading:** Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

Writing: Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports

Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing aReport.

#### Textbook:

- 1. Sudarshana, N.P. and Savitha, C. (2018). English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Nahum Tate's 1681 Adaption of King Lear

#### **References:**

- 1. Swan, M. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Kumar, S and Lata, P.(2018). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Zinsser, William. (2001). On Writing Well. Harper Resource Book.
- 5. Hamp-Lyons, L. (2006). Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts I –III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

## **CH1205BS: CHEMISTRY LAB**

#### B.Tech. I Year II Sem

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

**Course Objectives:** The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry required for engineering student. The student will learn:

- Estimation of hardness and chloride content in water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as an function of time.
- The measurement of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- To synthesize the drug molecules and check the purity of organic molecules by thin layer chromatographic (TLC) technique.

## **Course Outcomes:** The experiments will make the student gain skills on:

- Determination of parameters like hardness and chloride content in water.
- Estimation of rate constant of a reaction from concentration time relationships.
- Determination of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- Calculation of Rf values of some organic molecules by TLC technique.

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Determination of total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry
- 3. Estimation of an HCl by Conductometric titrations
- 4. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conductometric titrations
- 5. Estimation of HCl by Potentiometric titrations
- 6. Estimation of Fe2+ by Potentiometry using KMnO4
- 7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of methyl acetate
- 8. Synthesis of Aspirin and Paracetamol
- 9. Thin layer chromatography calculation of Rf values. eg ortho and para nitro phenols
- 10. Determination of acid value of coconut oil
- 11. Verification of freundlich adsorption isotherm-adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal
- 12. Determination of viscosity of castor oil and ground nut oil by using Ostwald's viscometer.
- 13. Determination of partition coefficient of acetic acid between n-butanol and water.
- 14. Determination of surface tension of a give liquid using stalagmometer.

#### References

- 1. Senior practical physical chemistry, B.D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co., Delhi)
- 2. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D. S. Sharma (Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)
- 3. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
- 4. Text book on Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry S.S. Dara

#### **ME1206ES: ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**

#### B. Tech. I Year II Sem.

LTPC

103 2.5

## **Course Objectives:**

- To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipment and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipmentand machines.
- To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work toprescribed tolerances.

#### **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including pluming, fitting, carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

#### 1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:

## At least two exercises from each trade:

- I. Carpentry (T-Lap Joint, Dovetail Joint, Mortise & Tenon Joint)
- II. Fitting (V-Fit, Dovetail Fit & Semi-circular fit)
- III. Tin-Smithy (Square Tin, Rectangular Tray & Conical Funnel)
- IV. Foundry (Preparation of Green Sand Mould using Single Piece and Split Pattern)

- V. Welding Practice (Arc Welding & Gas Welding)
- VI. House-wiring (Parallel & Series, Two-way Switch and Tube Light)
- VII. Black Smithy (Round to Square, Fan Hook and S-Hook)

## 2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION & EXPOSURE:

Plumbing, Machine Shop, Metal Cutting (Water Plasma), Power tools in construction and WoodWorking

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja / Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal / Anuradha.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Work shop Manual P. Kannaiah/ K. L. Narayana/ SciTech
- 2. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/ BSP

#### EN1207HS: ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

#### B. Tech. I Year II SEM

LTPC

0021

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

## **Course Objectives:**

To facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning

To sensitize students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm

To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by
providing an opportunity for practice in speaking

To improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mother tongue influence To train students to use language appropriately for public speaking and interviews

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to attain

Better understanding of nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities.

Neutralization of accent for intelligibility.

Speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability skills

## **Syllabus**

English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

## **Listening Skills**

**Objectives** 

- 1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
- 2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

## **Speaking Skills**

Objectives

- 1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts
- 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts
  - Oral practice: Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions
  - Describing objects/situations/people
  - Role play Individual/Group activities

The following course content is prescribed for the English Language and Communication Skills Lab based on Unit-6 of AICTE Model Curriculum 2018 for B.Tech First English. As the syllabus is very limited, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials by the teachers collectively in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning and timesaving in the Lab)

#### Exercise - I

**CALL Lab**: *Understand*: Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening. *Practice*: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants.

**ICS Lab**: *Understand*: Communication at Work Place- Spoken vs. Written language. *Practice*: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking Leave – Introducing Oneself and Others.

## Exercise – II

**CALL Lab**: *Understand:* Structure of Syllables – Word Stress and Rhythm– Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context. *Practice:* Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

ICS Lab: *Understand:* Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication. *Practice:* Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Making Requests and Seeking Permissions - Telephone Etiquette.

**Exercise - III** 

**CALL Lab:** *Understand:* Intonation-Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI).

*Practice:* Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and American Pronunciation.

**ICS Lab**: *Understand*: How to make Formal Presentations. *Practice*: Formal Presentations.

Exercise - IV

**CALL Lab**: *Understand*: Listening for General Details. *Practice*: Listening Comprehension Tests.

ICS Lab: *Understand:* Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks. *Practice:* Making a Short Speech – Extempore.

Exercise - V

**CALL Lab:** *Understand:* Listening for Specific Details. *Practice:* Listening Comprehension Tests.

ICS Lab: Understand: Interview Skills. Practice: Mock Interviews.

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# **Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:**

1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:

**The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab** has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.

**System Requirement (Hardware component):** Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the following specifications:

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones
- 2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab:

The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audiovisual aids with a Public-Address System, a LCD and a projector etc

### **CE2101PC: SURVEYING AND GEOMATICS**

#### B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/03

# Course Objectives: The object of the course student should have the capability to:

- Know the principle and methods of surveying.
- Measure horizontal and vertical- distances and angles
- Recording of observation accurately
- Perform calculations based on the observation
- Identification of source of errors and rectification methods
- Apply surveying principles to determine areas and volumes and setting out curves
- Use modern surveying equipment's for accurate results

# **Course Outcomes: Course will enable the student to:**

- Apply the knowledge to calculate angles, distances and levels
- Identify data collection methods and prepare field notes
- Understand the working principles of survey instruments, measurement errors and corrective measures
- Interpret survey data and compute areas and volumes, levels by different type of Equipment and relate the knowledge to the modern equipment and Methodologies

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction and Basic Concepts:** Introduction, Objectives, classification and principles of Surveying, Scales, Shrinkage of Map, Conventional symbols and Code of Signals, Surveying Accessories, phases of surveying.

### **Measurement of Distances and Directions**

**Linear distances-** Approximate methods, Direct Methods- Chains- Tapes, ranging, Tape corrections.

**Prismatic Compass**- Bearings, included angles, Local Attraction, Magnetic Declination and dip.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Leveling-** Types of levels and levelling staves, temporary adjustments, methods of levelling, booking and Determination of levels, Effect of Curvature of Earth and Refraction.

**Contouring-** Characteristics and uses of Contours, methods of contour surveying.

**Areas -** Determination of areas consisting of irregular boundary and regular boundary.

**Volumes -** Determination of volume of earth work in cutting and embankments for level section, volume of borrow pits, capacity of reservoirs.

#### UNIT - III

**Theodolite Surveying:** Types of Theodolites, Fundamental Lines, temporary adjustments, measurement of horizontal angle by repetition method and reiteration method, measurement of vertical Angle, Trigonometrical levelling when base is accessible and inaccessible.

**Traversing:** Methods of traversing, traverse computations and adjustments, Omitted measurements.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Curves:** Types of curves and their necessity, elements of simple, compound, reverse, transition and vertical curves.

**Tacheometric Surveying:** Principles of Tacheometry, stadia and tangential methods of Tacheometry,

# UNIT - V

**Modern Surveying Methods**: Principle and types of E.D.M. Instruments, Total station-advantages and Applications. Field Procedure for total station survey, Errors in Total Station Survey, Global Positioning System- Principle and Applications.

# **Photogrammetry Surveying:**

Introduction, Basic concepts, perspective geometry of aerial photograph, relief and tilt displacements, terrestrial photogrammetry, flight planning;

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Chandra A M, "Plane Surveying and higher surveying", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Duggal S K, "Surveying (Vol 1 & 2), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Arthur R Benton and Philip J Taety, Elements of Plane Surveying, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Surveying and levelling by R. Subramanian, Oxford university press, New Delhi
- 3. Arora K R "Surveying Vol 1, 2 & 3), Standard Book House, Delhi.
- 4. Surveying (Vol 1, 2 & 3), by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain LaxmiPublications (P) ltd., New Delhi.

### **CE2102PC: STRENGTH OF MATERIALS – I**

#### B. Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 1/0/04

**Pre-Requisites**: Engineer Mechanics

**Course Objectives:** The objective of this Course is

- To understand the nature of stresses developed in simple geometries such as bars, cantilevers and beams for various types of simple loads
- To calculate the elastic deformation occurring in simple members for different types of loading.
- To show the plane stress transformation with a particular coordinate system for different orientation of the plane.
- To know different failure theories adopted in designing of structural members

**Course Outcome**: On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the concepts and principles, understand the theory of elasticity including Strain/displacement and Hooke's law relationships; and perform calculations, related to the strength of structured and mechanical components.
- Recognize various types loads applied on structural components of simple framing geometries and understand the nature of internal stresses that will develop within the Components.
- To evaluate the strains and deformation that will result due to the elastic stresses developed within the materials for simple types of loading.
- Analyze various situations involving structural members subjected to plane stresses by application of Mohr's circle of stress;
- Frame an idea to design a system, component, or process.

### UNIT – I

## SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS:

Concept of stress and strain- St. Venant's Principle-Stress and Strain Diagram - Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains- Hooke's law – stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Pure shearand Complementary shear - Elastic modulii, Elastic constants and the relationship between them ,Bars of varying section – composite bars – Temperature stresses .

**STRAIN ENERGY** – Resilience – Gradual, sudden, and impact loadings – simple applications.

#### UNIT – II

# SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT:

Types of beams – Concept of shear force and bending moment – S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported including overhanging beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed load, uniformly varying load, couple and combination of these loads – Point of contra flexure – Relation between S.F., B.M and rate of loading at a section of a beam.

#### UNIT - III

#### **FLEXURAL STRESSES:**

Theory of simple bending – Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation- Section Modulus Determination of flexural/bending stresses of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I,T, Angle and Channel sections – Design of simple beam sections.

### **SHEAR STRESSES:**

Derivation of formula for shear stress distribution – Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T angle and channel sections.

# UNIT - IV

#### **DEFLECTION OF BEAMS:**

Slope, deflection and radius of curvature – Differential equation for the elastic line of a beam – Double integration and Macaulay's methods – Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads, U.D.L, Uniformly varying load and couple -Mohr's theorems – Moment area method – Application to simple cases.

**CONJUGATE BEAM METHOD:** Introduction – Concept of conjugate beam method – Difference between a real beam and a conjugate beam - Deflections of determinate beams with constant and different moments of inertia.

#### UNIT - V

### PRINCIPAL STRESSES:

Introduction – Stresses on an oblique plane of a bar under axial loading – compound stresses – Normal and tangential stresses on an inclined plane for biaxial stresses – Two perpendicular normal stresses accompanied by a state of simple shear –Principal stresses – Mohr's circle of stresses – ellipse of stress - Analytical and graphical solutions.

**THEORIES OF FAILURE**: Introduction – Various theories of failure - Maximum Principal Stress Theory, Maximum Principal Strain Theory, Maximum shear stress theory- Strain Energy and Shear Strain Energy Theory (Von Mises Theory).

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Strength of Materials by R. K Rajput, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2. Mechanics of Materials by Dr. B.C Punmia, Dr. Ashok Kumar Jain and Dr. Arun Kumar Jain
- 3. Strength of Materials by R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Mechanics of material by R.C. Hibbeler, Prentice Hall publications
- 2. Engineering Mechanics of Solids by Egor P. Popov, Prentice Hall publications
- 3. Strength of Materials by T.D.Gunneswara Rao and M.Andal, Cambridge Publishers
- 4. Strength of Materials by R.K. Bansal, Lakshmi Publications House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Strength of Materials by B.S.Basavarajaiah and P. Mahadevappa, 3rd Edition, Universities Presss

#### **CE2104PC: FLUID MECHANICS**

#### B. Tech. II Year I Sem.

3 1/0/ 0 4

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Introduce the concepts of fluid mechanics useful in Civil Engineering applications
- Provide a first level exposure to the students to fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics.
- Learn about the application of mass, energy and momentum conservation laws for fluid flows
- Train and analyze engineering problems involving fluids with a mechanistic perspective is essential for the civil engineering students
- To obtain the velocity and pressure variations in various types of simple flows
- To prepare a student to build a good fundamental background useful in the Application intensive courses covering hydraulics, hydraulic machinery and hydrology

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

- Understand the broad principles of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics
- Understand definitions of the basic terms used in fluid mechanics and characteristics of fluids and its flow
- Understand classifications of fluid flow
- Be able to apply the continuity, momentum and energy principles

### UNIT – I

**Properties of Fluid:** Distinction between a fluid and a solid; Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, Kinematic and dynamic viscosity; variation of viscosity with temperature, Newton law of viscosity; vapour pressure, boiling point, cavitation; surface tension, capillarity, Bulk modulus of elasticity, compressibility.

**Fluid Statics:** Fluid Pressure- Pressure at a point, Pascals law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Piezometer, U-Tube Manometer, Single Column Manometer, U-Tube Differential Manometer, Micromanometers. pressure gauges. Hydrostatic pressure and force: horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces. Buoyancy and stability of floating bodies.

### **UNIT-II**

**Fluid Kinematics:** Classification of fluid flow: steady and unsteady flow; uniform and non-uniform flow; laminar and turbulent flow; rotational and irrotational flow; compressible and incompressible flow; ideal and realfluid flow; one, two- and three-dimensional flows; Stream line, path line, streak line and stream tube; stream function, velocity potential function. One, two- and three-dimensional continuity equations in Cartesian coordinates.

L T/P/D C

**Fluid Dynamics:** Surface and Body forces -Euler's and Bernoulli's equation; Energy correction factor; Momentum equation. Vortex flow – Free and Forced. Bernolli's equation to real fluid flows.

#### **UNIT-III**

**Flow Measurement in Pipes:** Practical applications of Bernoulli's equation: venturimeter, orifice meter and pitot tube; Momentumprinciple; Forces exerted by fluid flow on pipe bend.

**Flow Over Notches & Weirs:** Flow through rectangular; triangular and trapezoidal notches and weirs; End contractions; Velocity of approach. Broad crested weir.

# UNIT - IV

**Flow through Pipes:** Reynolds experiment, Reynolds number, Loss of head through pipes, Darcy-Wies batch equation, minor losses, total energy line, hydraulic grade line, Pipes in series, equivalent pipes, pipes in parallel, siphon, branching of pipes, three reservoir problem, power transmission through pipes. Analysis of pipe networks: Hardy Cross method, water hammer in pipes and control measures.

#### **UNIT - V**

Laminar & Turbulent Flow: Laminar flow through: circular pipes, annulus and parallel plates.

**Boundary Layer Concepts:** Boundary Layer Analysis-Assumption and concept of boundary layer theory. Boundary-layer thickness, displacement, momentum & energy thickness, laminar and Turbulent boundary layers on aflat plate; Laminar sub-layer, smooth and rough boundaries. Local and average friction coefficients. Separation and Control. Definition of Drag and Lift and types drag, magnus effect.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fluid Mechanics by Modi and Seth, Standard Book House.
- 2. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic machines by Manish Kumar Goyal, PHI learning Private Limited, 2015.
- 3. Fluid Mechanics by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines by SK Som, Gautam Biswas, Suman Chakraborthy, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
- 3. Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, C.S.P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P. N. Chadramouli, Oxford University Press, 2010
- 4. Fluid mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, Domkundwar & Domkundwar Dhanpat Rai &Co
- 5. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, R. K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication Pvt Ltd.

### CE2105ES: BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

# Course Objectives:

- To introduce the concepts of electrical circuits and its components
- To understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phase circuits
- To study and understand the different types of DC/AC machines and Transformers.
- To import the knowledge of various electrical installations.
- To introduce the concept of power, power factor and its improvement.
- To introduce the concepts of diodes & transistors, and
- To impart the knowledge of various configurations, characteristics and applications.

#### Course Outcomes:

- To analyze and solve electrical circuits using network laws and theorems.
- To understand and analyze basic Electric and Magnetic circuits
- To study the working principles of Electrical Machines
- To introduce components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations
- To identify and characterize diodes and various types of transistors.

# **UNIT - I: D.C. CIRCUITS**

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation.

#### A.C. CIRCUITS

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits, Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

# **UNIT - II:**

#### ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

### **UNIT - III:**

# **ELECTRICAL MACHINES**

Working principle of Single-phase transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, efficiency, Three-phase transformer connections. Construction and working principle of DC generators, EMF equation, working principle of DC motors, Torque equations and Speed control of DC motors, Construction and working principle of Three-phase Induction motor, Torques equations and Speed control of Three-phase induction motor. Construction and working principle of synchronous generators.

#### **UNIT - IV:**

P-N JUNCTION AND ZENER DIODE: PN materials Principle of Operation Diode equation, Volt-Ampere characteristics, Temperature dependence, Ideal versus practical, Static and dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Zener diode characteristics and applications.

RECTIFIERS AND FILTERS: P-N junction as a rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier, Ripple Factor - Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in Rectifier Circuits, Filters – Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L- section Filters,  $\pi$ - section Filters

### UNIT - V:

BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR (BJT): Construction, Principle of Operation, Amplifying Action, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector configurations, Comparison of CE, CB and CC configurations. FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR (FET): Construction, Principle of Operation, Comparison of BJT and FET, Biasing FET.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Basic Electrical and electronics Engineering –M S Sukija TK Nagasarkar Oxford University
- 2. Basic Electrical and electronics Engineering-D P Kothari. I J Nagarath, McGraw Hill Education REFERENCES:
- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits R. L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, PEI/PHI, 9th Ed, 2006.
- 2. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits J. Millman and C. C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit, TMH, 2/e. 1998.
- 3. Engineering circuit analysis- by William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, McGraw Hill Company, 6th edition.
- 4. Linear circuit analysis (time domain phasor and Laplace transform approaches) 2nd edition by Raymond A. De Carlo and Pen-Min-Lin, Oxford University Press-2004.
- 5. Network Theory by N. C. Jagan& C. Lakshminarayana, B.S. Publications.
- 6. Network Theory by Sudhakar, Shyam Mohan Palli, TMH.
- 7. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 201

#### **CE2106PC: SURVEYING LAB**

### B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/3/0 1.5

**Pre-Requisites**: Surveying Theory

# **Course Objectives:**

- To impart the practical knowledge in the field- measuring distances, directions, angles,
- To determining R.L.'s areas and volumes
- To set out Curves
- To stake out points
- To traverse the area
- To draw Plans and Maps

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Apply the principle of surveying for civil Engineering Applications
- Calculation of areas, Drawing plans and contour maps using different measuring at field level
- Write a technical laboratory report

# **List of Experiments**

- 1. Surveying of an area by chain, and compass survey (closed traverse) & plotting.
- 2. Determine of distance between two inaccessible points with compass
- 3. Radiation method, intersection methods by plane table survey.
- 4. Levelling Longitudinal and cross-section and plotting
- 5. Measurement of Horizontal and vertical angle by theodolite
- 6. Trigonometric leveling using theodolite
- 7. Height and distances using principles of tachometric surveying
- 8. Determination of height, remote elevation, distance between inaccessible points using total station
- 9. Determination of Area using total station and drawing map
- 10. Traversing using total station for drawing contour map
- 11. Stake out using total station
- 12. Setting out Curve using total station

### **CE2107PC: STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB**

### B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/3/0 1.5

# **Course Objectives:**

- Make measurements of different strains, stress and elastic properties of materials used in Civil Engineering.
- Provide physical observations to complement concepts learnt
- Introduce experimental procedures and common measurement instruments, equipment, devices.
- Exposure to a variety of established material testing procedures and techniques
- Different methods of evaluation and inferences drawn from observations

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Configure & Operate a data acquisition system using various testing machines of solid materials
- Compute and Analyze engineering values (e.g. stress or strain) from laboratory measurements.
- Write a technical laboratory report

# .List of Experiments:

- 1. Tension test
- 2. Bending test on (Steel / Wood) Cantilever beam.
- 3. Bending test on simple support beam.
- 4. Torsion test
- 5. Hardness test
- 6. Spring test
- 7. Compression test on wood or concrete
- 8. Impact test
- 9. Shear test
- 10. Verification of Maxwell's Reciprocal theorem on beams.
- 11. Use of electrical resistance strain gauges
- 12. Continuous beam deflection test.

#### EE2108ES: BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

# B. Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/2/0 1

Pre-requisites: Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering

# **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the concepts of electrical circuits and its components
- To understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phase circuits
- To study and understand the different types of DC/AC machines and Transformers.
- To import the knowledge of various electrical installations.
- To introduce the concept of power, power factor and its improvement.
- To introduce the concepts of diodes & transistors, and
- To impart the knowledge of various configurations, characteristics and applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- To analyze and solve electrical circuits using network laws and theorems.
- To understand and analyze basic Electric and Magnetic circuits
- To study the working principles of Electrical Machines
- To introduce components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations
- To identify and characterize diodes and various types of transistors.

# List of experiments/demonstrations:

### **PART A: ELECTRICAL**

- 1. Verification of KVL and KCL
- 2. (i) Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer.
- (ii) Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta star, StarStar) in a Three Phase Transformer.
- 3. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
- 4. Performance Characteristics of a Separately Excited DC Shunt Motor
- 5. Performance Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor
- 6. No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

# **PART B: ELECTRONICS**

- 1. Study and operation of
- (i) Multi-meters (ii) Function Generator (iii) Regulated Power Supplies (iv) CRO.
- 2. PN Junction diode characteristics
- 3. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator
- 4. Input & Output characteristics of Transistor in CB / CE configuration
- 5. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters
- 6. Input and Output characteristics of FET in CS configuration

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Basic Electrical and electronics Engineering –M S Sukija TK Nagasarkar Oxford University
- 2. Basic Electrical and electronics Engineering-D P Kothari. I J Nagarath, McGraw Hill Education

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits R. L. Boylestead and Louis Nashelsky, PEI/PHI, 9th Ed, 2006.
- 2. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits J. Millman and C. C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit, TMH, 2/e, 1998

### MC2001\*: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T P C

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The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India cannot make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368, however, it cannot use this power to change the "basic structure" of the constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of "Constitutionalism" – a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of "liberalism" – an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideology and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted into progressive legal reforms in the form of "constitutionalism" in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including United Kingdom and America.

The Constitution of India is not only a legal document but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India's legacy of "diversity". It has been said that Indian constitution reflects ideals of its freedom movement; however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be "static" and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played an historic role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it "as one of the strongest court in the world".

#### **Course content**

- 1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism
- 2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India
- 3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India
- 4. Scheme of the fundamental rights
- 5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status
- 6. The Directive Principles of State Policy Its importance and implementation
- 7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States

- 8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India The constitution powers and status of the President of India
- 9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure
- 10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India
- 11. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency
- 12. Local Self Government Constitutional Scheme in India
- 13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality
- 14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19
- 15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21

# **CE2201PC: BUILDING MATERIALS, CONSTRUCTION AND PLANNING**

#### B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Course Objectives**: The objectives of the course is to

- List the construction material.
- Explain different construction techniques
- Understand the building bye-laws
- Highlight the smart building materials
- Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course student should be able to
- Define the Basic terminology that is used in the industry
- Categorize different building materials, properties and their uses
- Understand the Prevention of damage measures and good workmanship
- Explain different building services

### UNIT - I

**Stones and Bricks, Tiles**: Building stones – classifications and quarrying – properties – structural requirements – dressing. Bricks – Composition of Brick earth – manufacture and structural requirements, Fly ash, Ceramics. Timber, Aluminum, Glass, Paints and Plastics: Wood - structure – types and properties –seasoning – defects; alternate materials for Timber – GI / fibre – reinforced glass bricks, steel &aluminum, Plastics.

#### UNIT - II

**Cement & Admixtures**: Ingredients of cement – manufacture – Chemical composition – Hydration - field & lab tests. Admixtures – mineral & chemical admixtures – uses.

# **UNIT - III**

**Building Components**: Lintels, Arches, walls, vaults – stair cases – types of floors, types of roofs – flat, curved, trussed; foundations – types; Damp Proof Course; Joinery – doors – windows – materials – types.

**Building Services:** Plumbing Services: Water Distribution, Sanitary – Lines & Fittings; Ventilations: Functional requirements systems of ventilations. Air-conditioning - Essentials and Types; Acoustics – characteristic – absorption – Acoustic design; Fire protection – Fire Hazards – Classification of fire resistant materials and constructions.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Mortars, Masonry and Finishing's Mortars**: Lime and Cement Mortars Brick masonry – types – bonds; Stone masonry – types; Composite masonry – Brick-stone composite; Concrete, Reinforced brick.

**Finishers**: Plastering, Pointing, Painting, Claddings – Types – Tiles – ACP.

Form work: Types: Requirements – Standards – Scaffolding – Design; Shoring, Underpinning.

UNIT - V

**Building Planning**: Principles of Building Planning, Classification of buildings and Building by laws.

### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. Building Materials and Construction Arora & Bindra, Dhanpat Roy Publications.
- 2. Building Materials and Construction by G C Sahu, Joygopal Jena McGraw hill Pvt Ltd 2015.
- 3. Building Construction by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Building Materials by Duggal, New Age International.
- 2. Building Materials by P. C. Varghese, PHI.
- 3. Building Construction by PC Varghese PHI.
- 4. Construction Technology Vol I & II by R. Chubby, Longman UK.
- 5. Alternate Building Materials and Technology, Jagadish, Venkatarama Reddy and others; New Age Publications.

### **CE2202PC: ENGINEERING GEOLOGY**

### B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

2 0/0/0 2

**Course Objectives:** The objective of this Course is

- To give the basics knowledge of Geology that is required for constructing various Civil Engineering Structures, basic Geology, Geological Hazardous and Environmental Geology
- To focus on the core activities of engineering geologists site characterization and geologic hazard identification and mitigation. Planning and construction of major Civil Engineering projects

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Site characterization and how to collect, analyze, and report geologic data using standards in engineering practice
- The fundamentals of the engineering properties of Earth materials and fluids.
- Rock mass characterization and the mechanics of planar rock slides and topples

### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Importance of geology from Civil Engineering point of view. Brief study of case histories of failure of some Civil Engineering constructions due to geological draw backs. Importance of Physical geology, Petrology and Structural geology.

**Weathering of Rocks:** Its effect over the properties of rocks importance of weathering with reference to dams, reservoirs and tunnels weathering of common rock like "Granite"

## **UNIT - II**

Mineralogy: Definition of mineral, Importance of study of minerals, Different methods of study of minerals. Advantages of study of minerals by physical properties. Role of study of physical properties of minerals in the identification of minerals. Study of physical properties of following common rock forming minerals: Feldsper, Quartiz, Flint, Jasper, Olivine, Augite, Hornblende, Muscovite, Biotite, Asbestos, Chlorite, Kyanite, Garnet, Talc, Calcite. Study of other common economics minerals such as Pyrite, Hematite, Magnetite, Chrorite, Galena, Pyrolusite, Graphite, Magnesite, and Bauxite.

**Petrology:** Definition of rock: Geological classification of rocks into igneous, Sedimentary and

metamorphic rocks. Dykes and sills, common structures and textures of igneous. Sedimentary and metamorphic rocks. Their distinguishing features, Megascopic and microscopic and microscopic study of Granite, Dolerite, Basalt, Pegmatite, Laerite, Conglomerate, Sand Stone, Shale, Limestone, Gneiss, Schist, Quartzite, Marble and Slate.

### **UNIT - III**

**Structural Geology:** Out crop, strike and dip study of common geological structures associating with the rocks such as folds, faults uncomfornities, and joints - their important types and case studies. Their importance Insitu and drift soils, common types of soils, their origin and occurrence in India, Stabilisation of soils. Ground water, Water table, common types of ground water, springs, cone of depression, geological controls of ground water movement, ground waterexploration.

# **UNIT - IV**

Earth Quakes: Causes and effects, shield areas and seismic belts. Seismic waves, Richter scale,

precautions to be taken for building construction in seismic areas. Landslides, their causes and effect; measures to be taken to prevent their occurrence.

**Importance of Geophysical Studies:** Principles of geophysical study by Gravity methods. Magnetic methods, Electrical methods. Seismic methods, Radio metric methods and geothermal method. Special importance of Electrical resistivity methods, and seismic refraction methods. Improvement of competence of sites by grouting etc. Fundamental aspects of Rock mechanics and Environmental Geology.

#### **UNIT - V**

Geology of Dams, Reservoirs, and Tunnels: Types of dams and bearing of Geology of site in their selection, Geological Considerations in the selection of a dam site. Analysis of dam failuresof the past. Factors contributing to the success of a reservoir. Geological factors influencing water Lightness and life of reservoirs - Purposes of tunneling, Effects of Tunneling on the ground Role of Geological Considerations (i.e. Tithological, structural and ground water) in tunneling over break and lining in tunnels.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Geology by N. Chennakesavulu, McMillan, India Ltd. 2005
- 2. Engineering Methods by D. Venkat Reddy; Vikas Publishers 2015.
- 3. Engineering Geology by S K Duggal, H K Pandey Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt Ltd 2014
- 4. Principles of Engineering Geology by K.V.G.K. Gokhale B.S publications

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. F.G. Bell, Fundamental of Engineering B.S. Publications, 2005.
- 2. Krynine & Judd, Principles of Engineering Geology & Geotechnics, CBS Publishers & Distribution
- 3. Engineering Geology by Subinoy Gangopadhyay, Oxford university press.
- 4. Engineering Geology for Civil Engineers P.C. Varghese PHI

### ME2203ES: BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS

#### B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisites: None

Course Objectives: To familiarize civil engineering students with the

- Basic machine elements,
- Sources of Energy and Power Generation,
- Various manufacturing processes,
- Power transmission elements, material handling equipment.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course Student will able

- To understand the mechanical equipment for the usage at civil engineering systems,
- To familiarize with the general principles and requirement for refrigeration, manufacturing,
- To realize the techniques employed to construct civil engineering systems.

#### **UNIT-I**

**Introduction to engineering materials**-Metals, ceramics, composites-Heat treatment of metals **Machine Elements:** Cams: Types of cams and followers; **Riveted joints**- methods of failure of riveted joints-strength equations-efficiency of riveted joints -eccentrically loaded riveted joints.

## **UNIT-II**

**Power Transmission Elements:** Gears terminology of spur, helical and bevel gears, gear trains. Beltdrives (types). Chain drives.

**Material Handling Equipment:** Introduction to Belt conveyors, cranes, industrial trucks, bull dozers.

### **UNIT-III**

**Energy:** Power Generation External and internal combustion engines(layouts, element/component description, advantages, disadvantages, applications).

**Refrigeration:** Mechanical Refrigeration and types – units of refrigeration – Air Refrigeration system, details and principle of operation –calculation of COP

**Modes and mechanisms of heat transfer** – Basic laws of heat transfer – General discussion about applications of heat transfer.

### **UNIT-IV**

**Manufacturing Processes: Sheet Metal Work:** Introduction – Equipments – Tools and accessories –Various processes (applications, advantages /

disadvantages). **Welding:** Types – Equipments –Techniques employed –welding positions-defects-applications, advantages / disadvantages – Gas cutting – Brazing and soldering. **Casting:** Types, equipments, applications

### **UNIT-V**

**Machine Tools:** Introduction to lathe, drilling machine, milling machine, grinding machine-Operations performed.

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kumar, T., Leenus Jesu Martin and Murali, G., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Suma Publications, Chennai, 2007

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Prabhu, T. J., Jai Ganesh, V. and Jebaraj, S., Basic Mechanical Engineering, SciTechPublications, Chennai, 2000.
- 2. Hajra Choudhary, S.K. and Hajra Choudhary, A. K., Elements of Workshop Technology Vols.I& II, Indian Book Distributing Company Calcutta, 2007.
- 3. Nag, P.K., Power Plant Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. Rattan, S.S., Theory of Machines, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

#### CE2204PC: STRENGTH OF MATERIALS – II

#### B. Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0/3

**Pre-Requisites**: Strength of Materials - I

**Course Objectives:** The objective of this Course is

- To understand the nature of stresses developed in simple geometries shafts, springs, columns &cylindrical and spherical shells for various types of simple loads
- To calculate the stability and elastic deformation occurring in various simple geometries for different types of loading.
- To understand the unsymmetrical bending and shear center importance for equilibrium conditions in a structural member of having different axis of symmetry.

**Course Outcome:** On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the concepts and principles, understand the theory of elasticity, and perform calculations, relative to the strength of structures and mechanical components in particular to torsion and direct compression;
- To evaluate the strains and deformation that will result due to the elastic stresses developed within the materials for simple types of loading
- Analyze strength and stability of structural members subjected to Direct, and Direct and Bending stresses;
- Understand and evaluate the shear center and unsymmetrical bending.
- Frame an idea to design a system, component, or process

#### UNIT – I

**TORSION OF CIRCULAR SHAFTS:** Theory of pure torsion – Derivation of Torsion equation - Assumptions made in the theory of pure torsion – Polar section modulus – Power transmitted by shafts – Combined bending and torsion – Design of shafts according to theories of failure.

**SPRINGS:** Introduction – Types of springs – deflection of close and open coiled helical springs under axial pull and axial couple – springs in series and parallel.

### UNIT - II

**COLUMNS AND STRUTS:** Introduction – Types of columns – Short, medium and long columns – Axially loaded compression members – Crushing load – Euler's theorem for long columns assumptions- derivation of Euler's critical load formulae for various end conditions – Equivalent length of a column – slenderness ratio – Euler's critical stress – Limitations of Euler's theory– Long columns subjected to eccentric loading – Secant formula – Empirical formulae — Rankine – Gordon formula- Straight line formula – Prof. Perry's formula.

**BEAM COLUMNS:** Laterally loaded struts – subjected to uniformly distributed and concentrated loads.

#### **UNIT - III**

**DIRECT AND BENDING STRESSES:** Stresses under the combined action of direct loading and bending moment, core of a section – determination of stresses in the case of retaining walls,

Chimneys and dams – conditions for stability-Overturning and sliding – stresses due to direct loading and bending moment about both axis.

### UNIT - IV

**THIN CYLINDERS:** Thin seamless cylindrical shells – Derivation of formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresses – hoop, longitudinal and Volumetric strains – changes in dia, and volume of thin cylinders – Thin spherical shells.

**THICK CYLINDERS: Introduction** - Lame's theory for thick cylinders – Derivation of Lame's formulae – distribution of hoop and radial stresses across thickness – design of thick cylinders – compound cylinders – Necessary difference of radii for shrinkage.

#### UNIT - V

#### **UNSYMMETRICAL BENDING:**

Introduction – Centroidal principal axes of section – Moments of inertia referred to any set of rectangular axes – Stresses in beams subjected to unsymmetrical bending – Principal axes – Resolution of bending moment into two rectangular axes through the centroid – Location of neutral axis.

**SHEAR CENTRE:** Introduction - Shear centre for symmetrical and unsymmetrical (channel, I, T and L) sections

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Strength of Materials by R.K Rajput, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2. Mechanics of Materials by Dr. B. C Punmia, Dr. Ashok Kumar Jain and Dr. Arun Kumar Jain
- 3. Strength of Materials by R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1) Mechanics of Materials by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson Education
- 2) Engineering Mechanics of Solids by Popov E.P. Prentice-Hall Ltd
- 3) Strength of Materials by T.D.Gunneswara Rao and M.Andal, Cambridge Publishers
- 4) Strength of Materials by R. K. Bansal, Lakshmi Publications House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5) Fundamentals of Solid Mechanics by M. L. Gambhir, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd

### **CE2205PC: HYDRAULICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINERY**

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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**Course Objectives:** The objective of the course is

- To define the fundamental principles of water conveyance in open channels.
- To Discuss and analyze the open channels in uniform and Non-uniform flow conditions.
- To Study the characteristics of hydroelectric power plant and its components.
- To analyze and design of hydraulic machinery and its modeling

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will able to

- Apply their knowledge of fluid mechanics in addressing problems in open channels and hydraulic machinery.
- Understand and solve problems in uniform, gradually and rapidly varied flows in open channel in steady state conditions.
- Apply dimensional analysis and to differentiate the model, prototype and similitude conditions for practical problems.
- Get the knowledge on different hydraulic machinery devices and its principles that will be utilized in hydropower development and for other practical usages

### UNIT - I

**Open Channel Flow – I:** Introduction to Open channel flow-Comparison between open channel flow and pipe flow, Classification of open channels, Classification of open channel flows, Velocity distribution. Uniform flow – Characteristics of uniform flow, Chezy's, Manning's and Bazin formulae for uniform flow – Factors affecting Manning's Roughness Coefficient "n". Most economical sections. Computation of Uniform flow, Normal depth.

**Critical Flow:** Specific energy – critical depth - computation of critical depth – critical, sub critical and super critical flows-Channel transitions.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Open Channel Flow – II:** Non-uniform flow – Gradually Varied Flow - Dynamic equation for G.V.F; Classification of channel bottom slopes – Classification and characteristics of Surface profiles – Computation of water surface profiles by Numerical and Analytical approaches. Direct step method.

**Rapidly varied flow:** Elements and characteristics (Length and Height) of Hydraulic jump in rectangular channel—Types, applications and location of hydraulic jump, Energy dissipation and other uses — Positive and Negative Surges (Theory only).

#### **UNIT - III**

**Dimensional Analysis and Hydraulic Similitude:** Dimensional homogeneity – Rayleigh's method and Buckingham's pi methods – Dimensionless groups. Similitude, Model studies, Types of models. Application of dimensional analysis and model studies to fluid flow problems. Distorted models.

**Basics of Turbo Machinery:** Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes, Jet striking centrally and at tip, Velocity triangles at inlet and outlet, expressions for work done and efficiency – Angular

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Hydraulic Turbines – I:** Elements of a typical Hydropower installation – Heads and efficiencies – Classification of turbines – Pelton wheel – Francis turbine – Kaplan turbine – working, working proportions, velocity diagram, work done and efficiency, hydraulic design. Draft tube – Classification, functions and efficiency.

**Hydraulic Turbines – II:** Governing of turbines – Surge tanks – Unit and specific turbines – Unit speed – Unit quantity – Unit power – Specific speed – Performance characteristics – Geometric similarity – Cavitation. Selection of turbines.

#### UNIT - V

**Centrifugal Pumps:** Pump installation details – classification – work done – Manometric head – minimum starting speed – losses and efficiencies – specific speed. Multistage pumps – pumps in parallel – performance of pumps – characteristic curves – NPSH – Cavitation.

**Hydropower Engineering:** Classification of Hydropower plants – Definition of terms – load factor, utilization factor, capacity factor, estimation of hydropower potential.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fluid Mechanics by Modi and Seth, Standard Book House.
- 2. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic machines by Manish Kumar Goyal, PHI learning Private Limited, 2015
- 3. Fluid mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, Domkundwar & Domkundwar Dhanpat Rai & Co

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Fluid Mechanics by R. C. Hibbeler, Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd

- 2. Fluid Mechanic & Fluid Power Engineering by D. S. Kumar (Kataria & Sons Publications Pvt. Ltd.).
- 3. Open channel flow by V.T. Chow (McGraw Hill Book Company).
- 4. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines by SK Som, Gautam Biswas, Suman Chakraborthy, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
- 5. Hydraulic Machines by Banga & Sharma (Khanna Publishers).

#### CE2206PC: HYDROLOGY & WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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Course Objectives: This course provides

- The description of hydrological cycle and derive various formulas used in estimation of different basic components of surface and Ground water cycle and its components.
- Further it will explain the water requirement for irrigation and connectivity of hydrology to the field requirement.

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the different concepts and terms used in engineering hydrology
- To identify and explain various formulae used in estimation of surface and Ground water hydrology components
- Demonstrate their knowledge to connect hydrology to the field requirement

#### UNIT - I

Introduction: Concepts of Hydrologic cycle, Global Water Budget, Applications in Engineering Sources of data Precipitation Forms of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of precipitation: Recording and non-recording types, rain gauge network: mean precipitation over an area: Arithmetic, Theissen's and Isohyetal methods, Missing Rainfall Data – Estimation, Consistency of Rainfall records, depth area-duration relationships, maximum intensity/depth-duration-frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), rainfall data in India.

#### **UNIT-II**

Abstractions from precipitation evaporation process, evaporimeters, analytical methods of evaporation estimation, reservoir evaporation and methods for its reduction, evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, evapotranspiration equations: Penman and Blaney & Criddle Methods, potential evapotranspiration over India, actual evapotranspiration, interception, depression storage, infiltration, infiltration capacity, measurement of infiltration, modelling infiltration capacity, classification of infiltration capacities, infiltration indices. Runoff Components of Runoff, Factors affecting runoff, Basin yield, SCS-CN method of estimating runoff, Flow duration curves, Mass curve of runoff – Analysis.

#### UNIT - III

Hydrographs Hydrograph –Distribution of Runoff – Hydrograph Analysis Flood Hydrograph – Effective Rainfall – Base Flow- Base Flow Separation - Direct Runoff Hydrograph Unit pulse and Unit step function – Unit Hydrograph, definition, limitations and applications of Unit

hydrograph, derivation of Unit Hydrograph from Direct Runoff Hydrograph and vice versa - Shydrograph, Synthetic Unit Hydrograph.

### **UNIT - IV**

Groundwater Hydrology Occurrence, movement and distribution of groundwater, aquifers – types, Specific Yield, Permeability, Storage coefficient, Transmissibility, Darcy's Law. Well Hydraulics - Steady radial flow into well for confined and unconfined aquifers, Recuperation tests. Well constants. Crop Water Requirements – Water requirement of crops-Crops and crop seasons in India, cropping pattern, duty and delta; Quality of irrigation water; Soil-water relationships, root zone soil infiltration, consumptive use, irrigation requirement, frequency of irrigation; Methods of applying water to the fields: surface, sub-surface, sprinkler and trickle / drip irrigation.

# UNIT - V

Canal Systems: Canal systems, alignment of canals, canal losses, estimation of design discharge. Design of channels- rigid boundary channels, alluvial channels, Regime channels, Kennedy's and Lacey's theory of regime channels. Canal outlets: non-modular, semi-modular and modular outlets. Water logging: causes, effects and remedial measures. Lining of canals-Types of lining-Advantages and disadvantages. Drainage of irrigated lands- necessity, methods.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hydrology by K. Subramanya (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures by Santhosh kumar Garg Khanna publishers
- 3. G L Asawa, Irrigation Engineering, Wiley Eastern

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Elements of Engineering Hydrology by V.P. Singh (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Engineering Hydrology by Jaya Rami Reddy (Laxmi Publications
- 3. Ground water Hydrology by David Keith Todd, John Wiley & Son, New York.
- 4. Elements of Water Resources Engineering by K.N.Duggal and J.P.Soni (New Age
- 5. International)

### **CE2207ES: COMPUTER AIDED CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING**

#### B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Use the AutoCAD commands for drawing 2D & 3D building drawings required for different civil engg applications.
- Plan and draw Civil Engineering Buildings as per aspect and orientation.
- Presenting drawings as per user requirements and preparation of technical report

**Course Objectives:** The objective of this lab is to teach the student usage of Auto cad and basic drawing fundamentals in various civil engineering applications, especially in building drawing.

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Introduction to computer aided drafting and different coordinate system
- 2. Drawing of Regular shapes using Editor mode
- 3. Introduction GUI and drawing of regular shapes using GUI
- 4. Exercise on Draw tools
- 5. Exercise on Modify tools
- 6. Exercise on other tools (Layers, dimensions, texting etc.)
- 7. Drawing of building components like walls, lintels, Doors, and Windows, using CAD software
- 8. Drawing a plan of Building and dimensioning
- 9. Drawing a plan of a residential building using layers
- 10. Developing a 3-D plan from a given 2-D plan
- 11. Developing sections and elevations for given
- a) Single storied buildings b) multi storied buildings
- 12. Auto CAD applications in surveying, mechanics etc.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Computer Aided Design Laboratory by M. N. Sesha Praksh & Dr. G. S. Servesh -Laxmi

# Publications.

2. Engineering Graphics by P. J. Sha – S. Chand & Co.

#### **CE2208PC: ENGINEERING GEOLOGY LAB**

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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0 0/3/0 1

**Pre-Requisites**: Engineering Geology Theory

**Course Objectives:** The objective of this lab is that to provide practical knowledge about physical properties of minerals, rocks, drawing of geological maps, showing faults, uniformities etc.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understands the method and ways of investigations required for Civil Eng. projects
- Identify the various rocks, minerals depending on geological classifications
- Will able to learn to couple geologic expertise with the engineering properties of rock and
- Unconsolidated materials in the characterization of geologic sites for civil work projects and the quantification of processes such as rock slides and settlement.
- Write a technical laboratory report

# **List of Experiments**

- 1. Study of physical properties of minerals.
- 2. Study of different group of minerals.
- 3. Study of Crystal and Crystal system.
- 4. Identification of minerals: Silica group: Quartz, Amethyst, Opal; Feldspar group: Orthoclase, Plagioclase; Cryptocrystalline group: Jasper; Carbonate group: Calcite; Element group: Graphite; Pyroxene group: Talc; Mica group: Muscovite; Amphibole group: Asbestos, Olivine, Hornblende, Magnetite, Hematite, Corundum, Kyanite, Garnet, Galena, Gypsum.
- 5. Identification of rocks (Igneous Petrology): Acidic Igneous rock: Granite and its varieties, Syenite, Rhyolite, Pumice, Obsidian, Scoria, Pegmatite, Volcanic Tuff. Basic rock: Gabbro, Dolerite, Basalt and its varieties, Trachyte.
- 6. Identification of rocks (Sedimentary Petrology): Conglomerate, Breccia, Sandstone and its varieties, Laterite, Limestone and its varieties, Shales and its varieties.
- 7. Identification of rocks (Metamorphic Petrolody): Marble, slate, Gneiss and its varieties, Schist and its varieties. Quartzite, Phyllite.
- 8. Study of topographical features from Geological maps. Identification of symbols in maps.
- 9. Simple structural Geology Problems (Folds, Faults & Unconformities)

# LAB EXAMINATION PATTERN:

- 1. Description and identification of SIX minerals
- 2. Description and identification of Six (including igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks)
- 3. Interpretation of a Geological map along with a geological section.
- 4. Simple strike and Dip problems.
- 5. Microscopic identification of rocks.

# CE2209PC: HYDRAULICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINERY LAB

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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# **Course Objectives**

- To **identify** the behavior of analytical models introduced in lecture to the actual behavior of real fluid flows.
- To **explain** the standard measurement techniques of fluid mechanics and their applications.
- To illustrate the students with the components and working principles of the Hydraulic machines- different types of Turbines, Pumps, and other miscellaneous hydraulics machines.
- To **analyze** the laboratory measurements and to document the results in an appropriate format.

**Course Outcomes:** Students who successfully complete this course will have demonstrated ability to:

- **Describe** the basic measurement techniques of fluid mechanics and its appropriate application.
- **Interpret** the results obtained in the laboratory for various experiments.
- **Discover** the practical working of Hydraulic machines- different types of Turbines, Pumps and other miscellaneous hydraulics machines.
- **Compare** the results of analytical models introduced in lecture to the actual behavior of real fluid flows and draw correct and sustainable conclusions.
- Write a technical laboratory report

# **List of Experiments**

- 1. Verification of Bernoulli's equation
- 2. Determination of Coefficient of discharge for a small orifice by a constant head method
- 3. Calibration of Venturimeter / Orifice Meter
- 4. Calibration of Triangular / Rectangular/Trapezoidal Notch
- 5. Determination of Minor losses in pipe flow
- 6. Determination of Friction factor of a pipe line
- 7. Determination of Energy loss in Hydraulic jump
- 8. Determination of Manning's and Chezy's constants for Open channel flow.
- 9. Impact of jet on vanes

- 10. Performance Characteristics of Pelton wheel turbine
- 11. Performance Characteristics of Francis turbine
- 12. Performance characteristics of Keplan Turbine
- 13. Performance Characteristics of a single stage / multi stage Centrifugal Pump

# MC2002\*: GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB

(An Activity-based Course)

B. Tech. II Year II Sem.

LTPC

0 0 2 0

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality.

This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide
  protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and
  respond to gender violence.

### UNIT - I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER

Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men - Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste.

# **UNIT – II: GENDER ROLES AND RELATIONS**

Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender Roles-Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its Consequences-Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

### UNIT – III: GENDER AND LABOUR

Division and Valuation of Labour-Housework: The Invisible Labor- "My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. - Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development-Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

### UNIT - IV: GENDER - BASED VIOLENCE

The Concept of Violence-Types of Gender-based Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No! -Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment-Further Reading: "Chupulu".

Domestic Violence: Speaking OutIs Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...."

### **UNIT – V: GENDER AND CULTURE**

Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature- Gender Development Issues-Gender Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals

Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa Parks- The Brave Heart.

**Note:** Since it is Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

> Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments. Apart from the above prescribed book, Teachers can make use of any authentic materials related to the topics given in the syllabus on "Gender".

# **ESSENTIAL READING:**

The Textbook, "Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender" written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu **published by Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government in 2015.** 

# ASSESSMENT AND GRADING:

Discussion & Classroom Participation: 20%

• Project/Assignment: 30%

■ End Term Exam: 50%

### CE3101PC: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS – I

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

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**Pre Requisites:** Strength of Materials & Engineering mechanics

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Identify the various actions in arches.
- Understand classical methods of analysis for statically indeterminate structures.
- Differentiate the approximate and numerical methods of analysis for indeterminate structures.
- Find the degree of static and kinematic indeterminacies of the structures.
- Plot the variation of S.F and B.M when a moving load passes on indeterminate structure

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course student should be able to

- **Analyse** the two hinged arches.
- Solve statically indeterminate beams and portal frames using classical methods
- **Sketch** the shear force and bending moment diagrams for indeterminate structures.
- **Formulate** the stiffness matrix and analyse the beams by matrix methods

### UNIT – I

**Two Hinged Arches:** Introduction – Classification of Two hinged Arches – Analysis of two hinged parabolic arches – Secondary stresses in two hinged arches due to temperature and elastic shortening of rib.

**Moment Distribution Method and Slope Deflection Method** - Analysis of continuous beams with and without settlement of supports using - Analysis of Single Bay Single Storey Portal Frames including side Sway - Analysis of inclined frames - Shear force and Bending moment diagrams, Elastic curve.

### UNIT - II

**Kani's Method**: Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports - Analysis of single bay single storey and single bay two Storey Frames including Side Sway using Kani's Method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

# Cables and suspension bridges:

Equilibrium of a Suspension Cable subjected to concentrated loads and uniformly distributed loads -Length of a cable - Cable with different support levels - Suspension cable supports - Suspension Bridges - Analysis of Three Hinged Stiffening Girder Suspension Bridges.

### UNIT - III

**Approximate Methods Of Analysis:** Introduction – Analysis of multi-storey frames for lateral loads: Portal Method, Cantilever method and Factor method - Analysis of multi-storey frames for gravity loads- Substitute Frame method - Analysis of Mill bents.

# UNIT - IV

Matrix Methods Of Analysis: Introduction to Flexibility and Stiffness matrix methods of analyses using 'system approach' up to three degree of indeterminacy— Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports using flexibility and stiffness methods -Analysis of pinjointed determinate plane frames using flexibility and stiffness methods- Analysis of single bay single storey portal frames using stiffness method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

### **UNIT-V**

**Influence Lines For Indeterminate Beams:** Introduction – influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for two span continuous beam with constant and different moments of inertia -influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for propped cantilever beams.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Structural Analysis Vol –I &II by Vazarani and Ratwani, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. Structural Analysis Vol I & II by G.S. Pandit S.P. Gupta Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.
- 3. Indeterminate Structural Analysis by K.U. Muthu et al., I.K. International Publishing House

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Structural analysis T. S Thandavamoorthy, Oxford university Press
- 2. Mechanics of Structures Vol –II by H.J. Shah and S.B. Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House
- 3. Basic Structural Analysis by C.S.Reddy., Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 4. Examples in Structural Analysis by William M.C. McKenzie, Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Structural Analysis by R. C. Hibbeler, Pearson Education
- 6. Structural Analysis by DevdasMenon, Narosa Publishing House.
- 7. Advanced Structural Analysis by A.K. Jain, Nem Chand & Bros

### **CE3102PC: CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY**

### B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre Requisites**: Building Materials

**Course Objectives:** Concrete is the basic construction material in the advancemans present construction industry Lot of advances are taking place in the concrete technology on par with development taking place in the engineering. The present day industry needs the knowledge of concrete technology thoroughly. The subject is designed to give the basic knowledge as well as latest developments in concrete technology.

- **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Identify Quality Control tests on concrete making materials
- Understand the behaviour of fresh and hardened concrete
- Design concrete mixes as per IS and ACI codes
- Understand the durability requirements of concrete
- Understand the need for special concretes

### UNIT - I

**Cement:** Portland cement – chemical composition – Hydration, Setting of cement – Structure of hydrate cement – Test on physical properties – Different grades of cement. Admixtures: Types of admixtures – mineral and chemical admixtures.

### UNIT - II

**Aggregates:** Classification of aggregate – Particle shape & texture –, strength & other mechanical properties of aggregate – Specific gravity, Bulk density, porosity, adsorption &moisture content of aggregate – Bulking of sand – Deleterious substance in aggregate – Soundness of aggregate – Alkali aggregate reaction – Thermal properties – Sieve analysis – Fineness modulus – Grading curves – Grading of fine & coarse Aggregates – Gap graded aggregate – Maximum aggregate size.

### UNIT – III

**Fresh Concrete:** Workability – Factors affecting workability – Measurement of workability by different tests – Setting times of concrete – Effect of time and temperature on workability – Segregation & bleeding – Mixing and vibration of concrete – Steps in manufacture of concrete – Quality of mixing water.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Hardened Concrete**: Water / Cement ratio – Abram's Law – Gelspaoe ratio – Nature of strength of concrete – Maturity concept – Strength in tension & compression – Factors affecting strength – Relation between compressive & tensile strength - Curing.

**Testing Of Hardened Concrete:** Compression tests – Tension tests – Flexure tests – Splitting tests – Pull-out test, Non-destructive testing methods – codal provisions for NDT. Elasticity, Creep & Shrinkage – Modulus of elasticity – Dynamic modulus of elasticity – Poisson's ratio – Creep of concrete – Factors influencing creep – Relation between creep &time – Nature of creep – Effects of creep – Shrinkage – types of shrinkage.

### UNIT - V

**Mix Design:** Factors in the choice of mix proportions – Durability of concrete – Quality Control of concrete – Acceptance criteria – Proportioning of concrete mix, Nominal Mix Design of design mix as per IS -10262

**Special Concretes:** Introduction to light weight concrete – Cellular concrete – No-fines concrete – High density concrete – Fibre reinforced concrete – Polymer concrete & **Geo Polymer concrete** – High performance concrete – Self compacting concrete.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Properties of Concrete by A. M. Neville Pearson 5th edition Education 1td 2016.
- 2. Concrete Technology by M. S. Shetty. S. Chand & Co. 2004
- 3. Concrete Technology by Job Thomas -Cengage learning India Pvt Ltd 2015.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Concrete Technology by M.L. Gambhir. Tata Mc. Graw Hill Publishers, New Delhi
- 2. Concrete: Micro structure, Properties and Materials P. K. Mehta and J. M.

Monteiro, McGraw Hill Publishers

### **CE3103PC: TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING**

B.Tech. III Year I Sem. L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre Requisites: Surveying** 

# **Course Objectives:**

This course aims at providing a comprehensive insight of various elements of Highway transportation engineering. Topics related to the highway development, characterisation of different materials needed for highway construction, structural and geometric design of highway pavements along with the challenges and possible solutions to the traffic related issues will be covered as a part of this course.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of this course, the students will develop:

- An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering in the areas of traffic engineering, highway development and maintenance.
- An ability to design, conduct experiments to assess the suitability of the highway materials like soil, bitumen, aggregates and a variety of bituminous mixtures. Also the students will develop the ability to interpret the results and assess the suitability of these materials for construction of highways.
- An ability to design flexible and rigid highway pavements for varying traffic compositions as well as soil subgrade and environmental conditions using the standards stipulated by Indian Roads Congress.
- An ability to evaluate the structural and functional conditions of in-service highway pavements and provide solution in the form of routine maintenance measures or designed overlays using Indian Roads congress guidelines.
- An ability to assess the issues related to road traffic and provide engineering solutions supported with an understanding of road user psychological and behavioural patterns.

### UNIT -I

**Highway Development & Planning:** Introduction, History and Importance of Highways, Characteristics of road transport, Current road development plans in India, Highway development in India, Highway planning, Highway alignment, Engineering surveys for Highway alignment, Highway projects, Highway drawings and reports, Detailed Project Report preparation, PPP schemes of Highway Development in India, Government of India initiatives in developing the highways and expressways in improving the mobility and village road development in improving the accessibility.

### UNIT - II

Highway geometric Design: Introduction to Highway Geometric Design; Width of Pavement, Formation and Land, Cross Slopes etc.; Concept of Friction: Skid and Slip; Elements of geometric design of highways; Sight Distances: Stopping Sight Distance, Overtaking Sight Distance and Intermediate Sight Distance; Horizontal alignment: Design of horizontal curves, super elevation, extra widening of pavement at curves; Vertical Alignment: Gradients, Compensation in Gradient, Design of summit curves and valley curves using different criteria; Integration of Horizontal and Vertical Curves

# UNIT - III

**Traffic Engineering**: Basic traffic characteristics: Speed, volume and concentration, relationship between flow, speed and concentration; Highway capacity and Level of service (LOS) concepts: Factors affecting capacity and

LOS, relationship between V/C ratio and LOS; Traffic volume and spot speed studies: Methods; Road Safety; Traffic Signals: Types, warrants for signalization, design of isolated traffic signal by IRC method; Parking and road accidents: Types of parking facilities – on-street and off street, introduction to parking studies; Accident studies, road safety auditing; Introduction to street lighting; Road Intersections: Design considerations of at-grade intersections, introduction to interchanges

### **UNIT - IV**

# **Highway Materials and Construction Practices**

Desirable Properties and testing of highway materials: aggregate-crushing, abrasion, impact test, waterabsorbtion, specific gravity and shape test Bitumen-Penetration ductility, viscosity, softening point test and binder content, introduction to modified bituminous binders like crumb rubber modified, natural rubber modified and polymer modified bitumen binders.

Construction practise: sub-grade water bound macadam road, wet mix macadam, prime coat, tack coat, bituminous and cement concrete roads.( as per IRC and MoRT & H Specifications) Highway drainage.

# **UNIT-V**

**Pavement Design**: Introduction to Pavement Design: Types of pavements and their typical cross sections: flexible, rigid and composite; Flexible Pavement analysis and design: Introduction to multi layered analysis.

IRC 37-2012 method of flexible pavement design; Rigid pavement analysis and design: Factors controlling rigid pavement design, types of stresses in rigid pavements, critical load positions, load stresses and temperature stresses in interior, corner and edge locations of jointed plain cement concrete pavement slabs, IRC 58-2015 method of rigid pavement design; Overlay Designs: Types of overlays on flexible and rigid pavements.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Khanna, S.K, Justo, A and Veeraragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Nem Chand & Bros.

Revised Tenth Edition, 2014

2. Kadiyali L.R. and Lal NB, Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering; Seventh Edition, First Reprint; Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018

### **Code of Provisions:**

Design Codes: IRC 37-2012, IRC 58-2015, IRC 81-1997

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Papacoastas, C. S. and Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, Third Edition, Third Impression; Pearson Education, 2018.

2. Khisty C J and Lall B Kent; Transportation Engineering: An Introduction, Third Edition, 1st Indian

Adaptation; Pearson India Education Service Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 2017.

- 3. Subhash C Saxena, Text Book of Highway and Traffic Engineering; First Edition; CBS Publishers and Distributors. New Delhi, 2014
- 4. C Venkatramaih, Transportation Engineering Volume 1 Highway Engineering, 1st Edition, Universities Press, 2016
- Garber, N.J. and Hoel, L.A. Traffic and Highway Engineering, Fourth Edition; Cengage Learning, Stamford, CT, USA, 2010
- 6. Parthachakroborty and Animesh Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI, 2013

# CE3104PC: STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING – I (RCC)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites: Strength of materials** 

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Identify the basic components of any structural system and the standard loading for the RC structure
- Identify and tell the various codal provisions given in IS. 456
- Describe the salient feature of limit state method, compare with other methods and the concepts of limit state of collapse and limit state of serviceability
- Evaluate the behaviour of RC member under flexure, shear and compression, torsion and bond.

**Course Outcomes**: After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Compare and Design the singly reinforced, doubly reinforced and flanged sections.
- Design the axially loaded, uniaxial and biaxial bending columns.
- Classify the footings and Design the isolated square, rectangular and circular footings
- Distinguish and Design the one-way and two-way slabs.

# UNIT - I

Introduction- Structure - Components of structure - Different types of structures - Equilibrium and compatibility- Safety and Stability - Loads - Different types of Loads - Dead Load, Live Load, Earthquake Load and Wind Load- Forces - What is meant by Design? - Different types of materials -RCC, PSC and Steel - Planning of structural elements- Concepts of RCC Design - Different methods of Design- Working Stress Method and Limit State Method - Load combinations as per Limit state method - Materials - Characteristic Values - Partial safety factors - Behaviour and Properties of Concrete and Steel- Stress Block Parameters as per IS 456 -2000. Limit state Analysis and design of sections in Flexure - Behaviour of RC section under flexure - Rectangular, T and L-sections, singly reinforced and doubly reinforced Beams - Detailing of reinforcement

### UNIT - II

Design for Shear, Bond and Torsion - Mechanism of shear and bond failure - Design of shear using limit state concept — Design for Bond —Anchorage and Development length of bars - Design of sections for torsion - Detailing of reinforcement

### UNIT - III

Design of Two-way slabs with different end conditions, one-way slab, and continuous slab Using I S Coefficients - Design of dog-legged staircase – Limit state design for serviceability for deflection, cracking and codal provisions.

# UNIT – IV

Design of compression members - Short Column - Columns with axial loads, uni-axial and bi-axial bending - Use of design charts- Long column - Design of long columns - I S Code provisions.

## UNIT - V

Design of foundation - Different types of footings - Design of wall footing - Design of flat isolated square, rectangular, circular footings and combined footings for two columns.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Limit state designed of reinforced concrete P.C. Varghese, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Reinforced concrete design by S. UnnikrishnaPillai&DevdasMenon, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Reinforced concrete design by N. Krishna Raju and R.N. Pranesh, New age International Publishers.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Reinforced concrete structures, Vol. 1, by B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi, publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Fundamentals of Reinforced concrete design by M. L. Gambhir, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.,
- 3. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures by N.Subramanian, Oxford University Press
- 4. Design of concrete structures by J.N. Bandhyopadhyay PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 5. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures by I. C. Syal and A. K. Goel, S. Chand & company.
- 6. Design of Reinforced Concrete Foundations P.C. Varghese Prentice Hall of India

# **CE3105 PC: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING**

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites:** Engineering Geology, Applied Mechanics, Fluid Mechanics

Course Objectives: the objectives of the course are to

- understand the formation of soil and classification of the soils
- determine the Index & Engineering Properties of Soils
- determine the flow characteristics & stresses due to externally applied loads
- estimate the consolidation properties of soils
- estimate the shear strength and seepage loss

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will able to

- Characterize and classify the soils
- Able to estimate seepage, stresses under various loading conditions and compaction characteristics
- Able to analyse the compressibility of the soils
- Able to understand the strength of soils under various drainage conditions

# UNIT – I

**Introduction:** Soil formation and structure – moisture content – Mass, volume relationships – Specific Gravity-Field density by core cutter and sand replacement methods-Relative density.

**Index Properties of Soils:** Grain size analysis – consistency limits and indices – I.S. Classification of soils.

### UNIT -II

**Permeability:** Soil water – capillary rise – flow of water through soils – Darcy's law-permeability –Factors affecting permeability – laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability –Permeability of layered soils.

**Effective Stress & Seepage Through Soils:** Total, neutral and effective stress – principle of effective stress - quick sand condition – Seepage through soils – Flow nets: Characteristics and Uses.

### **UNIT -III**

**Stress Distribution in Soils:** Boussinesq's and Westergaard's theories for point load, uniformly loaded circular and rectangular areas, pressure bulb, variation of vertical stress under point load along the vertical and horizontal plane, and Newmark's influence chart for irregular areas.

**COMPACTION:** Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting compaction – effects of compaction on soil properties – Field compaction Equipment – compaction quality control.

### UNIT - IV

**Consolidation:** Types of compressibility – Immediate Settlement, primary consolidation and secondary consolidation - stress history of clay; e-p and e-log(p) curves – normally consolidated soil, over consolidated soil and under consolidated soil – preconsolidation pressure and its determination -Terzaghi's 1-D consolidation theory – coefficient of consolidation: square root time and logarithm of time fitting methods - computation of total settlement and time rate of settlement.

### UNIT - V

**Shear Strength of Soils:** Importance of shear strength – Mohr's– Coulomb Failure theories – Types of laboratory tests for strength parameters – strength tests based on drainage conditions – strength envelops – Shear strength of sands - dilatancy – critical void ratio, Introduction to stress path method.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics by Gopal Ranjan & ASR Rao, New age International Pvt Ltd.
- 2. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering by VNS Murthy, CBS Publishers and Distributors.
- 3. Foundation Engineering by P.C. Varghese, PHI

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engg. By K.R. Arora, Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi.
- 2. Principals of Geotechnical Engineering by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning Publishers.
- 3. Geotechnical Engineering by C. Venkataramiah, New age International Pvt. Ltd, (2002).
- 4. Geotechnical Engineering Principles and Practices by Cuduto, PHI International.

- 5. Geotechnical Engineering by Manoj Dutta&Gulati S.K Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers New Delhi.
- 6. Soil Mechanics and Foundation by B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi, publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

# **CE3109PE: IRRIGATION AND HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES**

# (Professional Elective-I)

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

# **Pre-Requisites: Fluid mechanics**

**Course Objectives:** This course provides the description of hydrological cycle and derive various formulas used in estimation of different basic components of surface and Ground water cycle, and its components. Further it will explain the water requirement for irrigation and connectivity of hydrology to the field requirement.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the different concepts and terms used in engineering hydrology
- To identify and explain various formulae used in estimation of surface and Ground water
- hydrology components
- Demonstrate their knowledge to connect hydrology to the field requirement

### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Concepts of Hydrologic cycle, Global Water Budget, Applications in Engineering. Sources of data.

# **Precipitation**

Forms of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of precipitation: Recording and non-recording types, rain gauge network: mean precipitation over an area: Arithmetic, Theissen's and Isohyetal methods, Missing Rainfall Data – Estimation, Consistency of Rainfall records, depth area-duration relationships, maximum intensity/depth-duration-frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), rainfall data in India.

# **UNIT - II**

# **Abstractions from precipitation**

Evaporation process, evaporimeters, analytical methods of evaporation estimation, reservoir evaporation and methods for its reduction, evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, evapotranspiration equations: Penman and Blaney & Criddle Methods, potential evapotranspiration over India, actual evapotranspiration, interception, depression storage, infiltration, capacity, measurement of infiltration, modelling infiltration capacity, classification of infiltration capacities, infiltration indices.

### Runoff

Components of Runoff, Factors affecting runoff, Basin yield, SCS-CN method of estimating runoff, Flow duration curves, Mass curve of runoff – Analysis.

# **UNIT - III**

# **Hydrographs**

Hydrograph –Distribution of Runoff – Hydrograph Analysis Flood Hydrograph – Effective Rainfall – Base Flow- Base Flow Separation - Direct Runoff Hydrograph Unit pulse and Unit step function – Unit Hydrograph, definition, limitations and applications of Unit hydrograph, derivation of Unit Hydrograph from Direct Runoff Hydrograph and vice versa - S-hydrograph, Synthetic Unit Hydrograph.

### **UNIT - IV**

# **Groundwater Hydrology**

Occurrence, movement and distribution of groundwater, aquifers – types, Specific Yield, Permeability Storage coefficient, Transmissibility, Darcy's Law. **Well Hydraulics** - Steady radial flow into well for confined and unconfined aquifers, Recuperation tests. Well constants.

**Crop Water Requirements** – Water requirement of crops-Crops and crop seasons in India, cropping pattern, duty and delta; Quality of irrigation water; Soil-water relationships, root zone soil water infiltration, consumptive use, irrigation requirement, frequency of irrigation; Methods of applying water to the fields: surface, sub-surface, sprinkler and trickle / drip irrigation.

#### UNIT - V

Canal Systems: Canal systems, alignment of canals, canal losses, estimation of design discharge Design of channels- rigid boundary channels, alluvial channels, Regime channels, Kennedy's and Lacey's theory of regime channels. Canal outlets: non-modular, semi-modular and modular outlets Water logging: causes, effects and remedial measures. Lining of canals-Types of lining-Advantages and disadvantages Drainage of irrigated lands- necessity, methods.

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Hydrology by K. Subramanya (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures by SanthoshkumarGargKhanna publishers
- 3. G L Asawa, Irrigation Engineering, Wiley Eastern

### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Elements of Engineering Hydrology by V.P. Singh (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Engineering Hydrology by Jaya Rami Reddy (Laxmi Publications
- 3. Ground water Hydrology by David Keith Todd, John Wiley & Son, New York.
- 4. Elements of Water Resources Engineering by K.N.Duggal and J.P.Soni (New Age International)

### **CE3110PE: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

# (Professional Elective-I)

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre Requisites**: Environmental Engineering

**Course Objectives:** This subject will cover various aspects of Environment Impact Assessment methodologies, impact of development activities. Impact on surface water, Air and Biological Environment, Environment legislation Environment.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Identify the environmental attributes to be considered for the EIA study.
- Formulate objectives of the EIA studies.
- Identify the suitable methodology and prepare Rapid EIA.
- Identify and incorporate mitigation measures.

#### UNIT – I

Basic concept of EIA: Initial environmental Examination, Elements of EIA, - factors affecting E-I-A Impact evaluation and analysis, preparation of Environmental Base map, Classification of environmental parameters. E I A Methodologies: introduction, Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods, cost/benefit Analysis.

# **UNIT-II**

Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, environmental Impact of Deforestation – Causes and effects of deforestation.

### **UNIT-III**

Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures.

# UNIT - IV

Environmental Audit & Environmental legislation objectives of Environmental Audit, Types of environmental Audit, Audit protocel, stages of Environmental Audit, onsite activities, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report, Post Audit activities.

# UNIT - V

The Environmental Protection Act, The water Act, The Air (Prevention & Control of pollution Act.), Motor Act, Wild life Act. Case studies and preparation of Environmental Impact assessment statement for various Industries.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Larry Canter Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw-Hill Publications
- 2. Environmental Impact Assessment, Barthwal, R. R. New Age International

**Publications** 

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Environmental Pollution by R.K. Khitoliya S. Chand, 2014.
- 2. Glynn, J. and Gary, W. H. K. Environmental Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall

**Publishers** 

3. Suresh K. Dhaneja - Environmental Science and Engineering, S.K. Kataria& Sons

Publication. New Delhi.

# **CE3111PE: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS**

# (Professional Elective-I)

### B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre Requisites: Surveying

Course Objectives: This course will make the student to understand about the principles of

GIS, Remote Sensing, Spatial Systems, and its applications to Engineering Problems.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Retrieve the information content of remotely sensed data
- Analyze the energy interactions in the atmosphere and earth surface features
- Interpret the images for preparation of thematic maps
- Apply problem specific remote sensing data for engineering applications
- Analyze spatial and attribute data for solving spatial problems
- Create GIS and cartographic outputs for presentation

# UNIT – I

**Introduction to Photogrammetry:** Principles& types of aerial photograph, geometry of vertical aerial photograph, Scale & Height measurement on single vertical aerial photograph, Height measurement based on relief displacement, Fundamentals of stereoscopy, fiducial points, parallax measurement using fiducial line.

### UNIT - II

**Remote Sensing:** Basic concept of remote sensing, Data and Information, Remote sensing data Collection, Remote sensing advantages & Limitations, Remote Sensing process. Electromagnetic Spectrum, Energy interactions with atmosphere and with earth surface features (soil, water, vegetation), Indian Satellites and Sensors characteristics, Resolution, Map and Image and False color composite, introduction to digital data, elements of visual interpretation techniques.

# UNIT - III

**Geographic Information Systems:** Introduction to GIS; Components of a GIS; Geospatial Data: Spatial Data-Attribute data – Joining Spatial and Attribute data; GIS Operations: Spatial Data Input- Attribute data Management –Data display- Data Exploration- Data Analysis. COORDINATE SYSTEMS: Geographic Coordinate System: Approximation of the Earth,

Datum; Map Projections: Types of Map Projections-Map projection parameters- Commonly used Map Projections - Projected coordinate Systems

# UNIT – IV

**Vector Data Model**: Representation of simple features- Topology and its importance; coverage and its data structure, Shape file; Data models for composite features Object Based Vector Data Model; Classes and their Relationship; The geo base data model; Geometric representation of Spatial Feature and data structure, Topology rules

# UNIT - V

**Raster Data Model**: Elements of the Raster data model, Types of Raster Data, Raster Data Structure, Data Conversion, Integration of Raster and Vector data.

**Data Input:** Metadata, Conversion of Existing data, creating new data; Remote Sensing data, Field data, Text data, Digitizing, Scanning, on screen digitizing, importance of source map, Data Editing

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Remote Sensing and GIS Lillesand and Kiefer, John Willey 2008.
- 2. Remote Sensing and GIS B. Bhatta by Oxford Publishers 2015.
- 3. Introduction to Geographic Information System Kang-Tsung Chang, McGraw-Hill 2015

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Concepts & Techniques of GIS by C. P. Lo Albert, K.W. Yonng, Prentice Hall (India) Publications.
- 2. Principals of Geo physical Information Systems Peter ABurragh and Rachael A. Mc Donnell, Oxford Publishers 2004.
- 3. Basics of Remote sensing & GIS by S. Kumar, Laxmi Publications

# CE3106PC: CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY & HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LAB

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/3/0 1.5

**Pre-Requisites:** Building Materials, Concrete Technology, Highway Materials

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- To learn laboratory tests and their procedures cement, fine aggregate, course aggregates and
- bitumen
- To Evaluate fresh concrete properties
- To Understand the test procedures for characterization of Concrete and bituminous mixes

## **Course Outcomes:** Student shall be able to

- Categorize the test on materials used Civil Engineering Building & Pavement constructions
- To perform the tests on concrete for it characterization.
- To Design Concrete Mix Proportioning by Using Indian Standard Method.
- Examine the tests performed for Bitumen mixes.
- To prepare a laboratory report

# I. Test on Cement

- 1. Normal Consistency and fineness of cement.
- 2. Initial setting time and final setting time of cement.
- 3. Specific gravity of cement
- 4. Soundness of cement
- 5. Compressive strength of cement
- 6. Workability test on concrete by compaction factor, slump and Vee-bee.

# II. Test on Aggregates (Course and Fine)

- 1. Specific gravity (Pycnometer and wire basket), water absorption
- 2. Shape (Flakiness and elongation indices)
- 3. Impact and abrasion value tests
- 4. Crushing resistance and durability tests

- 5. Sieve Analysis and gradation charts (Job mix formula using Rothfuch's charts)
- 6. Bulking of sand, Bulk and compact densities of fine and coarse aggregates

# **III. Test on Fresh Concrete**

- 1. Slump test
- 2. CF (compact factor stress)
- 3. Vee-bee Test
- 4. Flow Table Test

### IV. Test on hardened concrete

- 1. Compression test on cubes & Cylinders
- 2. Flexure test
- 3. Split Tension Test
- 4. Modulus of Elasticity

# V. Tests on Bitumen and Bituminous concrete

- 1. Penetration, softening point and spot test
- 2. Ductility, Elastic recovery and viscosity
- 3. Flash and fire points and specific gravity
- 4. Marshall's Stability (sample preparation and testing for stability and flow values)

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Concrete Manual by M.L. Gambhir, DhanpatRai& Sons
- 2. Highway Material Testing manual, Khanna, Justo and Veeraraghavan, Nemchand Brothers

# IS CODES:

- 1. IS 10262:2009 "Concrete Mix Proportioning Guidelines"
- 2. 1S 516:2006 "Methods of Tests on Strength of Concrete"
- 3. IS 383:1993 "Specification For Coarse And Fine Aggregates From Natural Sources For

- 4. 1S 1201 -1220 (1978) "Methods for testing tars and bituminous materials"  $\,$
- 5. IRC SP 53 -2010 "Guidelines on use of modified bitumen"
- 6. MS-2 Manual for Marshalls Mix design 2

### **CE3108PC: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LAB**

# B. Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/3/0 1.5

**Pre-Requisites:** Soil Mechanics (Co-requisite)

**Course Objectives:** To obtain index and engineering properties of locally available soils, and tounderstand the behaviour of these soil under various loads.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to Classify and evaluate thebehaviour of the soils subjected to various loads.

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Atterberg Limits (Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and shrinkage limit)
- 2. a) Field density by core cutter method and
- b) Field density by sand replacement method
- 3. Determination of Specific gravity of soil Grain size distribution by sieve analysis
- 4. Permeability of soil by constant and variable head test methods
- 5. Standard Proctor's Compaction Test
- 6. Determination of Coefficient of consolidation (square root time fitting method)
- 7. Unconfined compression test
- 8. Direct shear test
- 9. Vane shear test
- 10. Differential free swell index (DFSI) test

# **REFERENCE:**

**1.** Measurement of Engineering Properties of Soils by. E. Saibaba Reddy & K. Rama Sastri, NewAge International

# MC3001\*: CYBER SECURITY

### B. Tech. III Year I Semester

L T P C 0 0 2 0

**Prerequisites: NIL** 

# **Course objectives:**

- To familiarize various types of cyber-attacks and cyber-crimes
- To give an overview of the cyber laws
- To study the defensive techniques against these attacks

**Course Outcomes:** The students will be able to understand cyber-attacks, types of cybercrimes, cyber laws and also how to protect them self and ultimately the entire Internet community from such attacks.

### UNIT - I

Introduction to Cyber Security: Basic Cyber Security Concepts, layers of security, Vulnerability, threat, Harmful acts, Internet Governance – Challenges and Constraints, Computer Criminals, CIA Triad, Assets and Threat, motive of attackers, active attacks, passive attacks, Software attacks, hardware attacks, Spectrum of attacks, Taxonomy of various attacks, IP spoofing, Methods of defense, Security Models, risk management, Cyber Threats-Cyber Warfare, Cyber Crime, Cyber terrorism, Cyber Espionage, etc., Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy.

# UNIT - II

Cyberspace and the Law & Cyber Forensics: Introduction, Cyber Security Regulations, Roles of International Law. The INDIAN Cyberspace, National Cyber Security Policy. Introduction, Historical background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital evidence, Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle, Forensics Investigation, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Techniques for Forensics Auditing.

# **UNIT - III**

Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices: Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in MobileComputing Era, Laptops.

# **UNIT-IV**

**Cyber Security: Organizational Implications:** Introduction, cost of cybercrimes and IPR issues, web threats for organizations, security and privacy implications, social media marketing: security risks and perils for organizations, social computing and the associated challenges for organizations.

**Cybercrime and Cyber terrorism:** Introduction, intellectual property in the cyberspace, the ethical dimension of cybercrimes the psychology, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals.

# UNIT - V

**Privacy Issues:** Basic Data Privacy Concepts: Fundamental Concepts, Data Privacy Attacks, Data linking and profiling, privacy policies and their specifications, privacy policy languages, privacy in different domains- medical, financial, etc.

# **Cybercrime: Examples and Mini-Cases**

**Examples:** Official Website of Maharashtra Government Hacked, Indian Banks Lose Millions ofRupees, Parliament Attack, Pune City Police Bust Nigerian Racket, e-mail spoofing instances.

**Mini-Cases:** The Indian Case of online Gambling, An Indian Case of Intellectual Property Crime, Financial Frauds in Cyber Domain.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Nina Godbole and Sunit Belpure, Cyber Security Understanding Cyber Crimes, ComputerForensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiley
- 2. B. B. Gupta, D. P. Agrawal, Haoxiang Wang, Computer and Cyber Security: Principles, Algorithm, Applications, and Perspectives, CRC Press, ISBN 9780815371335, 2018.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press.
- 2. Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa(john) Wu,J. David Irwin, CRC Press T&F Group.

# **CE3201PC: STURCTURAL ANALYSIS- II**

### B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites:** Engineering mechanics, Structural Analysis- I

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Identify the various actions in arches.
- Understand classical methods of analysis for statically indeterminate structures.
- Differentiate the approximate and numerical methods of analysis for indeterminate Structures.
- Find the degree of static and kinematic indeterminacies of the structures.
- Plot the variation of S.F and B.M when a moving load passes on indeterminate structure

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course student should be able to

- **Analyze** the two hinged arches.
- Solve statically indeterminate beams and portal frames using classical methods
- **Sketch** the shear force and bending moment diagrams for indeterminate structures.
- **Formulate** the stiffness matrix and analyze the beams by matrix methods.

# UNIT - I

**Two Hinged Arches:** Introduction – Classification of Two hinged Arches – Analysis of two hinged parabolic arches – Secondary stresses in two hinged arches due to temperature and elastic shortening of rib.

**Moment Distribution Method** - Analysis of continuous beams with and without settlement of supports using - Analysis of Single Bay Single Storey Portal Frames including side Sway - Analysis of inclined frames - Shear force and Bending moment diagrams, Elastic curve.

# UNIT - II

**Kani's Method**: Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports - Analysis of single bay single storey and single bay two Storey Frames including Side Sway using Kani's Method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

# Cables and suspension bridges:

Equilibrium of a Suspension Cable subjected to concentrated loads and uniformly distributed loads-Length of a cable - Cable with different support levels - Suspension cable supports - Suspension Bridges - Analysis of Three Hinged Stiffening Girder Suspension Bridges.

### UNIT - III

**Approximate Methods of Analysis:** Introduction – Analysis of multi-storey frames for lateral loads: Portal Method, Cantilever method and Factor method - Analysis of multi-storey frames for gravity loads - Substitute Frame method - Analysis of Mill bents.

# UNIT - IV

Matrix Methods Of Analysis: Introduction to Flexibility and Stiffness matrix methods of analyses using 'system approach' upto three degree of indeterminacy— Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports using flexibility and stiffness methods -Analysis of pinjointed determinate plane

Frames using flexibility and stiffness methods- Analysis of single bay single storey portal frames using Stiffness method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

# **UNIT-V**

**Influence Lines For Indeterminate Beams:** Introduction – influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for two span continuous beam with constant and different moments of inertia - influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for propped cantilever beams.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Structural Analysis Vol –I &II by Vazarani and Ratwani, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. Structural Analysis Vol I & II by G.S. Pandit S.P. Gupta Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Indeterminate Structural Analysis by K.U. Muthu et al., I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Structural analysis T. S Thandavamoorthy, Oxford university Press
- 2. Mechanics of Structures Vol –II by H.J. Shah and S.B. Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Basic Structural Analysis by C.S.Reddy., Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 4. Examples in Structural Analysis by William M.C. McKenzie, Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Structural Analysis by R. C. Hibbeler, Pearson Education

- 6. Structural Analysis by Devdas Menon, Narosa Publishing House.
- 7. Advanced Structural Analysis by A.K. Jain, Nem Chand & Bros.

### **CE3202PC: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING**

# B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D

3 0/0/0 3

**Course Objectives:** This subject provides the knowledge of water sources, water treatment, design of distribution system waste water treatment, and safe disposal methods. The topics of characteristics of waste water, sludge digestion are also included.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Assess characteristics of water and wastewater and their impacts
- Estimate quantities of water and waste water and plan conveyance components
- Design components of water and waste water treatment plants
- Be conversant with issues of air pollution and control

### UNIT - I

Introduction: Waterborne diseases – protected water supply – Population forecasts, design period – types of water demand – factors affecting – fluctuations – fire demand – water quality and testing – drinking water standards: sources of water - Comparison from quality and quantity and other considerations – intakes – infiltration galleries.

### UNIT - II

Layout and general outline of water treatment units – sedimentation – principles – design factors – coagulation-flocculation clarifier design – coagulants - feeding arrangements. Filtration – theory – working of slow and rapid gravity filters – multimedia filters – design of filters – troubles in operation - comparison of filters – disinfection – theory of chlorination, chlorine demand - other disinfection practices—Design of distribution systems—pipe appurtenances.

### **UNIT - III**

Characteristics of sewage –waste water collection–Estimation of waste water and storm water – decomposition of sewage, examination of sewage – B.O.D. Equation – C.O.D. Design of sewers – shapes and materials – sewer appurtenances, manholes – inverted siphon – catch basins – flushing tanks – ejectors, pumps and pump houses – house drainage – plumbing requirements – sanitary fittings-traps – one pipe and two pipe systems of plumbing – ultimate disposal of sewage – sewage farming –self-purification of rivers.

# UNIT – IV

Waste water treatment plant – Flow diagram - primary treatment Design of screens – grit chambers – skimming tanks – sedimentation tanks – principles of design – Biological treatment – trickling filters – ASP– Construction and design of oxidation ponds. Sludge digestion – factors effecting – design of Digestion tank – Sludge disposal by drying – septic tanks working principles and design – soak pits.

### UNIT – V

Air pollution—classification of air pollution—Effects air pollution—Global effects—Meteorological parameters affecting air pollution—Atmospheric stability—Plume behavior —Control of particulates — Gravity settlers, cyclone filters, ESPs—Control of gaseous pollutants—automobile pollution and control.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Environmental Engineering by H. S Peavy, D. R. Rowe, G. Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, 2014
- 2. Environmental Engineering by D. P. Sincero and G.A Sincero, Pearson 2015.
- 3. Environmental Engineering, I and II by BC Punmia, Std. Publications.
- 4. Environmental Engineering, I and II by SK Garg, Khanna Publications.
- 5. Environmental Pollution and Control Engineering CS Rao, Wiley Publications

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Water and Waste Water Technology by Steel, Wiley
- 2. Waste water engineering by Metcalf and Eddy, McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. Water and Waste Water Engineering by Fair Geyer and Okun, Wiley, 2011
- 4. Water and Waste Water Technology by Mark J Hammar and Mark J. Hammar Jr. Wiley, 2007.
- 5. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, PrenticeHall, New Jersey.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. Aarne Vesilind, Susan M. Morgan,

Thompson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008.

### **CE3208PE: FOUNDATION ENGINEERING**

# (Professional Elective – II)

# B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites:** Geotechnical Engineering

# **Course Objectives:**

- To Plan Soil exploration programme for civil Engineering Projects
- To check the stability of slopes
- To determine the lateral earth pressures and design retaining walls
- To determine the Bearing capacity of Soil
- To design pile group foundation

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will able to

- understand the principles and methods of Geotechnical Exploration
- decide the suitability of soils and check the stability of slopes
- calculate lateral earth pressures and check the stability of retaining walls
- analyze and design the shallow and deep foundations

# UNIT – I

**SOIL EXPLORATION**: Need – methods of soil exploration – boring and sampling methods – penetration tests – plate load test– planning of soil exploration programme, Bore logs and preparation of soil investigation report.

### UNIT – II

**SLOPE STABILITY**: Infinite and finite earth slopes – types of failures – factor of safety of infinite slopes – stability analysis by Swedish slip circle method, method of slices, Bishop's Simplified method of slices – Taylor's Stability Number- stability of slopes of earth dams under different conditions.

## UNIT - III

**EARTH PRESSURE THEORIES**: Active, Passive and at rest soil pressures Rankine's theory of earth pressure – earth pressures in layered soils – Coulomb's earth pressure theory.

**RETAINING WALLS**: Types of retaining walls – stability of gravity and cantilever retaining walls against overturning, sliding and, bearing capacity, filter material for drainage.

## UNIT – IV

**SHALLOW FOUNDATIONS** - Types - choice of foundation – location and depth - safe bearing capacity – shear criteria – Terzaghi's, and IS code methods - settlement criteria – allowable bearing pressure based on SPT N value and plate load test – allowable settlements of structures.

## UNIT - V

**PILE FOUNDATION**: Types of piles – load carrying capacity of piles based on static pile formulae –dynamic pile formulae – Pile Capacity through SPT results - pile load tests - load carrying capacity of pile groups in sands and clays – Settlement of pile groups – negative skin friction

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics by Gopal Ranjan & ASR Rao, New age International Pvt .
   Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. Principals of Geotechnical Engineering by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning Publishers.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering by VNS Murthy, CBS Publishers and Distributors.
- 2. Geotechnical Engineering Principles and Practices by Cuduto, PHI International.
- 3. Analysis and Design of Substructures Swami Saran, Oxford and IBH Publishing company Pvt Ltd (1998).
- 5. Geotechnical Engineering by S. K.Gulhati & Manoj Datta Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing company New Delhi. 2005.
- 6. Bowles, J.E., (1988) Foundation Analysis and Design 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishing company, Newyork.

## CE3204PC: STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING –II (STEEL)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 1/0/0 4

**Pre-Requisites:** RCC

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course is to

- Explain the mechanical properties of structural steel, plasticity, yield.
- **Describe** the salient features of Limit State Method of design of Steel structures.
- **Identify** and **explain** the codal provisions given in IS. 800.
- Analyze the behavior of steel structures under tension, compression and flexure.
- **Design** the tension, compression, flexural members and plate girder
- Design the connection in steel structure, build up member and (bolted and welded).

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Analyze the tension members, compression members.
- Design the tension members, compression members and column bases and joints and
- connections
- Analyze and Design the beams including built-up sections and beam and connections.
- Identify and Design the various components of welded plate girder including stiffeners

#### UNIT – I

Materials – Types of structural steel – Mechanical properties of steel – Concepts of plasticity – yield strength - Loads and Stresses – Local buckling behavior of steel. Concepts of limit State Design – Different Limit States – Load combinations for different Limit states - Design Strengths - deflection limits – serviceability – stability check. Design of Connections – Different types of connections – Bolted connections – Design strength – efficiency of joint – prying action - Welded connections – Types of welded joints – Design requirements - Design of Beam-column connections - Eccentric connections - Type I and Type II connection – Framed connection – stiffened / seated connection.

## UNIT - II

Design of tension members –Simple and built up members - Design strength – Design procedure for splicing - lug angle. Design of compression members – Buckling class – slenderness ratio – Design of simple compression members - laced – battened columns – splice – column base – slab base.

## UNIT – III

Plastic Analysis; Plastic moment – Plastic section modulus - Plastic analysis of continuous beams Design of Flexural Members – Laterally supported and unsupported Beams – Design of laterally supported beams - Bending and shear strength/buckling – Built-up sections - Beam splice

# UNIT – IV

Design of welded plate girders – elements – economical depth – design of main section – connections between web and flange – design of stiffeners - bearing stiffener– intermediate stiffeners – Design of web splice and flange splice.

#### UNIT - V

Design of Industrial Structures; Types of roof trusses - loads on trusses - wind loads - Purlin design - truss design - Design of welded Gantry girder

Note: Design of structural members includes detailed sketches.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Design of steel structures by S.K.Duggal, Tata Macgrawhill publishers, 2000, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Design of steel structures by N.Subramanian,Oxford University press,2008.
- 3. Design of steel structures by K.S.Sairam, Pearson Educational India, 2nd Edition, 2013.

- 1. Design of steel structures by Edwin H.Gayrold and Charles Gayrold, Tata Mac-grawhill publishers, 1972
- 2. Design of steel structures by L.S.JayaGopal, D. Tensing, Vikas Publishing House.

### **CE3207PE: PRESTRESSED CONCRETE**

# (Professional Elective – II)

## B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre-Requisites: Reinforced Concrete Design

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Understand the principles & necessity of prestressed concrete structures.
- Know different techniques of prestressing.
- Get the knowledge on various losses of prestress.
- Understand Analysis and design of prestressed concrete members.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Acquire the knowledge of evolution of process of prestressing.
- Acquire the knowledge of various prestressing techniques.
- Develop skills in analysis design of prestressed structural elements as per the IS codal Provisions

#### UNIT I:

**Introduction:** Historic development- General principles of prestressing, pretensioning and post tensioning- Advantages and limitations of Prestressed concrete- General principles of PSC Classification and types of prestressing- Materials- high strength concrete and high tensile steel their characteristics.

# **UNIT II:**

**Methods and Systems of prestressing:** Pretensioning and Posttensioning methods and systems of prestressing like Hoyer system, Magnel Blaton system, Freyssinet system and Gifford- Udall System- Lee McCall system.

**Losses of Prestress:** Loss of prestress in pretensioned and post-tesnioned members due to various causes like elastic shortage of concrete, shrinkage of concrete, creep of concrete, relaxation of stress in steel, slip in anchorage, frictional losses.

#### **UNIT III:**

**Flexure:** Analysis of sections for flexure- beams prestressed with straight, concentric, eccentric, bent and parabolic tendons- stress diagrams- Elastic design of PSC slabs and beams of rectangular and I sections- Kern line – Cable profile and cable layout.

**Shear:** General Considerations- Principal tension and compression- Improving shear resistance of concrete by horizontal and vertical prestressing and by using inclined or parabolic cables-Analysis of rectangular and I beams for shear – Design of shear reinforcements- IS Code provisions.

#### **UNIT IV:**

**Transfer of Prestress in Pretensioned Members:** Transmission of prestressing force by bond –

Transmission length – Flexural bond stresses – IS code provisions – Anchorage zone stresses in post tensioned members – stress distribution in End block – Analysis by Guyon, Magnel, Zienlinski and Rowe's methods – Anchorage zone reinforcement- IS Provisions

## **UNIT V:**

**Composite Beams:** Different Types- Propped and Unpropped- stress distribution- Differential shrinkage- Analysis of composite beams- General design considerations.

**Deflections:** Importance of control of deflections- Factors influencing deflections – Short term deflections of uncracked beams- prediction of long time deflections- IS code requirements.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Prestressed concrete by Krishna Raju, Tata Mc Graw Hill Book Co. New Delhi.
- 2. Design of prestress concrete structures by T.Y. Lin and Burn, John Wiley, New York.
- 3. Prestressed concrete by S. Ramamrutham Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- 4. Prestressed Concrete by N. Rajagopalan Narosa Publishing House

# **CE208PE GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES**

# (Professional Elective – II)

#### B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Prerequisites**: Geo-Technical Engineering, Foundation Engineering

# **Course Objectives:**

- To know the need of ground improvement
- To acquire the knowledge on the various ground improvement techniques available and their applications for different types of soils
- To understand suitable ground improvement technique for given soil conditions.

Course Outcomes: at the end of the course the student able to

- Know the necessity of ground improvement
- Understand the various ground improvement techniques available
- Select & design suitable ground improvement technique for existing soil conditions in the field

## **UNIT - I:**

Introduction to Engineering Ground Modification: Need and objectives, Identification of soil types, In situ and laboratory tests to characterize problematic soils; Mechanical, Hydraulic, Physico-chemical, electrical, Thermal methods, and their applications.

#### UNIT - II:

Mechanical Modification: Shallow Compaction Techniques- Deep Compaction Techniques-Blasting Vibro compaction- Dynamic Tamping and Compaction piles.

# **UNIT - III:**

Hydraulic Modification: Objectives and techniques, traditional dewatering methods and their choice, Design of dewatering system, Electro-osmosis, Electro-kinetic dewatering-Filtration, Drainage and Seepage control with Geosynthetics, Preloading and vertical drains,

## **UNIT - IV:**

Physical and Chemical Modification – Modification by admixtures, Modification Grouting, Introduction to Thermal Modification including freezing.

## UNIT - V:

Modification by Inclusions and Confinement - Soil reinforcement, reinforcement with strip, and grid reinforced soil. In-situ ground reinforcement, ground anchors, rock bolting and soil nailing.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hausmann, M. R. (1990) Engineering Principles of Ground Modifications, McGraw Hill publications
- 2. M. P. Moseley and K. Krisch (2006) Ground Improvement, II Edition, Taylor and Francis

- 1. Koerner, R. M (1994) Designing with Geosynthetics Prentice Hall, New Jersey
- 2. Jones C. J. F. P. (1985) Earth Reinforcement and soil structures Butterworths, London.
- 3. Xianthakos, Abreimson and Bruce Ground Control and Improvement, John Wiley & Sons, 1994.
- K. Krisch & F. Krisch (2010) Ground Improvement by Deep Vibratory Methods, Spon Press,
   Taylor and Francis
- Donald P Coduto Foundation Design Principles and Practices, 2nd edition, Pearson, Indian edition, 2012

## **CE3209PE: GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY**

# (Professional Elective – II)

## B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites**: Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics

## Course objectives: The objectives of the course are:

- **To explain** the concepts of Groundwater Development and Management.
- To **demonstrate and** derive the basic equations used in Groundwater development and
- management and the corresponding equations
- To know the investigations, field studies to conduct basic ground water studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of this course, students should be able to:

- **Identify** different fundamental equations and concepts as applied in the Groundwater studies
- **Discuss** and derive differential equation governing groundwater flow in three dimensions
- To **solve** groundwater mathematical equations and analyze pumping tests in steady and non-steady
- flow cases
- **Distinguish** and understand the saline water intrusion problem in costal aquifers

### UNIT- I

### **Ground Water Occurrence**

Ground water hydrologic cycle, origin of ground water, rock properties effecting ground water, Vertical distribution of ground water, zone of aeration and zone of saturation, geologic formation as aquifers, types of aquifers, porosity, specific yield and specific retention. Ground Water Movement-Permeability, Darcy's law, storage coefficient, transmissivity, Differential equation governing ground water flow in three dimensions derivation, ground water flow equation in polar coordinate system, ground water flow contours and their applications.

## **UNIT-II**

# **Analysis of Pumping Test Data-I**

Steady flow ground water flow towards a well in confined and unconfined aquifers- Dupit's and Theism's equations, assumptions, formation constants, yield of an open well interface and well tests.

#### **UNIT-III**

# **Analysis of Pumping Test Data-II**

Unsteady flow towards well-Non-Equilibrium equations, Thesis solution, Jocob and Chow's simplifications, Leak aquifers.

#### **UNIT-IV**

# **Surface and sub-surface Investigation**

Surface methods of exploration-Electrical resistivity method and Seismic refraction methods. Subsurface methods geophysical logging and resistivity logging. Concept of artificial recharge of groundwater, recharge methods, Applications of GIS and RS in artificial recharge of ground water along with case studies.

#### UNIT- V

# Saline water intrusion in aquifer

Occurrence of saline water intrusion, Ghyben-Herzberg relation, Shape of interface, control of water intrusion. Ground water basin management-case studies.

#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ground water Hydrology by David Keith Todd, John Wiley & Son, New York.
- 2. Ground water by H.M. Raghunath, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 3. Groundwater System Planning & Management, R. Willes & W.W.G. Yeh, Prentice Hall.

- 1. Ground water by Bawvwr, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Applied Hydrogeology by C.W. Fetta, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 3. Ground Water Assessment, Development and Management by K R Karanth, McGraw Hill Publications.

## **CE3205PC: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB**

## B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

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**Pre-Requisites:** Environmental Engineering

Course Objectives: the objectives of the course are to

- **Perform** the experiments to determine water and waste water quality
- **Understand** the water & waste water sampling, their quality standards
- Estimate quality of water, waste water, Industrial water

**Course outcomes:** After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Understand about the equipment used to conduct the test procedures
- Perform the experiments in the lab
- Examine and Estimate water, waste water, air and soil Quality
- Compare the water, air quality standards with prescribed standards set by the local
- governments
- Develop a report on the quality aspect of the environment

# **Practical Work: List of Experiments**

- 1. Determination of pH
- 2. Determination of Electrical Conductivity
- 3. Determination of Total Solids (Organic and inorganic)
- 4. Determination of Acidity
- 5. Determination of Alkalinity
- 6. Determination of Hardness (Total, Calcium and Magnesium Hardness)
- 7. Determination of Chlorides
- 8. Determination of optimum coagulant Dosage
- 9. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen (Winkler Method)
- 10. Determination of COD

- 11. Determination of BOD/DO
- 12. Determination of Residual Chlorine
- 13. Total count no.
- 14. Noise level measurement

## **TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 2. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. Aarne Vesilind, Susan M. Morgan, Thompson / Brooks/ Cole; Second Edition 2008.
- 3. Peavy, H.s, Rowe, D.R, Tchobanoglous, G. Environmental Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill International Editions, New York 1985.
- 4. MetCalf and Eddy. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 5. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment. Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi.
- 6. Plumbing Engineering. Theory, Design and Practice, S.M. Patil, 1999
- 7. Integrated Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous, Theissen & Vigil. McGraw Hill Publication

#### **CE3206PC: COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN LAB**

## B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

0 0/3/0 1.5

Pre-Requisites: Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing or AUTO CAD Principles –Excel-

Structural Engineering -1 & 2

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Learn the usage of any fundamental software for design
- Create geometries using pre-processor
- Analyse and Interpret the results using post processor
- Design the structural elements

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Model the geometry of real-world structure Represent the physical model of structural
- element/structure
- Perform analysis
- Interpret from the Post processing results
- Design the structural elements and a system as per IS Codes

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Analysis & Design determinate structures using a software
- 2. Analysis & Design of fixed & continuous beams using a software
- 3. Analysis & Design of Plane Frames
- 4. Analysis & Design of space frames subjected to DL & LL
- 5. Analysis & Design of residential building subjected to all loads (DL,LL,WL,EQL)
- 6. Analysis & Design of Roof Trusses
- 7. Design and detailing of built up steel beam
- 8. Developing a design programme for foundation using EXCEL Spread Sheet
- 9. Detailing of RCC beam and RCC slab
- 10. Detailing of Steel built up compression member

**Note:** Drafting of all the exercises is to be carried out using commercially available designing Software

### MC3002\*: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

# B. Tech. III Year II Semester

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**Course Objectives:** To train the students to understand different types of AI agents, various AI search algorithms, fundamentals of knowledge representation, building of simple knowledge-based systems and to apply knowledge representation, reasoning. Study of Markov Models enable the student readyto step into applied AI.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to use search algorithms in AI
- Able to apply learning and reasoning to AI systems

## UNIT - I

**Introduction:** AI problems, Agents and Environments, Structure of Agents, Problem Solving Agents **Basic Search Strategies**: Problem Spaces, Uninformed Search (Breadth-First, Depth-First Search, Depth-first with Iterative Deepening), Heuristic Search (Hill Climbing, Generic Best-First, A\*), ConstraintSatisfaction (Backtracking, Local Search)

#### **UNIT-II**

**Advanced Search**: Constructing Search Trees, Stochastic Search, A\* Search Implementation, Minimax Search, Alpha-Beta Pruning

**Basic Knowledge Representation and Reasoning**: Propositional Logic, First-Order Logic, ForwardChaining and Backward Chaining, Introduction to Probabilistic Reasoning, Bayes Theorem

## **UNIT - III**

**Advanced Knowledge Representation and Reasoning**: Knowledge Representation Issues, Non-monotonic Reasoning, Other Knowledge Representation Schemes

**Reasoning Under Uncertainty**: Basic probability, Acting Under Uncertainty, Bayes' Rule, Representing Knowledge in an Uncertain Domain, Bayesian Networks

### **UNIT-IV**

**Learning:** What Is Learning? Rote Learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem Solving, Learning from Examples, Winston's Learning Program, Decision Trees.

## UNIT - V

**Expert Systems:** Representing and Using Domain Knowledge, Shell, Explanation, Knowledge Acquisition.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Russell, S. and Norvig, P, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Third Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2010.

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Shivasankar B. Nair, The McGraw Hill publications, Third Edition, 2009.
- 2. George F. Luger, Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving, Pearson Education, 6th ed., 2009.

### SM4101MS: ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTANCY

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

LTPC

3 0 0 3

# **Course Objective:**

- To prepare engineering students to analyze cost/ revenue/ financial data
- To make economic and financial analysis in decision making process and
- To examine the performance of companies engaged in engineering.

## **Course Outcome:**

- To perform and evaluate present and future worth of the alternate projects and to appraise projects by using traditional and DCF Methods.
- To carry out cost benefit analysis of projects and to calculate BEP of different alternative projects.

#### UNIT- I:

**Introduction to Engineering Economics** - Basic Principles and Methodology of Engineering Economics–Fundamental Concepts- Demand – Demand Determinants - Law of Demand- Demand Forecasting and Methods- Elasticity of Demand- Theory of Firm – Supply- Elasticity of Supply.

### **UNIT-II:**

**Macroeconomic Concepts:** National Income Accounting - Methods of Estimation- Various Concepts of National Income - Inflation - Definition - Causes of Inflation and Measures to Control Inflation - New Economic Policy 1991 (Industrial policy, Trade policy, and Fiscal policy) Impact on Industry.

## **UNIT-III:**

**Cash Flows and Capital Budgeting:** Significance of Capital Budgeting - Time Value of Money-Choosing between alternative investment proposals- Methods of Appraisal Techniques- Pay Back Period - Average Rate of Return – Net Present Value- Internal Rate of Return – Profitability Index.

# **UNIT-IV:**

**Borrowings on Investment:** Equity Vs Debt Financing- Leverages- Concept of Leverage- Types of Leverages: Operating Leverage- Financial Leverage and Composite Leverage. (Simple Problems)

# **UNIT-V:**

**Introduction to Accounting:** Accounting Principles- procedure- Double entry system - Journal-ledger- Trial balance- Trading and Profit and Loss account- Balance Sheet. Cost Accounting, Introduction- Classification of costs- Breakeven Analysis, Meaning and its application, Limitations. (Simple Problems).

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Henry Malcom Steinar-Engineering Economics, Principles, McGraw Hill Pub.

- 2. D.D. Chaturvedi, S.L. Gupta, Business Economics Theory and Applications, International Book House Pvt. Ltd. 2013.
- 3. Jain and Narang" Accounting, Kalyani Publishers.
- 4. Arora, M.N." Cost Accounting, Vikas Publication.
- 5. S. N. Maheshwari, Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House.
- 6. Zahid A Khan, Arshad N Siddique, et.al, Principles of Engineering Economics with Applications, 2e, Cambridge University Press.

# **CE4101PC: ESTIMATION QUANTITY SURVEYING AND VALUATION**

# (Professional Elective III)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Prerequisites: Concrete Technology, RC Design, Design of Steel Structure

**Course Objectives:** The subject provide process of estimations required for various work in

Construction. To have knowledge of using SOR & SSR for analysis of rates on various works and basics of planning tools for a construction projects.

**Course Outcomes:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the technical specifications for various works to be performed for a project and how they impact the cost of a structure.
- Quantify the worth of a structure by evaluating quantities of constituents, derive their cost rates and build up the overall cost of the structure.
- Understand how competitive bidding works and how to submit a competitive bid proposal.
- An idea of how to optimize construction projects based on costs
- An idea how construction projects are administered with respect to contract structures and issues.
- An ability to put forward ideas and understandings to others with effective communication processes.

#### UNIT – I

General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates – Approximate method of Estimating. Detailed Estimates of Buildings.

## UNIT - II

Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules Earthwork for roads and canals.

## UNIT - III

Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contingent charges.

## **UNIT-IV**

Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation – Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

#### UNIT- V

Construction project planning- Stages of project planning: pre-tender planning, pre-construction planning, detailed construction planning, role of client and contractor, level of detail. Process of development of plans and schedules, work break-down structure, activity lists, assessment of work content, concept of productivities, estimating durations, sequence of activities, activity utility data; Techniques of planning- Bar charts, Gantt Charts.

Networks: basic terminology, types of precedence relationships, preparation of CPM networks: activity on link and activity on node representation, computation of float values, critical and semi critical paths, calendaring networks. PERT- Assumptions underlying PERT analysis, determining three-time estimates, analysis, slack computations, calculation of probability of completion

### **NOTE**: NUMBER OF EXERCISES PROPOSED:

- 1. Three in flat Roof & one in Sloped Roof
- 2. Exercises on Data three Nos.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Estimating and Costing by B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
- 2. Estimating and Costing by G.S. Birdie
- 3. Punmia, B.C., Khandelwal, K.K., Project Planning with PERT and CPM, Laxmi Publications, 2016
- 4. Chitkara, K. K. Construction Project Management. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2014 **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 
  - 1. Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book by public works department.
  - 2. S. 1200 (Parts I to XXV 1974/ method of measurement of building and Civil Engineering works B.I.S.)
  - 3. Estimation, Costing and Specifications by M. Chakraborthi; Laxmi publications.
  - 4. Peurifoy, R.L. Construction Planning, Methods and Equipment, McGraw Hill, 2011
  - 5. Nunnally, S.W. Construction Methods and Management, Prentice Hall, 2006
  - 6. Jha, Kumar Neeraj., Construction Project management, Theory & Practice, Pearson Education India, 2015

#### **CE4107PE THEORY OF ELASTICITY**

# (Professional Elective – III)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Prerequisites: Strength of Materials I & II

# **Course Objectives:**

- ➤ To Introduce fundamental elasticity model of deformation in rectangular and polar coordinate.
- ➤ To give foundation for 2D and 3D study in solid mechanics problems.
- > To Introduce to torsion and warping of prismatic structure

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will able to

- ➤ The more fundamental elasticity model of deformation should replace material analysis.
- ➤ Able to understand theory, formulate and to present solutions to a wide class of problems in 2D and 3D
- ➤ Acquire the foundation for advanced study in areas of solid mechanics

## UNIT - I

Introduction: Elasticity - notation for forces and stress - components of stresses - components of strain - Hooks law. Plane stress and plane strain analysis - differential equations of equilibrium - boundary conditions - Strain Displacement Relations - compatibility equations - stress function

# **UNIT - II**

Two dimensional problems in rectangular coordinates - solution by polynomials - Saint-Venants principle - determination of displacements - bending of simple beams – Simple Supported and Cantilever Beam.

#### **UNIT - III**

Two dimensional problems in polar coordinates - stress distribution symmetrical about an axis – pure bending of curved bars - strain components in polar coordinates - displacements for symmetrical stress distributions Edge Dislocation - general solution of two-dimensional problem in polar coordinates - application to Plates with Circular Holes – Rotating Disk. Bending of Prismatic Bars: Stress function - bending of cantilever - circular cross section - elliptical cross section - rectangular cross section.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Analysis of stress and strain in three dimensions - principal stress - stress ellipsoid - director surface - determination of principal stresses Stress Invariants - max shear stresses Stress Tensor - Strain Tensor- Homogeneous deformation - principal axes of strain-rotation. General Theorems: Differential equations of equilibrium - conditions of compatibility - determination of displacement - equations of equilibrium in terms of displacements - principle of super position - uniqueness of solution – the reciprocal theorem Strain Energy.

## UNIT - V

Torsion of Circular Shafts - Torsion of Straight Prismatic Bars - Saint Venants Method - torsion of prismatic bars - bars with elliptical cross sections - membrane analogy - torsion of a bar of narrow rectangular bars - solution of torsional problems by energy method - torsion of shafts, tubes, bars etc. Torsion of Rolled Profile Sections.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Theory of Elasticity by Timoshenko, McGraw-Hill Publications.
- 2. Theory of Plasticity by J. Chakarbarthy, McGraw-Hill Publications.

- 1. Theory of Elasticity by Y.C.Fung.
- 2. Theory of Elasticity by Gurucharan Singh.

#### **CE4108PE BRIDGE ENGINEERING**

# (Professional Elective - III)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

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Pre-requisites: Structural Engineering, Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering and Water

Resources Engineering

Course Objectives: To study different types of bridges, forces that act on bridges, Design of bridge

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Design the T beam bridge and substructures
- Design the Bridge bearings
- Design the steel bridge

#### UNIT- I

Introduction: Definition, components of bridge, classification of bridges, selection of site, economical span, aesthetics consideration, necessary investigations and essential design data. Standard Specifications for Roads and Railways Bridges: General, Indian Road Congress Bridge Code, width of carriage way, clearance, various loads to be considered for the design of roads and railway bridges, detailed explanation of IRC standard live loads.

## **UNIT-II**

Design Consideration for R. C. C. Bridges: Various types of R.C.C. bridges (brief description of each type), design of R.C.C. culvert and T-beam bridges.

## **UNIT-III**

Design Consideration for Steel Bridges: Various types of steel bridges (brief description of each), design of truss and plate girder bridges.

### **UNIT-IV**

Hydraulic & Structural Design: Piers, abutments, wing-wall and approaches. Brief Description: Bearings, joints, articulation and other details.

# UNIT - V

Bridge Foundation: Various types, necessary investigations and design criteria of well foundation.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Essentials of Bridge Engineering, D.J.Victor, Oxford & IBH Pub, N. Delhi.
- 2. Design of Bridges, N. Krishna Raju, Oxford & IBH, N. Delhi.
- 3. Bridge Deck Analysis, R. P. Pama & A. R. Cusens, John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Design of Bridge Structures, T. R. Jagadish & M.A.Jairam, Prentice Hall of India, N. Delhi.

#### CE4109PE: CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

## (Professional Elective - IV)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre Requisites: Building Materials & Building Construction

# **Course Objectives:**

- This subject deals with overall planning, coordination and control of projects.
- This course gives the students scientific principles involved in construction, and
- Understanding of the behavior of construction materials and fundamentals of structural mechanics.

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Understand the roles and responsibilities of a project manager
- Prepare schedule of activities in a construction project
- Identify the equipment used in construction
- Understand safety practices in construction industry
- Prepare tender and contract document for a construction project

#### UNIT - I

Management -Fundamentals of construction project management: Introduction, Project Initiation and Planning.

#### **UNIT-II**

Planning of construction facilities - Earthwork construction - Equipment for construction,

Construction Finances – decision making, Cement concrete construction- Construction of

Piles - Construction of Cofferdams - Construction of Tunnels.

## **UNIT - III**

Development of project activity networks, Precedence Diagram Method, Critical Path Method (CPM), Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Line Balance Methods in scheduling, Time Value of Money, Investment Analysis, Cost-Benefit Analysis.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM), Lean construction, and Integrated

Project Delivery in construction, crashing of project, Cost Optimization, Invoicing, Preparation of RA bill, Safety in construction, Estimation.

# UNIT - V

Contracts: Contracts in construction, fundamentals of delay analysis and claims; Advances in construction management, tender and tender document - Deposits by the contractor - Arbitration. Negotiation - M. Book - Muster roll –stores.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Bennett, F. Lawrence., The management of construction: a project life cycle approach. Rutledge, 2003.
- Oberlender, Garold D., Project management for engineering and construction. Vol. 2.
   New York: McGraw-Hill, 1993.
- 3. Peurifoy, Robert Leroy, Cliff J. Schexnayder and Shapira A. Construction planning, equipment, and methods. No. 696 pp. McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 4. Chitkara, K. K. Construction Project Management. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2011

# CE4110PE: AIRWAYS, RAILWAYS AND WATERWAYS

# (Professional Elective - IV)

## B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

# **Course Objectives**: the objectives of the course are to

- Deal with the characteristics of aircrafts related to airport design; runway and taxiway design, length, and grading.
- Impart basic knowledge of railway track components and their functions
- Introduce geometric design of Railway Track
- Explain the classes of harbors, features, planning and design of port facilities.

## **Course Outcomes:** At the end of this course, the students will be able:

- To describe the different components of airport and aircrafts.
- To analyze the design of runways and taxiways.
- To Apply the knowledge of railway track components, materials and fastenings
- To Know the Carry out geometric design of railway track
- To know the plan of harbors and ports projects including the infrastructure required for new ports and harbors.

**UNIT – I Airport Characteristics and Planning:** Introduction to Air Transportation - Aircraft Characteristics –Data required for site selection-Factors Affecting Selection of site for Airport – Surveys for site selection-Drawings to be prepared-Estimation of future air traffic Needs.

**UNIT** – **II Run Way and Taxi way Design:** Run way orientation-Basic runway length-Correction for Elevation, Temperature and Gradient-Airport Classification-Run way Geometric Design- Factors controlling taxiway layout, Geometric design standards and Exit Taxiways

**UNIT – III Introduction to Railway Engineering:** Permanent way Components - Cross section of Permanent way- Functions of various components like Rails, sleepers and ballast-Requirements of an ideal rail-Rail Fastenings-Creep of Rails-Theories related to creep-Adzing of sleepers- Sleeper Density

**UNIT – IV Geometric design of Railway Track**: Necessity of geometric design of Railway track-Gradient and Grade Compensation: Ruling gradient, Momentum gradient, Gradient I station yards, Grade compensation on curves Super Elevation or Can: Objects of providing super elevation and negative super elevation-Cant Deficiency-Types of Curves and their necessity for providing transition curve.

**UNIT – V Dock & Harbour Engineering:** Water Transportation: Ports and Harbours - Types of water transportation, water transportation in India, Ports and harbours: requirements, classification. Harbour works: breakwaters, jetties, piers, wharves, dolphins, etc., Navigational aids: types, requirements, light house, beacon lights, Port facilities: general layout, development, planning, facilities, terminals. Docks and repair facilities: design, dry docks, wet docks, slipways, Locks and lock gates: materials, size, Dredging: classification, dredgers, uses of dredged materials.

## **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. VenkataramaiahC(2016), "Transportation Engineering Vol II Railways, Airports, Docks, Harbors, Bridges and Tunnels", Universities Press (India) Private Limited, Hyderabad
- 2. J S Mundrey, Railway Track Engineering (5th Edition) McGraw Hill Education 2017 R18 B.Tech. Civil Engg. Syllabus JNTU HYDERABAD 117

- 1. S.K.Khanna-M.G.Arora-S.S Jain (2012) Airport Planning and Design, Nem Chand & BrosRoorkee.
- 2. R. Srinivasan (2016), Harbour, Dock and Tunnel Engineering 28th Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Saxena SC and Arora S C (2010) A Text Book of Railway Engineering Paperback 2010, DhanpatRai Publications (Reprint 2015)
- 4. Robert Horonjeff, Francis X. McKelvey, Willian J Sproule, Seth B. Young (2010), Planning & Design of Airports, McGraw-Hill Professional.
- 5. Transportaion Engineering by R. Srinivasa Kumar, University Press India

### **CE4111PE: ADVANCED STRUCTURAL DESIGN**

# (Professional Elective - IV)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

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**Prerequisites:** Structural Engineering I (RCC) & II (STEEL) and Structural analysis

**Course Objective**: To make the student more conversant with the design principles of critical structures using limit state approach

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the course the student will able to:

- Enhance the capabilities to design the special structural elements as per Indian standard code of practice.
- Analyze, design, draw and detailing of critical structural components with a level of accuracy

**UNIT** – **I** Design and Detailing of cantilever type of Retaining walls – Stability Check. Principles& Design of Counter fort Retaining walls.

**UNIT – II** Flat slabs: Direct design method – Distribution of moments in column strips and middle strip-moment and shear transfer from slabs to columns – Shear in Flat slabs-Check for one way and two way shears Ribbed slabs: Analysis of the Slabs for Moment and Shears, Ultimate Moment of Resistance, Design for shear, Deflection, Arrangement of Reinforcements.

**UNIT – III** Design of RCC Circular Water Tanks.

**UNIT – IV** Introduction - Definition and basic forms – Components of a bridge - Classification of bridges – IRC Loading Standards and specifications - Design of Reinforced Concrete Slab Bridge decks.

**UNIT** – **V** Design of Steel Gantry Girders.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. Advanced RCC by Krishnam Raju, CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi.
- 2. Advanced RCC by Varghese, PHI Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Structural Design and drawing (RCC and steel) by Krishnam Raju, Univ. Press, New Delhi

4. R.C.C Structures by Dr. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi

- 1. RCC Designs by Sushil Kumar, standard publishing house.
- 2. Fundamentals of RCC by N.C. Sinha and S.K. Roy, S. Chand Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. N. Krishna Raju, Design of Bridges, Oxford & IBH Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. Fourth edition 2001

## SM4102MS: PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE, LAW & ETHICS

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

LTPC

3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- To make the students understand the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of the civil engineering profession
- To develop some ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- To familiarize the students to what constitutes professional practice, introduction of various stakeholders and their respective roles; understanding the fundamental ethics governing the profession
- To give a good insight into contracts and contracts management in civil engineering, dispute resolution mechanisms; laws governing engagement of labour
- To give an understanding of Intellectual Property Rights, Patents.
- To make the students understand the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of the civil engineering profession
- To develop good ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession

## UNIT-I

**Professional Practice** – Respective roles of various stakeholders: Government (constituting regulatory bodies and standardization organizations, prescribing norms to ensure safety of the citizens); Standardization Bodies (ex. BIS, IRC)(formulating standards of practice); professional bodies (ex. Institution of Engineers (India), Indian Roads Congress, IIA/ COA, ECI, Local Bodies/ Planning Authorities) (certifying professionals and offering platforms for interaction); Clients/ owners (role governed by contracts); Developers (role governed by regulations such as RERA); Consultants (role governed by bodies such as CEAI); Contractors (role governed by contracts and regulatory Acts and Standards); Manufacturers/ Vendors/ Service agencies (role governed by contracts and regulatory Acts and Standards).

Professional Ethics – Definition of Ethics, Professional Ethics, Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Engineering Ethics, Personal Ethics; Code of Ethics as defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India); Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility, Professional Ethics; Conflict of Interest, Gift Vs Bribery, Environmental breaches, Negligence, Deficiencies in state-of-the-art; Vigil Mechanism, Whistleblowing, protected disclosures.

## **UNIT-II:**

General Principles of Contracts Management: Indian Contract Act, 1972 and amendments covering General principles of contracting; Contract Formation & Law; Privacy of contract; Various types of contract and their features; Valid & Voidable Contracts; Prime and sub-contracts; Joint Ventures & Consortium; Complex contract terminology;

Tenders, Request For Proposals, Bids & Proposals; Bid Evaluation; Contract Conditions &

Specifications; Critical "Red Flag" conditions; Contract award & Notice To Proceed; Variations & Changes in Contracts; Differing site conditions; Cost escalation; Delays, Suspensions & Terminations; Time extensions & Force Majeure; Delay Analysis; Liquidated damages & Penalties; Insurance & Taxation; Performance and Excusable Non-performance; Contract documentation; Contract Notices; Wrong practices in contracting (Bid shopping, Bid fixing, Cartels); Reverse auction; Case Studies; Build-Own-Operate & variations; PublicPrivate Partnerships; International Commercial Terms.

#### UNIT-III:

Arbitration, Conciliation and ADR (Alternative Dispute Resolution) system: Arbitration – meaning, scope and types – distinction between laws of 1940 and 1996; UNCITRAL model law – Arbitration and expert determination; Extent of judicial intervention; International commercial arbitration; Arbitration agreements – essential and kinds, validity, reference and interim measures by court; Arbitration tribunal – appointment, challenge, jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal, powers, grounds of challenge, procedure and court assistance; Award including Form and content, Grounds for setting aside an award, Enforcement, Appeal and Revision; Enforcement of foreign awards – New York and Geneva Convention Awards; Distinction between conciliation, negotiation, mediation and arbitration, confidentiality, resort to judicial proceedings, costs; Dispute Resolution Boards; Lok Adalats.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Engagement of Labour and Labour & other construction-related Laws: Role of Labour in Civil Engineering; Methods of engaging labour- on rolls, labour sub-contract, piece rate work; Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Collective bargaining; Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946; Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923; Building & Other Construction Workers (regulation of employment and conditions of service) Act (1996) and Rules (1998); RERA Act 2017, NBC 2017.

## **UNIT-V:**

Law relating to Intellectual property: Introduction – meaning of intellectual property, main forms of IP, Copyright, Trademarks, Patents and Designs, Secrets; Law relating to Copyright in India including Historical evolution of Copy Rights Act, 1957, Meaning of copyright – computer programs, Ownership of copyrights and assignment, Criteria of infringement, Piracy in Internet – Remedies and procedures in India; Law relating to Patents under Patents Act, 1970 including Concept and historical perspective of patents law in India, Patentable inventions with special reference to biotechnology products, Patent protection for computer programs, Process of obtaining patent application, examination, opposition and sealing of patents, Patent cooperation treaty and grounds for opposition, Rights and obligations of patentee, Duration of patents – law and policy considerations, Infringement and related remedie.

# **Text/Reference Books:**

- 1. B.S. Patil, Legal Aspects of Building and Engineering Contracts, 1974.
- 2. The National Building Code, BIS, 2017
- 3. RERA Act, 2017
- 4. Meena Rao (2006), Fundamental concepts in Law of Contract, 3rd Edn. Professional Offset.
- 5. Neelima Chandiramani (2000), The Law of Contract: An Outline, 2nd Edn. Avinash Publications Mumbai
- 6. Avtarsingh (2002), Law of Contract, Eastern Book Co.
- 7. Dutt (1994), Indian Contract Act, Eastern Law House
- 8. Anson W.R. (1979), Law of Contract, Oxford University Press

- 9. Kwatra G.K. (2005), The Arbitration & Conciliation of Law in India with case law on UNCITRAL Model Law on Arbitration, Indian Council of Arbitration
- 10. Wadhera (2004), Intellectual Property Rights, Universal Law Publishing Co.
- 11. T. Ramappa (2010), Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House
- 12. Bare text (2005), Right to Information Act

### MC4001\*: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem

LTPC

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#### UNIT – I

Introduction to Intellectual property: Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

#### UNIT – II

Trade Marks: Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

#### UNIT – III

Law of copy rights: Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law.

Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

## UNIT - IV

Trade Secrets: Trade secrete law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

## UNIT - V

New development of intellectual property: new developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits.

International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

### **TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
- 2. Intellectual property right Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.

## **CE4202PE: REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES**

## (Professional Elective-V)

## B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

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**Course Objectives:** To understand the various concepts of rehabilitation and retrofitting of structures

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Develop various maintenance and repair strategies.
- Evaluate the existing buildings through field investigations.
- Understand and use the different techniques for structural retrofitting

#### UNIT – I

Introduction – Deterioration of Structures – Distress in Structures – Causes and Prevention. Mechanism of Damage – Types of Damage

#### UNIT – II

Corrosion of Steel Reinforcement – Causes – Mechanism and Prevention. Damage of Structures due to Fire – Fire Rating of Structures – Phenomena of Desiccation.

#### UNIT – III

Inspection and Testing – Symptoms and Diagnosis of Distress – Damage assessment –NDT.

### UNIT - IV

Repair of Structure – Common Types of Repairs – Repair in Concrete Structures –Repairs in Under Water Structures – Guniting – Shot Create – Underpinning.Strengthening of Structures – Strengthening Methods – Retrofitting – Jacketing.

## UNIT - V

Health Monitoring of Structures – Use of Sensors – Building Instrumentation.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Maintenance and Repair of Civil Structures, B.L. Gupta and Amit Gupta, Standard Publications.
- 2. Concrete Technology by A.R. Santa kumar, Oxford University press

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Defects and Deterioration in Buildings, EF & N Spon, London
- 2. Non-Destructive Evaluation of Concrete Structures by Bungey Surrey University Press
- 3. Concrete Repair and Maintenance Illustrated, RS Means Company Inc W.H. Ranso, (1981)
- 4. Building Failures: Diagnosis and Avoidance, EF & N Spon, London, B.A. Richardson, (1991).

### **CE4203PE STOCHASTIC HYDROLOGY**

# (Professional Elective - V)

## B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre Requisites**: Water Resources Engineering

**Course Objectives:** Understanding probabilities intervention of dynamics characteristic of water

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to understand methods of Hydrology, flood frequency modeling of hydrologic etc.

### UNIT - I

Deterministic and Stochastic Hydrology, Need for statistical methods in hydrology, Continuous, and Discrete distributions.

## **UNIT - II**

Moments and expectations, Parameter estimation, Probability plotting, Regional floodfrequency analysis.

## **UNIT - III**

Hypothesis Testing, linear regression, Hydrologic Time Series Analysis - Modeling of Hydrology.

## **UNIT - IV**

Time Series - Data generation techniques, Autoregressive processes.

#### UNIT - V

Models for operational hydrology.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Charles T. Haan, Statistical Methods in Hydrology, East West Publishers, 1998.
- 2. Jaya Rami Reddy, Stochastic Hydrology, Laxmi Publications, 1997.
- 3. Stochastic Process in Hydrology Kottegoda Prentice Hall International

#### **CE4204PE: SOIL DYNAMICS AND MACHINE FOUNDATIONS**

### (Professional Elective - V)

#### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre Requisites: Soil Dynamics

**Course Objectives:** To understand the wave propagation in soils, determine dynamic properties of soil for analyzing and designing foundations subjected to vibratory loading.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understanding the fundamentals of vibration wave progression and dynamic soil properties
- Design machine foundations resting on soils

#### UNIT - I

**Fundamentals of Vibration**: Definitions, Simple harmonic motion, Response of SDOF systems of Free and Forced vibrations with and without viscous damping, Frequency dependent excitation, Systems under transient loads, Rayleigh's method of fundamental frequency, Logarithmic decrement, Determination of viscous damping, Transmissibility, Systems with Two and Multiple degrees of freedom, Vibration measuring instruments.

#### UNIT - II

Wave Propagation and Dynamic Soil Properties: Propagation of seismic waves in soil deposits - Attenuation of stress waves, Stress-strain behavior of cyclically loaded soils, Strength of cyclically loaded soils, Dynamic soil properties - Laboratory and field testing techniques, Elastic constants of soils, Correlations for shear modulus and damping ratio in sand, gravels, clays and lightly cemented sand. Liquefaction of soils: An introduction and evaluation using simple methods.

#### UNIT - III

**Vibration Analyses**: Types, General Requirements, Permissible amplitude, Allowable soil pressure, Modes of vibration of a rigid foundation block, Methods of analysis, Lumped Mass models, elastic half space method, elasto-dynamics, effect of footing shape on vibratory response, dynamic response of embedded block foundation, Vibration isolation.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Design of Machine Foundations**: Analysis and design of block foundations for reciprocating engines, Dynamic analysis and design procedure for a hammer foundation, IS code of practice design procedure for foundations of reciprocating and impact type machines.

Vibration isolation and absorption techniques.

#### UNIT - V

**Machine Foundations on Piles**: Introduction, Analysis of piles under vertical vibrations, Analysis of piles under translation and rocking, Analysis of piles under torsion, Design procedure for a pile supported machine foundation.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Swami Saran Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations, Galgotia Publications Pvt.
   Ltd.
- Principles of Soil Dynamics, Das, Braja M., and Ramana G.V. 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning Engineering Publishers, 2010
- 3. Kameswara Rao, N.S.V. Vibration Analysis and Foundation Dynamics, Wheeler Publication Ltd. 1998.

### **REFERENCES:**

- Prakash, S. and Puri, V. K. Foundation for Machines: Analysis and Design, John Wiley & Sons, 1998.
- 2. Prakash, S. Soil Dynamics, McGraw Hill, 1981.

#### **CE4205PE: TRAFFIC ENGINEERING**

### (Professional Elective - VI)

#### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre Requisites: Transportation Engineering.

**Course Objectives:** To provide engineering techniques to achieve the safe and efficient movement of people and goods on roadways.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand basics principles of Traffic Engineering
- Analyze parking data and model accidents
- Determine capacity and LOS.
- To provide engineering techniques to achieve Safe and efficient movement of people and goods on roadways

#### UNIT - I

Traffic Studies (Part- I): Basic principles of Traffic, Volume, Speed and Density; Definitions and their interrelationships; Traffic Volume studies - Objectives, Methods of Volume counts, Presentation of Volume Data; Speed studies- Types of Speeds, Objectives, Methods of speed studies, Statistical Methods for speed data Analysis, Presentation of speed data. Delay Studies; Head ways and Gap Studies - Headway and Gap acceptance, Origin and Destination Studies.

#### **UNIT - II**

Traffic Studies (Part-II): Parking Studies: parameters of parking, definitions, Parking inventory study, Parking survey by Patrolling method; Analysis of Parking Survey data; Accident studies-Causative factors of Road accidents, Accident data collection: Accident analysis and modeling;, Road Safety Auditing, Measures to increase Road safety.

### **UNIT - III**

Capacity and LOS Analysis: Introduction to Traffic capacity, Analysis concepts, Level of Service, Basic definitions, Factors affecting Capacity and LOS, Capacity of Urban/Rural Highway, With or without access control, Basic freeway segments - Service flow rate of LOS, Lane width or Lateral clearance adjustment; Heavy vehicle adjustment; Driver population adjustment.

**UNIT – IV** Signal Designing – Fixed Time signals, Determination of Optimum Cycle length and Signal setting for Fixed Time signals, Warrants for Signals, Time Plan Design for Pre-Timed

Control- Lane group analysis, Saturation flow rate, and Adjustment factors, Uniform and Incremental Delay, Vehicle Actuated Signals, Signal Coordination.

#### UNIT - V

Transportation System Management - Measures for Improving vehicular flow – one way Streets, Signal Improvement, Transit Stop Relocation, Parking Management, Reversible lanes- Reducing Peak Period Traffic - Strategies for working hours, Congestion Pricing, Differential Toll Policies.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Khanna, S.K, Justo, A and Veera Ragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Nem Chand & Bros.Revised Tenth Edition, 2014
- 2. Kadiyali L.R. and Lal NB, Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering; Seventh Edition, First Reprint; Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018

#### **Code of Provisions:**

Design Codes: IRC 37-2012, IRC 58-2015, IRC 81-1997

- 1. Papacoastas, C. S. and Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, Third Edition, Third Impression; Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. Khisty C J and Lall B Kent; Transportation Engineering: An Introduction, Third Edition, 1st Indian Adaptation; Pearson India Education Service Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 2017.
- 3. Subhash C Saxena, Text Book of Highway and Traffic Engineering; First Edition; CBS Publishers and Distributors. New Delhi, 2014
- 4. C Venkatramaih, Transportation Engineering Volume 1 Highway Engineering, 1st Edition, Universities Press, 2016
- 5. Garber, N.J. and Hoel, L.A. Traffic and Highway Engineering, Fourth Edition; Cengage Learning, Stamford, CT, USA, 2010
- 6. Partha chakroborty and Animesh Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI, 2013
- 7. Nicholas J Garber and Lester A Hoel, Traffic and Highway Engineering, 5th Edition, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, New Delhi, 5th Indian Reprint, 201

#### CE4206PE: INDUSTRIAL WASTE WATER TREATMENT

### (Professional Elective - VI)

#### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Prerequisite**: Environmental Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- To present the information of wastewater generation from various industries
- To inform about the conventional treatment processes for specific industrial wastewaters
- To explain about the new developments in industrial wastewater treatment technologies

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the characteristics of industrial wastewaters
- Describe pollution effects of disposal of industrial effluent
- Identify and design treatment options for industrial wastewater
- Formulate environmental management plan

#### UNIT - I

Introduction: Wastewater Characteristics, Standards of Disposal, Treatment Objective and Strategies, Layouts of Primary, Secondary and Advanced Treatment Units.

#### UNIT - II

Design of Preliminary and Primary Treatment Operations: Screens, Grit Chambers, Skimming Tank, Primary and Secondary Sedimentation Tanks.

### **UNIT - III**

Biological Treatment Processes: Types, Kinetics of Plug Flow and Completely Mixed Systems. Attached Growth Processes: Trickling Filters (Standard Rate, High Rate), Biofilters, Practices, Features and Design, Operational Difficulties and Remedial Measures, Rotating Biological Contactors. Suspended Growth Processes:

#### **UNIT - IV**

Activated Sludge Process, Modifications and Design Equations, Process Design Criteria, Oxygen and Nutrient Requirements - Classification and Design of Oxidation Ponds, Lagoons.

#### UNIT – V

Sludge Treatment and Disposal: Sludge Thickening, Aerobic and Anaerobic Sludge Digestion Processes, Design of Digester Tank, Sludge Dewatering, Ultimate Disposal, Sludge Drying Beds, Other Methods of Sludge Treatment.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Wastewater Treatment Concepts and Design Approach, by G L Karia and R A Christian, Prentice Hall of India, 2006
- 2. Environmental Engineering by Gerard Kiely, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, 2013
- 3. Environmental Engineering A Design Approach by A. P. Sincero and G A Sincero, Prentice Hall of India, 2014

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Wastewater Engineering Collection, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse by Metcalf and Eddy, , McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, 2013
- 2. Industrial Waste Treatment by Nelson Leonard Nemerow, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007.
- 3. Biological Process Designs for Wastewater Treatment by Benefield L.D. and Randall C.D. Prentice Hall Pub. Co., 1980.

#### **CE4207PE PIPELINE ENGINEERING**

### (Professional Elective –VI)

#### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Pre-Requisites**: Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulics and Hydraulic machinery

### **Course Objectives:**

- To familiarize the students with the various elements and stages involved in transportation of water.
- To understand standards and practices in piping design.
- To know various equipment and their operation in pipeline transportation. ☐ To understand technology in transportation of fluids.

**Course Outcome:** At the end of the course the student will able to:

• Get an understanding of the key steps in a pipeline's lifecycle: design, construction, installation, asset management and maintenance.

**UNIT - I** Elements of pipeline design: Types of piping systems; transmission lines, In-plant piping systems, Distribution mains, Service lines. Types of Water distribution networks; serial networks, branched networks and looped networks. Network components and Network model. Basic hydraulic principles; continuity and Energy principle. Pipeline route selection, survey and geotechnical guidelines: Introduction - Preliminary route selection - Key factors for route selection - Engineering survey - Legal survey - Construction / As-built survey - Geotechnical design.

**UNIT** – **II** Frictional Head loss in Pipes: Major and Minor losses, artificially roughened pipes, moody Diagram. Friction coefficient relationships, Empirical formulae, Simple pipe flow problems Equivalent pipes; pipes in series, parallel, series-parallel; problems. Water Hammer and energy transmission through pipes: gradual and Instantaneous closure.

**UNIT**– **III** Reservoirs, Pumps and Valves: Types of Reservoirs, Pumps; introduction, system head-discharge pump head and head-discharge relationships, characteristic curves, pump combination. Valves: check valves, flow control valves, Pressure reducing valves, both Flow control and Pressure Reducing Valves. Network Parameters and Types of analysis: Network parameters, Parameter interrelationships, Necessity of Analysis, common Assumptions, types of analysis, rules for Solvability of Pipe networks.

**UNIT** – **IV** Network Formulation of Equations: States of parameters, Single-Source Networks with known pipe Resistances. Multisource Networks with known pipes resistances. Networks with unknown pipe resistances. Inclusion of Pumps, Check Valves, Flow Control Valves and Pressure Reducing Valves – Problems. Hardy Cross Method: Methods of balancing heads (Loop Method). Method of Balancing Flows (Node Method). Modified Hardy Cross Method. Convergence Problem. Different software for WDN analysis and design.

**UNIT - V** Materials selection and quality management: Elements of design – Materials designation standards – Quality management.Pipeline construction: Construction – Commissioning. Pipeline protection, Instrumentation, pigging & Operations: Pipeline coating Cathodic protection – Cathodic protection calculations for land pipelines – Internal corrosion – Flow meters and their calibration – Sensors – Pigs-Pipeline Operations and maintenance.

### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. Analysis of Water Distribution Networks, P.R. Bhave and R. Gupta, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Pipeline Engineering, Henry Liu, Lewis Publishers (CRC Press), 2003.
- 3. Piping and Pipeline Engineering: Design, Construction, Maintenance Integrity and Repair, George A. Antaki, CRC Press, 2003.

- 1. Piping Calculation Manual, E. Shashi Menon, McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 2. Pipeline Rules of Thumb Handbook, E. W. McAllister, 7th Edition, 2009.
- 3. Liquid Pipeline Hydraulics, E. Shashi Menon, Mareel Dekker Inc., 2004.

#### **CE32100E: BASICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

### (Open Elective – I)

### B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

### **Course objectives:** The objectives of the course are:

- To explain the concepts of Civil Engineering.
- To Understand the Building Materials for construction
- To understand the concept of Transportation
- To explain the Soil Characteristics for best foundation
- To know the Drinking water Standards & Water Treatment Units.

### **Course Outcomes**: On successful completion of this course, students should be able to:

- Identify different types of building materials for construction.
- Discuss types of Traffic Flow Characteristics.
- To know the soil classification and its properties.
- Distinguish and understand Drinking water and Waste water properties.

## **UNIT-I, Building Materials for Construction**

Bricks & Cement: qualities of good bricks, types of brick, ingredients of cement, types of cement, Grade of cement.

Concrete & Steel: Properties of cement concrete, types of concrete based on usage & properties and uses of various types of steel, Admixtures.

Building components: lintels, walls, stair cases, types of floors, types of roofs, doors, windows-material-types, Finishers-Plastering, Painting, Tiles.

### **UNIT- II Transportation Engineering**

Highway: History and Importance of Highways, Classification of roads, highway cross section, types of Pavement.

Traffic: Road safety-Traffic signals &its types. Road intersections & its types.

Railway: Permanent way, Components parts its functions.

Airway: Typical Airport layout, Factors for airport site selection.

### **UNIT – III Geotechnical Engineering**

Soil formation and its three phase diagram, I.S. Classification of soils. Permeability & its Factors affecting, capillary rise. Compaction – factors affecting compaction.

Geology- Different types & its properties of Rocks & Minerals.

### **UNIT - IV Water Resources & Irrigation Engineering**

Hydrologic cycle, Forms of precipitation, measurement of precipitation by Symons rain gauge.

Abstractions from precipitation: Infiltration, Evaporation & Runoff & their Factors affecting.

Irrigation: Water requirement of crops, canal & its losses, Types of lining-Advantages and disadvantages.

Types of dams, Factors affecting selection of a dam site. Tunneling- Purposes of tunneling.

### **UNIT - V Environmental Engineering**

Drinking Water: types of water demand – factors affecting water quality and testing – drinking water standards. Layout and general outline of water treatment units.

Waste water: Waste water treatment plant Flow diagram. Waste water collection, manholes & house drainage.

Air & Sound pollution – Effects & Controlling methods.

### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Building Construction by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Transportation Engineering by Khanna & Justo
- 3. Geotechnical Engineering by Arora
- 4. Water Resources & Irrigation Engineering by SK Garg
- 5. Environmental Engineering by Dr.B.C.Punmia

#### **CE32110E: BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION**

### (Open Elective – I)

### B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T/P/D C 3 0/0/0 3

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course is to

- List the construction material.
- Explain different construction techniques
- Understand the building bye-laws
- Highlight the smart building materials

**Course Outcomes**: After the completion of the course student should be able to

- Define the Basic terminology that is used in the industry
- Categorize different building materials, properties and their uses

#### Unit- I

Cement: Introduction, ingredients of cement, types of cement, cement mortar uses.

Concrete: Properties of cement concrete, materials, standard concrete mix proportions, curing of concrete, methods-effects of improper curing.

#### **Unit-II**

Bricks & Bricks masonry: qualities of good bricks, types of bricks, brick masonry and types of brick masonry

Timber: Structure of a tree, defects in timber, seasoning of timber, qualities of good timber, important Indian timber trees.

#### **Unit-III**

Construction Materials: Stone-type of building stones, glass-types based on usage, plastics-advantages and disadvantages, uses, ceramics-types used in building industry.

Structural steel: properties and uses of various types of steel, types. Girders-types & uses

#### **Unit-IV**

Building components: lintels, walls, stair cases, types of floors, types of roofs, doors, windows-material-types.

Fire protection: hazards, classification of fire resistant materials and constructions.

#### Unit- V

Building planning: principles of building planning, classification of buildings and building bylaws. Building Services: Plumbing-water distribution, sanitary-lines and fittings, ventilations: functional requirements, system of ventilations.

### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. Building Materials and Construction Arora & Bindra, Dhanpat Roy Publications.
- 2. Building Materials and Construction by G C Sahu, Joygopal Jena McGraw hill Pvt Ltd 2015.
- 3. Building Construction by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.

- 1. Building Materials by Duggal, New Age International.
- 2. Building Materials by P. C. Varghese, PHI.
- 3. Building Construction by PC Varghese PHI.
- 4. Construction Technology Vol I & II by R. Chubby, Longman UK.
- 5. Alternate Building Materials and Technology, Jagadish, Venkatarama Reddy and others; New Age Publications.

#### **CE4112OE: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

### (Open Elective-II)

#### B. Tech, IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to

- Define and Classify Environmental Impacts and the terminology
- Understands the environmental Impact assessment procedure
- Explain the EIA methodology
- List and describe environmental audits

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Identify the environmental attributes to be considered for the EIA study
- Formulate objectives of the EIA studies
- Identify the methodology to prepare rapid EIA
- Prepare EIA reports and environmental management plans

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction**: The Need for EIA, Indian Policies Requiring EIA, The EIA Cycle and Procedures, Screening, Scoping, Baseline Data, Impact Prediction, Assessment of Alternatives, Delineation of Mitigation Measure and EIA Report, Public Hearing, Decision Making, Monitoring the Clearance Conditions, Components of EIA, Roles in the EIA Process. Government of India Ministry of Environment and Forest Notification (2000), List of projects requiring Environmental clearance, Application form, Composition of Expert Committee, Ecological sensitive places, International agreements.

#### UNIT-II

**EIA Methodologies**: Environmental attributes-Criteria for the selection of EIA methodology, impact identification, impact measurement, impact interpretation & Evaluation, impact communication, Methods-Adhoc methods, Checklists methods, Matrices methods, Networks methods, Overlays methods. EIA review- Baseline Conditions -Construction Stage Impacts, post project impacts.

#### **UNIT-III**

**Environmental Management Plan:** EMP preparation, Monitoring Environmental Management Plan, Identification of Significant or Unacceptable Impacts Requiring Mitigation, Mitigation Plans and Relief & Rehabilitation, Stipulating the Conditions, Monitoring Methods, Pre-Appraisal and Appraisal.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Environmental Legislation and Life cycle Assessment: Environmental laws and protection acts, Constitutional provisions-powers and functions of Central and State government, The Environment (Protection) Act 1986, The Water Act 1974, The Air act 1981, Wild Life act 1972, Guidelines for control of noise, loss of biodiversity, solid and Hazardous waste management rules. Life cycle assessment: Life cycle analysis, Methodology, Management, Flow of materials-cost criteria case studies.

#### **UNIT-V**

Case Studies: Preparation of EIA for developmental projects- Factors to be considered in making assessment decisions, Water Resources Project, Pharmaceutical industry, thermal plant, Nuclear fuel complex, Highway project, Sewage treatment plant, Municipal Solid waste processing plant, Air ports.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Anjaneyulu. Y and Manickam. V., Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies, B.S.
   Publications, Hyderabad, 2007
- 2. Barthwal, R. R., Environmental Impact Assessment, New Age International Publishers, 2002

- 1. Jain, R.K., Urban, L.V., Stracy, G.S., Environmental Impact Analysis, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York, 1991.
- 2. Rau, J.G. and Wooten, D.C., Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw Hill Pub. Co., New York, 1996.

#### CE41113OE: INDUSTRIAL WASTE WATER TREATMENT

### (Open Elective - II)

#### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

**Prerequisite**: Environmental Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- To present the information of wastewater generation from various industries
- To inform about the conventional treatment processes for specific industrial
- wastewaters
- To explain about the new developments in industrial wastewater treatment
- technologies

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the characteristics of industrial wastewaters
- Describe pollution effects of disposal of industrial effluent
- Identify and design treatment options for industrial wastewater
- Formulate environmental management plan

#### UNIT - I

Introduction: Wastewater Characteristics, Standards of Disposal, Treatment Objective and Strategies, Layouts of Primary, Secondary and Advanced Treatment Units.

#### UNIT - II

Design of Preliminary and Primary Treatment Operations: Screens, Grit Chambers, Skimming Tank, Primary and Secondary Sedimentation Tanks.

### UNIT - III

Biological Treatment Processes: Types, Kinetics of Plug Flow and Completely Mixed Systems. Attached Growth Processes: Trickling Filters (Standard Rate, High Rate), Biofilters, Practices, Features and Design, Operational Difficulties and Remedial Measures, Rotating Biological Contactors. Suspended Growth Processes:

#### **UNIT - IV**

Activated Sludge Process, Modifications and Design Equations, Process Design Criteria, Oxygen and Nutrient Requirements - Classification and Design of Oxidation Ponds, Lagoons.

#### UNIT - V

Sludge Treatment and Disposal: Sludge Thickening, Aerobic and Anaerobic Sludge Digestion Processes, Design of Digester Tank, Sludge Dewatering, Ultimate Disposal, Sludge Drying Beds, Other Methods of Sludge Treatment.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Wastewater Treatment Concepts and Design Approach, by G L Karia and R A Christian, Prentice Hall of India, 2006
- 2. Environmental Engineering by Gerard Kiely, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, 2013
- 3. Environmental Engineering A Design Approach by A. P. Sincero and G A Sincero, Prentice Hall of India, 2014

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Wastewater Engineering Collection, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse by Metcalf and Eddy, , McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, 2013
- 2. Industrial Waste Treatment by Nelson Leonard Nemerow, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007.
- 3. Biological Process Designs for Wastewater Treatment by Benefield L.D. and Randall C.D. Prentice Hall Pub. Co., 1980.

#### **CE4208OE: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS**

### (Open Elective - III)

#### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem

L T/P/D C

3 0/0/0 3

Pre Requisites: Surveying

**Course Objectives:** This course will make the student to understand about the principles of GIS, Remote Sensing, Spatial Systems, and its applications to Engineering Problems.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Retrieve the information content of remotely sensed data
- Analyze the energy interactions in the atmosphere and earth surface features
- Interpret the images for preparation of thematic maps
- Apply problem specific remote sensing data for engineering applications
- Analyze spatial and attribute data for solving spatial problems
- Create GIS and cartographic outputs for presentation

### UNIT – I

**Introduction to Photogrammetry:** Principles& types of aerial photograph, geometry of vertical aerial photograph, Scale & Height measurement on single vertical aerial photograph, Height measurement based on relief displacement, Fundamentals of stereoscopy, fiducial points, parallax measurement using fiducial line.

#### UNIT - II

**Remote Sensing:** Basic concept of remote sensing, Data and Information, Remote sensing data Collection, Remote sensing advantages & Limitations, Remote Sensing process. Electromagnetic Spectrum, Energy interactions with atmosphere and with earth surfacefeatures (soil, water, vegetation), Indian Satellites and Sensors characteristics, Resolution, Map and Image and False color composite, introduction to digital data, elements of visual interpretation techniques.

#### UNIT - III

Geographic Information Systems: Introduction to GIS; Components of a GIS; Geospatial Data: Spatial Data-Attribute data – Joining Spatial and Attribute data; GIS Operations: Spatial Data Input- Attribute data Management –Data display- Data Exploration- Data Analysis. COORDINATE SYSTEMS: Geographic Coordinate System: Approximation of the Earth, Datum; Map Projections: Types of Map Projections-Map projection parameters- Commonly used Map Projections - Projected coordinate Systems

#### UNIT - IV

**Vector Data Model**: Representation of simple features- Topology and its importance; coverage and its data structure, Shape file; Data models for composite features Object BasedVector Data Model; Classes and their Relationship; The geobase data model; Geometric representation of Spatial Feature and data structure, Topology rules

#### UNIT - V

**Raster Data Model**: Elements of the Raster data model, Types of Raster Data, Raster Data Structure, Data Conversion, Integration of Raster and Vector data.

**Data Input:** Metadata, Conversion of Existing data, creating new data; Remote Sensing data, Field data, Text data, Digitizing, Scanning, on screen digitizing, importance of source map, Data Editing

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Remote Sensing and GIS Lillesand and Kiefer, John Willey 2008.
- 2. Remote Sensing and GIS B. Bhatta by Oxford Publishers 2015.
- 3. Introduction to Geographic Information System Kang-Tsung Chang, McGraw-Hill 2015

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Concepts & Techniques of GIS by C. P. Lo Albert, K.W. Yonng, Prentice Hall (India) Publications.
- 2. Principals of Geo physical Information Systems Peter A Burragh and Rachael A. Mc Donnell, Oxford Publishers 2004.
- 3. Basics of Remote sensing & GIS by S. Kumar, Laxmi Publications.

#### **CE4209OE: DISASTER MANAGEMENT**

### (Open Elective - III)

### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

LTPC

3003

Course Objectives: The subject provides different disasters, tools and methods for disaster management.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understanding Disasters, man-made Hazards and Vulnerabilities
- Understanding disaster management mechanism
- Understanding capacity building concepts and planning of disaster managements

#### UNIT - I

**Understanding Disaster:** Concept of Disaster - Different approaches- Concept of Risk - Levels of Disasters - Disaster Phenomena and Events (Global, national and regional)

**Hazards and Vulnerabilities:** Natural and man-made hazards; response time, frequency and forewarning levels of different hazards - Characteristics and damage potential or natural hazards; hazard assessment - Dimensions of vulnerability factors; vulnerability assessment - Vulnerability and disaster risk - Vulnerabilities to flood and earthquake hazards

#### UNIT - II

**Disaster Management Mechanism:** Concepts of risk management and crisis managements - Disaster Management Cycle - Response and Recovery - Development, Prevention, Mitigation and Preparedness - Planning for Relief

### **UNIT - III**

**Capacity Building:** Capacity Building: Concept - Structural and Nonstructural Measures Capacity Assessment; Strengthening Capacity for Reducing Risk - Counter-Disaster Resources and their utility in Disaster Management - Legislative Support at the state and national levels

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Coping with Disaster:** Coping Strategies; alternative adjustment processes – Changing Concepts of disaster management - Industrial Safety Plan; Safety norms and survival kits - Mass media and disaster management

#### UNIT - V

**Planning for disaster management:** Strategies for disaster management planning - Steps for formulating a disaster risk reduction plan - Disaster management Act and Policy in India - Organizational structure for disaster management in India - Preparation of state and district disaster management plans

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Manual on Disaster Management, National Disaster Management, Agency Govt of India.
- 2. Disaster Management by Mrinalini Pandey Wiley 2014.
- 3. Disaster Science and Management by T. Bhattacharya, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd Wiley 2015

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Earth and Atmospheric Disasters Management, N. Pandharinath, CK Rajan, BS Publications 2009.
- 2. National Disaster Management Plan, Ministry of Home affairs, Government of India (http://www.ndma.gov.in/images/policyplan/dmplan/draftndmp.pdf)

# OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY OTHER DEPARTMENTS

# COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING

# Open Elective – I

CS3211OE	Introduction to Data Science
CS3212OE	Data mining
CS3213OE	Computer Forensics

### **CS32110E: INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE**

#### **B.TECH III Year II Sem.**

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- Learn data science project concepts
- Learn to collect data and process
- Learn to visualize data

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to collect data from various resources and process data
- Able to plot data using various methods
- Able to develop and evaluate models

#### **Unit – I: Introduction**

Introduction to Data Science – Evolution of Data Science – Data Science Roles – Stages in a Data Science Project – Applications of Data Science in various fields – Data Security Issues.

# Unit - II: Data Collection and Data Pre-Processing

Data Collection Strategies – Data Pre-Processing Overview – Data Cleaning – Data Integration and Transformation – Data Reduction – Data Discretization.

# **Unit – III: Exploratory Data Analytics**

Descriptive Statistics – Mean, Standard Deviation, Skewness and Kurtosis – Box Plots – Pivot Table – Heat Map – Correlation Statistics – ANOVA.

### **Unit – IV: Model Development**

Simple and Multiple Regression – Model Evaluation using Visualization – Residual Plot Distribution Plot – Polynomial Regression and Pipelines – Measures for In-sample Evaluation – Prediction and Decision Making.

#### **Unit – V: Model Evaluation**

Generalization Error – Out-of-Sample Evaluation Metrics – Cross Validation – Over fitting Under Fitting and Model Selection – Prediction by using Ridge Regression – Testing multiple Parameters by using Grid Search.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Jojo Moolayil, "Smarter Decisions: The Intersection of IoT and Data Science", PACKT, 2016.
- 2. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, "Doing Data Science", O'Reilly, 2015.
- 3. David Dietrich, Barry Heller, Beibei Yang, "Data Science and Big data Analytics", EMC 2013
- 4. Raj, Pethuru, "Handbook of Research on Cloud Infrastructures for Big Data Analytics", IGI Global.

#### **B.TECH III Year II Sem.**

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- Learn data mining concepts understand association rules mining.
- Discuss classification algorithms learn how data is grouped using clustering techniques.
- To develop the abilities of critical analysis to data mining systems and applications.
- To implement practical and theoretical understanding of the technologies for data mining
- To understand the strengths and limitations of various data mining models;

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to perform the preprocessing of data and apply mining techniques on it.
- Ability to identify the association rules, classification and clusters in large data sets.
- Ability to solve real world problems in business and scientific information using data mining
- Ability to classify web pages, extracting knowledge from the web

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction to Data Mining:** Introduction, What is Data Mining, Definition, KDD, Challenges, Data Mining Tasks, Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning, Missing data, Dimensionality Reduction, Feature Subset Selection, Discretization and Binaryzation, Data Transformation; Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity-Basics.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Association Rules:** Problem Definition, Frequent Item Set Generation, The APRIORI Principle, Support and Confidence Measures, Association Rule Generation; APRIOIRI Algorithm, The Partition Algorithms, FP-Growth Algorithms, Compact Representation of Frequent Item Set- Maximal Frequent Item Set, Closed Frequent Item Set.

#### **UNIT - III**

Classification: Problem Definition, General Approaches to solving a classification problem, Evaluation of Classifiers, Classification techniques, Decision Trees-Decision tree Construction, Methods for Expressing attribute test conditions, Measures for Selecting the Best Split, Algorithm for Decision tree Induction; Naive-Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks; K- Nearest neighbor classification-Algorithm and Characteristics.

### **UNIT-IV**

**Clustering:** Problem Definition, Clustering Overview, Evaluation of Clustering Algorithms, Partitioning Clustering-K-Means Algorithm, K-Means Additional issues, PAM Algorithm;

Hierarchical Clustering-Agglomerative Methods and divisive methods, Basic Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Algorithm, Specific techniques, Key Issues in Hierarchical Clustering, Strengths and Weakness; Outlier Detection.

### UNIT - V

Web and Text Mining: Introduction, web mining, web content mining, web structure mining, we usage mining, Text mining –unstructured text, episode rule discovery for texts, hierarchy of categories, text clustering.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Mining- Concepts and Techniques- Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, 2 Edition, 2006.
- 2. Introduction to Data Mining, Pang-Ning Tan, Vipin Kumar, Michael Steinbanch, Pearson Education.
- 3. Data mining Techniques and Applications, Hongbo Du Cengage India Publishing

- 1. Data Mining Techniques, Arun K Pujari, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Universities Press.
- 2. Data Mining Principles & Applications T.V Sveresh Kumar, B.Esware Reddy, Jagadish S Kalimani, Elsevier.
- 3. Data Mining, Vikaram Pudi, P Radha Krishna, Oxford University Press

#### **CS32130E: COMPUTER FORENSICS**

#### **B.TECH III Year II Sem.**

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the cyberspace.
- To understand the **forensics** fundamentals.
- To understand the evidence capturing process.
- To understand the preservation of **digital** evidence.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Students will understand the usage of computers in forensic, and how to use various forensic tools for a wide variety of investigations.
- It gives an opportunity to students to continue their zeal in research in computer forensics.

#### UNIT - I

Computer Forensics Fundamentals: What is Computer Forensics?, Use of Computer Forensics in Law Enforcement, Computer Forensics Assistance to Human Resources/Employment Proceedings, Computer Forensics Services, Benefits of Professional Forensics Methodology, Steps taken by Computer Forensics Specialists Types of Computer Forensics Technology: Types of Military Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Law Enforcement — Computer Forensic Technology — Types of Business Computer Forensic Technology Computer Forensics Evidence and Capture: Data Recovery Defined — Data Back-up and Recovery — The Role of Back-up in Data Recovery — The Data-Recovery Solution.

### **UNIT-II**

Evidence Collection and Data Seizure: Why Collect Evidence? Collection Options — Obstacles — Types of Evidence — The Rules of Evidence — Volatile Evidence — General Procedure — Collection and Archiving — Methods of Collection — Artifacts — Collection Steps — Controlling Contamination: The Chain of Custody Duplication and Preservation of Digital Evidence: Preserving the Digital Crime Scene — Computer Evidence Processing Steps — Legal Aspects of Collecting and Preserving Computer Forensic Evidence Computer Image Verification and Authentication: Special Needs of Evidential Authentication — Practical Consideration — Practical Implementation.

### **UNIT - III**

Computer Forensics analysis and validation: Determining what data to collect and analyze, validating forensic data, addressing data-hiding techniques, performing remote acquisitions **Network Forensics:** Network forensics overview, performing live acquisitions, developing standard procedures for network forensics, using network tools, examining the honeynet project.

**Processing Crime and Incident Scenes:** Identifying digital evidence, collecting evidence in private-sector incident scenes, processing law enforcement crime scenes, preparing for a search, securing a computer incident or crime scene, seizing digital evidence at the scene, storing digital evidence, obtaining a digital hash, reviewing a case

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Current Computer Forensic tools:** evaluating computer forensic tool needs, computer forensics software tools, computer forensics hardware tools, validating and testing forensics software E-Mail Investigations: Exploring the role of e-mail in investigation, exploring the roles of the client and server in e-mail, investigating e-mail crimes and violations, understanding e-mail servers, using specialized e-mail forensic tools.

**Cell phone and mobile device forensics**: Understanding mobile device forensics, understanding acquisition procedures for cell phones and mobile devices.

#### **UNIT - V**

**Working with Windows and DOS Systems**: understanding file systems, exploring Microsoft File Structures, Examining NTFS disks, Understanding whole disk encryption, windows registry, Microsoft startup tasks, MS-DOS startup tasks, virtual machines.

#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation by John R. Vacca, Firewall Media, New Delhi.
- 2. Computer Forensics and Investigations by Nelson, Phillips Enfinger, Steuart, CENGAGE Learning

- 1. Real Digital Forensics by Keith J. Jones, Richard Bejtiich, Curtis W. Rose, Addison-Wesley Pearson Education
- 2. Forensic Compiling, A Tractitioneris Guide by Tony Sammes and Brian Jenkinson, Springer International edition.
- 3. Computer Evidence Collection & Presentation by Christopher L.T. Brown, Firewall Media.
- 4. Homeland Security, Techniques & Technologies by Jesus Mena, Firewall Media.
- 5. Software Forensics Collecting Evidence from the Scene of a Digital Crime by Robert M. Slade, TMH 2005
- 6. Windows Forensics by Chad Steel, Wiley India Edition.

# Open Elective – II

CS41210E	Python Programming
CS4122OE	R Programming
CS4123OE	JAVA Programming

#### **CS41210E: PYTHON PROGRAMMING**

#### B.TECH. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- To be able to introduce core programming basics and program design with functions using Python programming language.
- To understand a range of Object-Oriented Programming, as well as in-depth data and information processing techniques.
- To understand the high-performance programs designed to strengthen the practical expertise.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- Able to write programs using classes and objects
- Able to develop GUI

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Python, Installing Python. How a Program Works, Using Python, Program Development Cycle, Input, Processing, and Output, Displaying Output with the Print Function, Comments, Variables, Reading Input from the Keyboard, Performing Calculations, Operators. Type conversions, Expressions, More about Data Output. Decision Structures and Boolean Logic: if, if-else, if-elif-else Statements, Nested Decision Structures, Comparing Strings, Logical Operators, Boolean Variables. Repetition Structures: Introduction, while loop, for loop, Calculating a Running Total, Input Validation Loops, Nested Loops.

**Data types and Expressions: Strings**, Assignment and Comments, Numeric Data Types and Character Sets, Expressions, Functions and Modules.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Control Statements:** Definite Iteration, Formatting Text for Output, Selection, Conditional Iteration.

File and Exceptions: Introduction to File Input and Output, Using Loops to Process Files, Processing Records, Exceptions.

Functions: Introduction, Defining and Calling a Void Function, Designing a Program to Use Functions, Local Variables, Passing Arguments to Functions, Global Variables and Global Constants, Value-Returning Functions-Generating Random Numbers, The math Module, Storing Functions in Modules.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Strings and Text Files:** Accessing Characters and Substrings in a String, Strings and Number System, String Methods, Basic String Operations, String Slicing, Testing, Searching, and Manipulating Strings. Text Files, Data Encryption, Lists, Introduction to Lists, List slicing, Finding Items in Lists with the in Operator, List Methods and Useful Built-in Functions, Copying Lists, Processing Lists, Two-Dimensional Lists, Tuples Sequences, Tuples. Dictionaries and Sets: Dictionaries, Sets, Serializing Objects. Recursion: Introduction, Problem Solving with Recursion, Examples of Recursive Algorithms.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Design with Classes: Classes and Objects, Classes and Functions, Classes and Methods,

Working with Instances, Inheritance and Polymorphism. Object-Oriented Programming: Procedural and Object-Oriented Programming, Classes, techniques for Designing Classes.

#### UNIT - V

**Graphical User Interfaces:** Behavior of terminal based programs and GUI-based programs, Coding simple GUI-based programs, other useful GUI resources. GUI Programming: Graphical User Interfaces, Using the tkinter Module, Display text with Label Widgets, Organizing Widgets with Frames, Button Widgets and Info Dialog Boxes, Getting Input with Entry Widget, Using Labels as Output Fields, Radio Buttons, Check Buttons.

**Simple Graphics and Image Processing:** Overview of Turtle Graphics, Two dimensional Shapes, Colors and RBG System, Image Processing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Kenneth A. Lambert, The Fundamentals of Python: First Programs, 2011, Cengage Learning.
- 2. **Think Python First Edition**, by Allen B. Downey, Orielly publishing

- 1. Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python. John V. Guttag, The MIT Press.
- 2. James Payne, Beginning Python using Python 2.6 and Python 3, Wrox publishing
- 3. Paul Gries, Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science using Python 3, The Pragmatic Bookshelf, 2nd edition (4 Oct. 2013)
- 4. Charles Dierach, Introduction to Computer Science using Python

#### **CS4122OE: R PROGRAMMING**

#### B.TECH IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- Understanding and being able to use basic programming concepts
- Automate data analysis
- Working collaboratively and openly on code
- Knowing how to generate dynamic documents
- Being able to use a continuous test-driven development approach

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- be able to use and program in the programming language R
- be able to use R to solve statistical problems
- be able to implement and describe Monte Carlo the technology
- be able to minimize and maximize functions using R

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction**: Overview of R, R data types and objects, reading and writing data, sub setting R Objects, Essentials of the R Language, Installing R, Running R, Packages in R, Calculations, Complex numbers in R, Rounding, Arithmetic, Modulo and integer quotients, Variable names and assignment, Operators, Integers, Factors, Logical operations

### UNIT – II

Control structures, functions, scoping rules, dates and times, Introduction to Functions, preview of Some Important R Data Structures, Vectors, Character Strings, Matrices, Lists, Data Frames, Classes

**Vectors:** Generating sequences, Vectors and subscripts, Extracting elements of a vector using subscripts, Working with logical subscripts, Scalars, Vectors, Arrays, and Matrices, Adding and Deleting Vector Elements, Obtaining the Length of a Vector, Matrices and Arrays as Vectors Vector Arithmetic and Logical Operations, Vector Indexing, Common Vector Operations

#### UNIT – III

**Lists:** Creating Lists, General List Operations, List Indexing Adding and Deleting List Elements, Getting the Size of a List, Extended Example: Text Concordance Accessing List Components and Values Applying Functions to Lists, DATA FRAMES, Creating Data Frames, Accessing Data Frames, Other Matrix-Like Operations

### **UNIT - IV**

FACTORS AND TABLES, Factors and Levels, Common Functions Used with Factors, Working with Tables, Matrix/Array-Like Operations on Tables, Extracting a Subtable,

Finding the Largest Cells in a Table, Math Functions, Calculating a Probability, Cumulative Sums and Products, Minima and Maxima, Calculus, Functions for Statistical Distributions

# UNIT - V

**OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING:** S Classes, S Generic Functions, Writing S Classes, Using Inheritance, S Classes, Writing S Classes, Implementing a Generic Function on an S Class, visualization, Simulation, code profiling, Statistical Analysis with R, data manipulation

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. R Programming for Data Science by Roger D. Peng
- 2. The Art of R Programming by Prashanth singh, Vivek Mourya, Cengage Learning India.

### **CS41230E: JAVA PROGRAMMING**

#### B.TECH IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the object-oriented programming concepts.
- To understand object-oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- To introduce the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrate how they relateto the design of abstract classes
- To introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces
- To introduce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.
- To introduce the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swing controls.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to solve real world problems using OOP techniques.
- Able to understand the use of abstract classes.
- Able to solve problems using java collection framework and I/o classes.
- Able to develop multithreaded applications with synchronization.
- Able to develop applets for web applications.
- Able to design GUI based applications

### UNIT - I

**Object-Oriented Thinking-** A way of viewing world – Agents and Communities, messages and methods, Responsibilities, Classes and Instances, Class Hierarchies- Inheritance, Method binding, Overriding and Exceptions, Summary of Object-Oriented concepts. Java buzzwords, An Overview of Java, Data types, Variables and Arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, Introducing classes, Methods and Classes, String handling.

**Inheritance**—Inheritance concept, Inheritance basics, Member access, Constructors, Creating Multilevel hierarchy, super uses, using final with inheritance, Polymorphism-ad hoc polymorphism, pure polymorphism, method overriding, abstract classes, Object class, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance.

### **UNIT - II**

Packages- Defining a Package, CLASSPATH, Access protection, importing packages.

Interfaces- defining an interface, implementing interfaces, Nested interfaces, applying interfaces, variables in interfaces and extending interfaces.

**Stream based I/O** (java.io) – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, The Console class, Serialization, Enumerations, auto boxing, generics.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Exception handling** - Fundamentals of exception handling, Exception types, Termination or resumptive models, Uncaught exceptions, using try and catch, multiple catch clauses, nested

try statements, throw, throws and finally, built- in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

**Multithreading**- Differences between thread-based multitasking and process-based multitasking, Java thread model, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication.

#### UNIT - IV

**The Collections Framework** (java.util)- Collections overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection classes- Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set, Priority Queue, Array Deque. Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each alternative, Map Interfaces and Classes, Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays, The Legacy Classes and Interfaces- Dictionary, Hashtable, Properties, Stack, Vector

More Utility classes, String Tokenizer, Bit Set, Date, Calendar, Random, Formatter, Scanner UNIT - V

**GUI Programming with Swing** – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers. Understanding Layout Managers, Flow Layout, Border Layout, Grid Layout, Card Layout, Grid Bag Layout.

**Event Handling**- The Delegation event model- Events, Event sources, Event Listeners, Event classes, Handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes, Inner classes, Anonymous Inner classes.

A Simple Swing Application, Applets – Applets and HTML, Security Issues, Applets and Applications, passing parameters to applets. Creating a Swing Applet, Painting in Swing, A Paint example, Exploring Swing Controls- JLabel and Image Icon, JText Field, **The Swing Buttons**- JButton, JToggle Button, JCheck Box, JRadio Button, JTabbed Pane, JScroll Pane, JList, JCombo Box, Swing Menus, Dialogs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java The complete reference, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Herbert Schildt, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt.Ltd.
- 2. Understanding Object-Oriented Programming with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, PearsonEducation.

- 1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons
- 2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 3. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, University Press.
- 4. Programming in Java, S. Malhotra, S. Chudhary, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. Java Programming and Object-oriented Application Development, R. A. Johnson, CengageLearning.

# Open Elective – III

CS4231OE	Machine Learning
CS4232OE	Cloud Computing
CS4233OE	Natural Language Processing

### **CS42310E: MACHINE LEARNING**

#### **B.TECH IV Year II Sem.**

LTPC

3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives:**

- To be able to formulate machine learning problems corresponding to different applications.
- To understand a range of machine learning algorithms along with their strengths and weaknesses.
- To understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Student should be able to understand the basic concepts such as decision trees and neural networks.
- Ability to formulate machine learning techniques to respective problems.
- Apply machine learning algorithms to solve problems of moderate complexity

# UNIT – I

**Introduction**: An illustrative learning task, and a few approaches to it. What is known from algorithms? Theory, Experiment. Biology. Psychology. Overview of Machine learning, related areas and applications. Linear Regression, Multiple Regression, Logistic Regression, logistic functions. **Concept Learning**: Version spaces. Inductive Bias. Active queries. Mistake bound/ PAC model. basic results. Overview of issues regarding data sources, success criteria.

### UNIT - II

**Decision Tree Learning**: - Minimum Description Length Principle. Occam's razor. Learning with active queries Introduction to information theory, Decision Trees, Cross Validation and Over fitting. **Neural Network Learning**: Perceptions and gradient descent back propagation, multilayer networks and back propagation.

#### UNIT - III

**Sample Complexity and Over fitting**: Errors in estimating means. Cross Validation and jackknifing VC dimension. Irrelevant features: Multiplicative rules for weight tuning.

**Support Vector Machines**: functional and geometric margins, optimum margin classifier, constrained optimization, Lagrange multipliers, primal/dual problems, KKT conditions, dual

of the optimum margin classifier, soft margins, and kernels.

**Bayesian Approaches**: The basics Expectation Maximization. Bayes theorem, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Markov models, Hidden Markov Models

#### UNIT - IV

**Instance-based Techniques**: Lazy vs. eager generalization. K nearest neighbor, case-based reasoning. **Clustering and Unsupervised Learning:** K-means clustering, Gaussian mixture density estimation, model selection

### UNIT - V

**Genetic Algorithms**: Different search methods for induction - Explanation-based Learning: using prior knowledge to reduce sample complexity.

**Dimensionality reduction:** feature selection, principal component analysis, linear discriminant analysis, factor analysis, independent component analysis, multidimensional scaling, manifold learning

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGraw Hill, 1997
- 2. Trevor Has tie, Robert Tibshirani & Jerome Friedman. The Elements of Statically Learning, Springer Verlag, 2001

- Machine Learning Methods in the Environmental Sciences, Neural Networks, William W Hsieh, Cambridge Univ Press.
- Richard o. Duda, Peter E. Hart and David G. Stork, pattern classification, John Wiley & Sons Inc.,2001
- 3. Chris Bishop, Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Oxford University Press, 1995

# **CS4232OE: CLOUD COMPUTING**

## **B.TECH IV Year II Sem.**

LTPC

3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- To explain the evolving computer model called cloud computing.
- To introduce the various levels of services that can be achieved by cloud.
- To describe the security aspects in cloud.

### **Course Outcomes:**

• Ability to understand the virtualization and cloud computing concepts.

### UNIT - I

**Systems Modeling, Clustering and Virtualization:** Distributed System Models and Enabling Technologies, Computer Clusters for Scalable Parallel Computing, Virtual Machines and Virtualization of Clusters and Data centers.

## UNIT - II

**Foundations:** Introduction to Cloud Computing, Migrating into a Cloud, Enriching the 'Integration as a Service' Paradigm for the Cloud Era, The Enterprise Cloud Computing Paradigm.

## **UNIT - III**

Infrastructure as a Service (IAAS) & Platform and Software as a Service (PAAS / SAAS): Virtual machines provisioning and Migration services, On the Management of Virtual machines for Cloud Infrastructures, Enhancing Cloud Computing Environments using a cluster as a Service, Secure Distributed Data Storage in Cloud Computing.

Aneka, Comet Cloud, T-Systems', Workflow Engine for Clouds, Understanding Scientific Applications for Cloud Environments.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Monitoring, Management and Applications:** An Architecture for Federated Cloud Computing, SLA Management in Cloud Computing, Performance Prediction for HPC on Clouds, Best Practices in Architecting Cloud Applications in the AWS cloud, Building Content Delivery networks using Clouds, Resource Cloud Mashups.

Governance and Case Studies: Organizational Readiness and Change management in the Cloud age, Data Security in the Cloud, Legal Issues in Cloud computing, Achieving Production Readiness for Cloud Services.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C.Fox, Jack J.Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, Anthony T.Velte, Toby J.Velte, RobertElsenpeter, Tata McGraw Hill, rp2011.
- 2. Enterprise Cloud Computing, Gautam Shroff, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 3. Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security, John W. Rittinghouse, James F.Ransome, CRC Press, rp2012.
- 4. Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, George Reese, O'Reilly, SPD, rp2011.
- Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, TimMather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp2011.

## CS4233OE: NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

## **B.TECH IV Year II Sem.**

L T P C
3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

• Introduce to some of the problems and solutions of NLP and their relation to linguistics and statistics.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Show sensitivity to linguistic phenomena and an ability to model them with formal grammars.
- Understand and carry out proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems
- Able to manipulate probabilities, construct statistical models over strings and trees, andestimate parameters using supervised and unsupervised training methods.
- Able to design, implement, and analyze NLP algorithms
- Able to design different language modeling Techniques.

## UNIT - I

**Finding the Structure of Words:** Words and Their Components, Issues and Challenges, Morphological Models

**Finding the Structure of Documents:** Introduction, Methods, Complexity of the Approaches, Performances of the Approaches

# UNIT - II

**Syntax Analysis:** Parsing Natural Language, Treebanks: A Data-Driven Approach to Syntax, Representation of Syntactic Structure, Parsing Algorithms, Models for Ambiguity Resolution in Parsing, Multilingual Issues

## **UNIT - III**

**Semantic Parsing:** Introduction, Semantic Interpretation, System Paradigms, Word SenseSystems, Software.

## **UNIT-IV**

Predicate-Argument Structure, Meaning Representation Systems, Software.

# UNIT - V

**Discourse Processing:** Cohension, Reference Resolution, Discourse Cohension and Structure **Language Modeling:** Introduction, N-Gram Models, Language Model

Evaluation, ParameterEstimation, Language Model Adaptation, Types of Language Models, Language-Specific ModelingProblems, Multilingual and Crosslingual Language Modeling

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

 Multilingual natural Language Processing Applications: From Theory to Practice –

Daniel M.Bikel and Imed Zitouni, Pearson Publication

Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval: Tanvier Siddiqui, U.S.
 Tiwary

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

 Speech and Natural Language Processing - Daniel Jurafsky & James H Martin, Pearson Publications

# Open Elective – I

EC32110E	Fundamentals of Internet of Things
	Open Elective – II
EC41210E	Principles of Computer Communications and Networks
	Open Elective – III
EC4231OE	Electronic Measuring Instruments

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to:

- 1. Understand the concepts of Internet of Things and able to build IoT applications
- 2. Learn the programming and use of Arduino and Raspberry Pi boards.
- 3. Known about data handling and analytics in SDN.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Known basic protocols in sensor networks.
- 2. Program and configure Arduino boards for various designs.
- 3. Python programming and interfacing for RaspberryPi.
- 4. Design IoT applications in different domains.

## UNIT-I

Introduction to Internet of Things, Characteristics of IoT, Physical design of IoT, Functional blocks of IoT, Sensing, Actuation, Basics of Networking, Communication Protocols, Sensor Networks.

#### UNIT- II

Machine-to-Machine Communications, Difference between IoT and M2M,Interoperability in IoT, Introduction to Arduino Programming, Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino,

### UNIT-III

Introduction to Python programming, Introduction to Raspberry Pi, Interfacing Raspberry Pi with basic peripherals, Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi

## **UNIT-IV**

Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi, Introduction to Software defined Network(SDN),SDN for

IoT, Data Handling and Analytics,

# **UNIT-V**

Cloud Computing, Sensor-Cloud, Smart Cities and Smart Homes, Connected Vehicles, Smart Grid, Industrial IoT, Case Study: Agriculture, Healthcare, Activity Monitoring

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. "The Internet'of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", by PethuruRaj and Anupama C. Raman (CRC Press)
- 2. "Make

sensors": Terokarvinen, kemo, karvinen and villeyvaltokari, 1 stedition, makermedia, 2014.

3. "InternetofThings:AHands-on Approach", by Arshdeep Bahgaand VijayMadisetti

### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach"
- 2. WaltenegusDargie, Christian Poellabauer, "Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks: Theory and Practice"
- 3. Beginning Sensor networks with Arduino and RaspberryPi– CharlesBell,Apress,2013

### EC41210E: PRINCIPLES OF COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the concept of computer communication.
- 2. To learn about the networking concept, layered protocols.
- 3. To understand various communications concepts.
- 4. To get the knowledge of various networking equipment.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. The student can get the knowledge of networking of computers, data transmission between computers.
- 2. Will have the exposure about the various communication concepts.
- 3. Will get awareness about the structure and equipment of computer network structures.

### **UNIT-I**

Overview of Computer Communications and Networking: Introduction to Computer Communications and Networking, Introduction to Computer Network, Types of Computer Networks, Network Addressing, Routing, Reliability, Interoperability and Security, Network Standards, The Telephone System and Data Communications.

## **UNIT-II**

Essential Terms and Concepts: Computer Applications and application protocols, Computer Communications and Networking models, Communication Service Methods and data transmission modes, analog and Digital Communications, Speed and capacity of a Communication Channel, Multiplexing and switching, Network architecture and the OSI reference model.

# **UNIT-III**

Analog and Digital Communication Concepts: Representing data as analog signals, representing data as digital signals, data rate and bandwidth reduction, Digital Carrier Systems.

# **UNIT-IV**

Physical and data link layer Concepts: The Physical and Electrical Characteristics of wire, Copper media, fiber optic media, wireless Communications. Introduction to data link Layer, the logical link control and medium access control sub-layers.

### **UNIT-V**

Network Hardware Components: Introduction to Connectors, Trans receivers and media convertors, repeaters, network interference cards and PC cards, bridges, switches, switches Vs Routers.

# **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Michel A. Gallo and William H. Hancock, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- 2. Data Communications and Networking–Behrouz A.Forouzan , Fourth Edition MC GRAW HILLEDUCATION, 2006.

# **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. Principles of Computer Networks and Communications ,M. Barry Dumas ,Morris Schwartz, Pearson.
- 2. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F.Kurose, K.W.Ross, 3rdEdition, Pearson Education.

**EC42310E: ELECTRONIC MEASURING INSTRUMENTS** 

Note: No detailed mathematical treatment is required.

# Course Objectives:

- 1. It provides an understanding of various measuring systems functioning and metrics for performance analysis.
- 2. Provides understanding of principle of operation, working of different electronic instruments viz. signal generators, signal analyzers, recorders and measuring equipment.
- 3. Provides understanding of use of various measuring techniques for measurement of different physical parameters using different classes of transducers.

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course student can be able to

- 1. Identify the various electronic instruments based on their specifications for carrying out a particular task of measurement.
- 2. Measure various physical parameters by appropriately selecting the transducers.
- 3. Use various types of signal generators, signal analyzers for generating and analyzing various real-time signals.

### **UNIT-I**

Block Schematics of Measuring Systems and Performance Metrics: Performance Characteristics, Static Characteristics, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution, Types of Errors, Gaussian Error, Root Sum Squares formula, Dynamic Characteristics, Repeatability, Reproducibility, Fidelity, Lag.

### **UNIT-II**

Signal Generators: AF,RF Signal Generators, Sweep Frequency Generators, Pulse and Square wave Generators, Function Generators, Arbitrary Waveform Generator, and Specifications. UNIT-III

Measuring Instruments: DC Voltmeters, D' Arsonval Movement, DC Current Meters, AC Volt meters and Current Meters, Ohmmeters, Multimeters, Meter Protection, Extension of Range, True RMS Responding Voltmeters, Specifications of Instruments. CRT, Block Schematic of CRO, Time Base Circuits, Lissajous Figures, CRO Probes.

## **UNIT-IV**

Recorders :X-Y Plotter, Curve tracer, Galvanometric Recorders, Servo transducers, pen driving mechanisms, Magnetic Recording, Magnetic recording techniques.

### **UNIT-V**

Transducers: Classification, Strain Gauges, Bounded, unbounded; or ceand Displacement Transducers, Resistance Thermometers, Hotwire Anemometers, LVDT, Thermocouples, Synchros, Special Resistance Thermometers, Digital Temperatures ensing system, Piezoelectric Transducers, Variable Capacitance Transducers, Magneto Strictive Transducers.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation:B.M.Oliver,J.M.CageTMHReprint2009.
- 2. Electronic Instrumentation: H.S. Kalsi–TMH,2ndEdition2004.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements–DavidA.Bell,OxfordUniv.Press,1997.
- 2. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques: A.D.Helbincs, W.D. Cooper:PHI5thEdition2003.
- 3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation—K.LalKishore,PearsonEducation2010.
- 4. Industrial Instrumentation: T.R. Padmanabham Springer 2009.

# ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Open Elective – I

EE3212OE	<b>Electrical Engineering Material</b>
	Open Elective – II
EE41210E	Renewable Energy sources
EE4122OE	Reliability Engineering
	Open Elective – III
EE4231OE	Instrumentation and Control
EE4232OE	Energy Storage Systems

**EE32110E: Electrical Installation and costing** 

B.TECH III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: Basic Electrical Engineering

**Course Objectives:** 

- To emphasize the estimation and costing aspects of all electrical equipment, installation and designs on the cost viability.
- To design and estimation of wiring
- To design overhead and underground distribution lines, substations and illumination

**Course Outcomes:** After Completion of this course, student will be able to

- Understand the design considerations of electrical installations.
- Design electrical installation for buildings and small industries.
- Identify and design the various types of light sources for different applications.

## UNIT - I

**Design Considerations of Electrical Installations:** Electric Supply System, Three phase four wire distribution system, Protection of Electric Installation against over load, short circuit and Earth fault, Earthing, General requirements of electrical installations, testing of installations, Indian Electricity rules, Neutral and Earth wire, Types of loads, Systems of wiring, Service connections, Service Mains, Sub-Circuits, Location of Outlets, Location of Control Switches, Location of Main Board and Distribution board, Guide lines for Installation of Fittings, Load Assessment, Permissible voltage drops and sizes of wires, estimating and costing of Electric installations.

### **UNIT - II**

Electrical Installation for Different Types of Buildings and Small Industries: Electrical installations for residential buildings — estimating and costing of material, Electrical installations for commercial buildings, Electrical installations for small industries.

### **UNIT-III**

Overhead and Underground Transmission and Distribution Lines: Introduction, Supports for transmission lines, Distribution lines – Materials used, Underground cables, Mechanical Design of overhead lines, Design of underground cables.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Substations:** Introduction, Types of substations, Outdoor substation – Pole mounted type, Indoor substations – Floor mounted type.

## UNIT - V

**Design of Illumination Schemes:** Introduction, Terminology in illumination, laws of llumination, various types of light sources, Practical lighting schemes LED, CFL and OCFL differences.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. "K. B. Raina, S. K. Bhattacharya", "Electrical Design Estimating and Costing", NewAge International Publisher, 2010.
- 2. "Er. V. K. Jain, Er. Amitabh Bajaj", "Design of Electrical Installations", UniversityScience Press.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Code of practice for Electrical wiring installations, (System voltage not exceeding 650 volts), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 732-1983.
- 2. Guide for Electrical layout in residential buildings, Indian Standard Institution, IS:4648-1968.
- 3. Electrical Installation buildings Indian Standard Institution, IS: 2032.
- 4. Code of Practice for selection, Installation of Maintenance of fuse (voltage not exceeding 650 V), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 3106-1966.
- 5. Code of Practice for earthling, Indian Standard Institution, IS: 3043-1966.
- 6. Code of Practice for Installation and Maintenance of induction motors, Indian Standard Institution, IS: 900-1965.
- 7. Code of Practice for electrical wiring, Installations (system voltage not exceeding 650 Volts), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 2274-1963.
- 8. "Gupta J. B., Katson, Ludhiana", "Electrical Installation, estimating and costing", S. K.Kataria and sons, 2013.

# **EE3212OE: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING MATERIALS**

# **B.TECH III Year II Sem.**

LTP C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: Engineering chemistry and Engineering Physics - II

# **Course Objective:**

• To understand the importance of various materials used in electrical engineering and obtain a qualitative analysis of their behavior and applications.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Understand various types of dielectric materials, their properties in various conditions.
- Evaluate magnetic materials and their behavior.
- Evaluate semiconductor materials and technologies.
- Acquire Knowledge on Materials used in electrical engineering and applications.

### UNIT- I

**Dielectric Materials:** Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, flashover, liquid dielectrics, electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, spontaneous, polarization, curiepoint, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials, pyroelectric materials.

### UNIT - II

**Magnetic Materials:** Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic Anisotropy, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. Factors effecting permeability and hysteresis

## UNIT - III

**Semiconductor Materials:** Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very large scale integration techniques (VLSI)

# UNIT - IV

**Materials for Electrical Applications:** Materials used for Resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, Liquid and Gaseousinsulating materials, Effect of moisture on insulation.

### UNIT - V

**Special Purpose Materials:** Refractory Materials, Structural Materials, Radioactive Materials, Galvanization and Impregnation of materials, Processing of electronic materials, Insulating varnishes and coolants, Properties and applications of mineral oils, Testing of Transformer oil as per ISI.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. "R K Rajput", "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Laxmi Publications, 2009
- 2. "T K Basak", "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", New Age Science Publications 2009

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. TTTI Madras, "Electrical Engineering Materials", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
- 2. "Adrianus J. Dekker", Electrical Engineering Materials, PHI Publication, 2006.
- 3. S. P. Seth, P. V. Gupta "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Dhanpat Rai &Sons, 2011.

# **EE41210E:Renewable Energy Sources**

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

LTP C 3 0 0 3

**Pre-requisites: None** 

# **Course Objectives:**

- To recognize the awareness of energy conservation in students.
- To identify the use of renewable energy sources for electrical power generation.
- To collect different energy storage methods.
- To detect about environmental effects of energy conversion.

# **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the principles of wind power and solar photovoltaic power generation, fuel cells.
- Assess the cost of generation for conventional and renewable energy plants.
- Design suitable power controller for wind and solar applications.
- Analyze the issues involved in the integration of renewable energy sources to the grid.

## UNIT - I

**Introduction:**Renewable Sources of Energy-Grid-Supplied Electricity-Distributed Generation-Renewable Energy Economics-Calculation of Electricity Generation Costs – Demand side Management Options –Supply side Management Options-Modern Electronic Controls of Power Systems.

**Wind Power Plants:** Appropriate Location -Evaluation of Wind Intensity -Topography - Purpose of the Energy Generated - General Classification of Wind Turbines-Rotor Turbines-Multiple-Blade Turbines Drag Turbines -Lifting Turbines-Generators and Speed Control usedin Wind Power Energy Analysis of Small Generating Systems.

## **UNIT - II**

**Photovoltaic Power Plants:** Solar Energy-Generation of Electricity by Photovoltaic Effect - Dependence of a PV Cell Characteristic on Temperature-Solar cell Output Characteristics-Equivalent Models and Parameters for Photovoltaic Panels-Photovoltaic Systems-Applications of Photovoltaic Solar Energy-Economical Analysis of Solar Energy.

**Fuel Cells:** The Fuel Cell-Low and High Temperature Fuel Cells-Commercial and Manufacturing Issues Constructional Features of Proton Exchange-Membrane Fuel Cells – Reformers-Electro-lyzer Systems and Related Precautions-Advantages and Disadvantages of Fuel Cells-Fuel Cell Equivalent Circuit- Practical Determination of the Equivalent Model Parameters -Aspects of Hydrogen as Fuel.

## **UNIT - III**

## **Induction Generators**

Principles of Operation-Representation of Steady-State Operation-Power and Losses Generated-Self- Excited Induction Generator-Magnetizing Curves and Self-Excitation Mathematical Description of the Self-Excitation Process-Interconnected and Stand-alone operation -Speed and Voltage Control -Economical Aspects.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Storage Systems:** Energy Storage Parameters- Lead—Acid Batteries-Ultra Capacitors-Flywheels —Superconducting Magnetic Storage System-Pumped Hydroelectric Energy Storage - Compressed Air Energy Storage - Storage Heat -Energy Storage as an Economic Resource.

## UNIT - V

**Integration of Alternative Sources of Energy:** Principles of Power Injection-Instantaneous Active and Reactive Power Control Approach Integration of Multiple Renewable Energy Sources-Islanding and Interconnection Control-DG Control and Power Injection.

Interconnection of Alternative Energy Sources with the Grid: Interconnection Technologies - Standards and Codes for Interconnection - Interconnection Considerations - Interconnection Examples for Alternative Energy Sources.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Felix A. Farret, M. Godoy Simoes, "Integration of Alternative Sources of Energy", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 2. Solanki: Renewable Energy Technologies: Practical Guide for Beginners, PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd., 2008.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. D. Mukherjee: Fundamentals of Renewable Energy Systems, New Age International publishers, 2007.
- 2. Remus Teodorescu, Marco Liserre, Pedro Rodríguez: Grid Converters for Photovoltaic and Wind Power Systems, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- 3. Gilbert M. Masters: Renewable and Efficient Electric Power Systems, John Wiley &Sons, 2004.

### EE41220E:RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

**Prerequisite:** Mathematics-III (Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods and Complex variables).

# **Course Objectives:**

To introduce the basic concepts of reliability, various models of reliability
To analyze reliability of various systems
To introduce techniques of frequency and duration for reliability evaluation of
repairablesystems

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of this course, the student will be able to

□ model various systems applying reliability network	□ me	odel variou	is systems	applying	reliability	networks
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- □ evaluate the reliability of simple and complex systems
- □ estimate the limiting state probabilities of repairable systems
- apply various mathematical models for evaluating reliability of irreparable systems

### UNIT - I

**Basic Probability Theory:** Elements of probability, probability distributions, Random variables, Density and Distribution functions- Mathematical expected – variance and standard deviation

Binomial Distribution: Concepts, properties, engineering applications.

### **UNIT-II**

**Network Modeling and Evaluation of Simple Systems:** Basic concepts- Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability - Series systems, Parallel systems - Series-Parallel systems- Partially redundant systems- Examples.

# **Network Modeling and Evaluation of Complex Systems**

Conditional probability method- tie set, Cut-set approach- Event tree and reduced event tree methods-Relationships between tie and cut-sets- Examples.

### **UNIT-III**

**Probability Distributions In Reliability Evaluation:** Distribution concepts, Terminology of distributions, General reliability functions, Evaluation of the reliability functions, shape of reliability functions —Poisson distribution — normal distribution, exponential distribution, Weibull distribution.

**Network Reliability Evaluation Using Probability Distributions:** Reliability Evaluation of Series systems, Parallel systems – Partially redundant systems- determination of reliability measure- MTTF for series and parallel systems – Examples.

## **UNIT-IV**

Discrete Markov Chains: Basic concepts- Stochastic transitional probability matrix- time

dependent probability evaluation- Limiting State Probability evaluation- Absorbing states – Application.

**Continuous Markov Processes**: Modeling concepts- State space diagrams- Unreliability evaluation of single and two component repairable systems

## UNIT - V

**Frequency and Duration Techniques:** Frequency and duration concepts, application to multi state problems, Frequency balance approach.

**Approximate System Reliability Evaluation:** Series systems – Parallel systems- Network reduction techniques- Cut set approach- Common mode failures modeling and evaluation techniques- Examples.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Roy Billinton and Ronald N Allan, Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems, Plenum Press.
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Reliability Engineering by Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice by Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
- 2. An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering by Charles Ebeling, TMHPublications.
- 3. Reliability Engineering by Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.

### **EE4231OE: Instrumentation and Control**

## B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

LTPC 3003

**Pre-requisite:** Basic Electrical Engineering, Analog Electronics, Mathematics

# **Course objectives:**

- To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments
- To deal with the measurement of voltage, current, Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements.
- To understand the basic concepts of Control Engineering

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of this course, the student able to

- Understand different types of measuring instruments, their construction, operation and characteristics
- Identify the instruments suitable for typical measurements
- Apply the knowledge about transducers and instrument transformers to use them effectively.
- Apply the knowledge of basic control engineering.

### UNIT-I

**Characteristics of Signals:** Measuring Systems, Performance Characteristics - Static characteristics, Dynamic Characteristics; Errors in Measurement- Gross Errors, Systematic Errors, Statistical Analysis of Random Errors.

### **UNIT-II**

**Oscilloscope:** Cathode ray oscilloscope-Cathode ray tube-time base generator-horizontal and vertical amplifiers-CRO probes- applications of CRO- Measurement of phase and frequency - lissajous patterns - Sampling oscilloscope-analog and digital type.

## **UNIT-III**

**Transducers:** Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle of operation of resistor, inductor, LVDT and capacitor transducers.

### **UNIT-IV**

**Measurement of Non-Electrical Quantities:** Measurement of strain, Gauge sensitivity, Displacement, Force Velocity, Angular Velocity, Acceleration, Force, Torque, Temperature, Pressure, Vacuum, Flow

### UNIT-V

**Introduction to Control System:** Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations - Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. G. K. Banerjee, "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,2016
- 2. S. C. Bhargava, "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.
- 3. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control System", Prentice Hall, 1995

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. A. K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
- 2. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chandand CompanyLtd., 2007.
- 3. Buckingham and Price, "Electrical Measurements", Prentice Hall, 1988.
- 4. Reissland, M. U, "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New AgeInternational (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
- 5. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments", fifthEdition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

## **EE4232OE:** Energy Storage Systems

### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Prerequisite:** Electro chemistry

# **Course Objective:**

• To enable the student to understand the need for energy storage, devices and technologies available and their applications.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Analyze the characteristics of energy from various sources and need for storage.
- Classify various types of energy storage and various devices used for the purpose.
- Identify various real time applications.

### UNIT - I

**Electrical Energy Storage Technologies:** Characteristics of electricity, Electricity and the roles of EES, High generation cost during peak-demand periods, Need for continuous and flexible supply, Long distance between generation and consumption, Congestion in power grids, Transmission by cable.

### **UNIT-II**

**Needs for Electrical Energy Storage:** Emerging needs for EES, More renewable energy, less fossil fuel, Smart Grid uses, The roles of electrical energy storage technologies, The roles from the viewpoint of a utility, The roles from the viewpoint of generators of renewable energy.

## **UNIT-III**

**Features of Energy Storage Systems:** Classification of EES systems, Mechanical storage systems, Pumped hydro storage (PHS), Compressed air energy storage (CAES), Flywheel energy storage (FES), Electrochemical storage systems, Secondary batteries, Flow batteries, Chemical energy storage, Hydrogen (H2), Synthetic natural gas (SNG).

## **UNIT-IV**

**Types of Electrical Energy Storage systems:** Electrical storage systems, Double-layer capacitors (DLC), Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES), Thermal storage systems, Standards for EES, Technical comparison of EES technologies.

# UNIT - V

**Applications:** Present status of applications, Utility use (conventional power generation, grid operation & service), Consumer use (uninterruptable power supply for large consumers), New trends in applications, Renewable energy generation, Smart Grid, Smart Micro grid, Smart House, Electric vehicles, Management and control hierarchy of storage systems, Internal configuration of battery storage systems, External connection of EES systems, Aggregating EES systems and distributed generation (Virtual Power Plant), Battery SCADA–aggregation of many dispersed batteries.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. "James M. Eyer, Joseph J. Iannucci and Garth P. Corey ", "Energy Storage Benefitsand Market Analysis", Sandia National Laboratories, 2004.
- 2. The Electrical Energy Storage by IEC Market Strategy Board.

# **Reference Book:**

1. "Jim Eyer, Garth Corey", Energy Storage for the Electricity Grid: Benefits and Market Potential Assessment Guide, Report, Sandia National Laboratories, Feb 2010.

# DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

# Open Elective – I

ME32110E	Operation Research
ME3212OE	Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering
ME3213OE	Metallurgy of Non-Metallurgists

# Open Elective – II

ME41210E	Fabrication Processes
ME4122OE	Total Quality Management
ME4123OE	Energy Management and Conservation

# Open Elective – III

ME42310E	Reliability Engineering
ME4232OE	Industrial Management
ME4233OE	Renewable Energy Sources

## **ME32110E: OPERATIONSRESEARCH**

## B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisites: None

**Course Objectives:** Understanding the mathematical importance of development of model in a particular optimization model for the issue and solving it.

**Course Outcome:** Understanding the problem, identifying variables & constants, Formulation of optimization model and applying appropriate optimization technique

## UNIT. I

Development-definition-characteristics and phases-Type of models-OperationsResearch models- applications.

**Allocation:** Linear Programming Problem Formulation-Graphical solution-Simplex method-Artificial variable techniques: Two-phase method, Big-M method.

## UNIT. II

**Transportation problem** – Formulation - Optimal solution, unbalanced transportation problem-Degeneracy.

**Assignment problem**- Formulation-Optimal solution, - Variants of Assignment problem-Travelling salesman problem.

### UNIT. III

**Sequencing.** Introduction-Flow-Shop sequencing- n jobs through two machines – n jobs throughthree machines- Job shop sequencing-two jobs through 'm' machines – graphical model **Replacement**: Introduction-Replacement of items that deteriorate with time- when money value is not counted and counted- Replacement of items that fail completely- Group Replacement.

### UNIT. IV

**Theory of Games**: Introduction- Terminology- Solution of games with saddle points and without saddle points. 2 x 2 games- dominance principle - m x 2 & 2 x n games- Graphical method.

**Inventory**: Introduction- Single item, Deterministic models- purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks- Stochastic models - Demand may be discrete variable or continuous variable- single period model and no setup cost.

### UNIT. V

**Waiting lines**: Introduction- Terminology- Single channel- Poisson arrivals and Exponential service times with infinite population and finite population models.

**Dynamic Programming:** Introduction- Terminology, Bellman's principle of optimality Applications of Dynamic programming- shortest path problemlinear programming problem.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Operations Research/ J. K. Sharma / MacMilan
- 2. Introduction to OR/ Hillier & Libemann /TMH

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Introduction to OR /Taha /PHI
- 2. Operations Research/NVS Raju/SMS Education/3rd Revised Edition
- 3. Operations Research / A. M. Natarajan, P.Balasubramaniam, A. Tamilarasi/Pearson Education.

#### ME3212OE: FUNDAMENTALS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

### B. Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisites: None

Course Objectives: Understanding of basic principles of

Mechanical Engineering required in various fields of engineering.

**Course Outcomes:** After learning the course the students should be able to

- To understand the fundamentals of mechanical systems.
- To understand and appreciate significance of mechanical engineering in different Fields of engineering.

### UNIT - I

**Introduction**: Prime movers and its types, Concept of Force, Pressure, Energy, Work, Power, System, Heat, Temperature, Specific heat capacity, Change of state, Path, Process, Cycle, Internal energy, Enthalpy, Statements of Zeroth Law and First law.

**Energy:** Introduction and applications of Energy sources like Fossil fuels, Nuclear fuels, Hydel, Solar, wind, and bio-fuels, Environmental issues like Global warming and Ozone depletion.

## UNIT - II

**Properties of gases:** Gas laws, Boyle's law, Charle's law, Combined gas law, Gas constant, Relation between Cp and Cv, Various non-flow processes like constant volume process, constant pressure process, Isothermal process, Adiabatic process, Poly-tropic process

**Properties of Steam:** Steam formation, Types of Steam, Enthalpy, Specific volume, Internal energy and dryness fraction of steam, use of Steam tables, steam calorimeters.

**Steam Boilers:** Introduction, Classification, Cochran, Lancashire and Babcock and Wilcox boiler, functioning of different mountings and accessories.

## **UNIT - III**

**Heat Engines:** Heat Engine cycle and Heat Engine, working substances, Classification of heat engines, Description and thermal efficiency of Carnot;

Rankine; Otto cycle and Diesel cycles.

**Internal Combustion Engines:** Introduction, Classification, Engine details, four-stroke/two-stroke cycle Petrol/Diesel engines, Indicated power, Brake Power, Efficiencies.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Pumps:** Types and operation of Reciprocating, Rotary and Centrifugal pumps, Priming

**Air Compressors:** Types and operation of Reciprocating and Rotary air compressors, significance of Multistage.

**Refrigeration & Air Conditioning:** Refrigerant, Vapor compression refrigeration system, vapor absorption refrigeration system, Domestic Refrigerator, Window and split air conditioners.

### UNIT - V

**Couplings, Clutches and Brakes:** Construction and applications of Couplings (Box; Flange; Pin type flexible; Universal and Oldham), Clutches (Disc and Centrifugal), and Brakes (Block; Shoe; Band and Disc).

**Transmission of Motion and Power:** Shaft and axle, Belt drive, Chain drive, Friction drive, Gear drive.

**Engineering Materials:** Types and applications of Ferrous & Nonferrous metals, Timber, Abrasive material, silica, ceramics, glass, graphite, diamond, plastic and polymer.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Basic Mechanical Engineering / Pravin Kumar/ Pearson
- 2. Introduction to Engineering Materials / B.K. Agrawal/ Mc Graw Hill

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamental of Mechanical Engineering/ G.S. Sawhney/PHI
- 2. Thermal Science and Engineering / Dr. D.S. Kumar/ Kataria

### **ME32130E: METALLURGY OF NON METALLURGISTS**

### B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Prerequisites: None

# **Course Objectives:**

- To describe the basic principles of metallurgy and the importance of metallurgy in various discipline of engineering.
- Gain a thorough knowledge about heat treatment of steels.
- Gain knowledge about properties and uses of cast irons and nonferrous metals.
- Gain a working knowledge of basic testing methods for metals.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course Student would be able

- To use and apply metallurgy in his own branch of engineering.
- The student will be able to justify the various testing methods adopted for metals.

# UNIT - I

**Introduction**: Crystal structure and defects, Crystal structure of metals, Classification of steels, Carbon steels.

**Engineering Materials:** Types and applications of Ferrous & Nonferrous metals, Timber, Abrasive material, silica, ceramics, glass, graphite, diamond, plastic and polymer.

### UNIT - II

**Heat Treatment of Steels:** The Iron carbon systems, Common phases in steels, Annealing, Normalizing, Hardening and tempering.

# **UNIT - III**

**Cast irons:** Properties and applications of Ductile irons, Malleable irons, Compacted graphite iron.

### **UNIT-IV**

**Non Ferrous Metals:** Properties and applications of Light Metals (Al, Be, Mg, Ti), Super alloys.

### **UNIT - V**

**Testing of Metals:** Hardness testing, Tensile Testing, Impact Testing, Fatigue Testing.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction. WD Callister, Jr., Adapted by R.Balasubramaniam, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007
- 2. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy SH Avner, TATA Mc GRAW HILL, 1997
- 3. Mechanical Metallurgy G. E. Dieter

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Physical Metallurgy and Heat treatment Y Lakhtin
- 2. C. Suryanarayana, Experimental Techniques in Mechanics and Materials, John Wiley, John Wiley, NJ, USA, 2006
- 3. Foundations of Materials Science and Engineering WF Smith

## **ME41210E: FABRICATION PROCESSES**

### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Prerequisites:** None

Course Objectives: To understand the philosophies of various

Manufacturing process.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, for given product, one

should be able identify the manufacturing process.

### UNIT - I

**Casting:** Steps involved in making a casting – Advantage of casting and its applications; Patterns

- Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances and their construction; Properties of moulding sands.

Methods of Melting - Crucible melting and cupola operation – Defects in castings; Casting processes – Types – Sand moulding, Centrifugal casting, die- casting, Investment casting, shell moulding; Principles of Gating – Requirements – Types of gates, Design of gating systems – Riser – Function, types of Riser and Riser design.

### **UNIT - II**

**Welding:** Classification – Types of welds and welded joints; Gas welding - Types, oxy-fuel gas cutting. Arc welding, forge welding, submerged arc welding, Resistance welding, Thermite welding.

Inert Gas Welding - TIG Welding, MIG welding, explosive welding, Laser Welding; Soldering and Brazing; Heat affected zone in welding. Welding defects — causes and remedies; destructive and non- destructive testing of welds.

## **UNIT - III**

Hot working, cold working, strain hardening, recovery, recrystallisation, and grain growth. Stamping, forming, and other cold working processes. Blanking and piercing — Bending and forming — Drawing and its types — wire drawing and Tube drawing — coining — Hot and cold spinning. Types of presses and press tools. Forces and power requirement in the above operations.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Extrusion of Metals:** Basic extrusion process and its characteristics. Hot extrusion and cold extrusion - Forward extrusion and backward extrusion - Impact extrusion - Extruding equipment

- Tube extrusion and pipe making, Hydrostatic extrusion. Forces in extrusion.

## UNIT - V

**Forging Processes:** Forging operations and principles – Tools – Forging methods – Smith forging, Drop Forging – Roll forging – Forging hammers: Rotary forging – forging defects – cold forging, swaging, Forces in forging operations.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Manufacturing Technology / P.N. Rao / Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Manufacturing Engineering and Technology/Kalpakjin S/ Pearson.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Metal Casting / T. V Ramana Rao / New Age
- 2. Métal Fabrication Technology/ Mukherjee/PHI

# **ME41220E: TOTAL QUALITY MANAGMENT**

### B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C

**Prerequisites:** None

Course Objectives:
Course Outcomes:

## UNIT - I

**Introduction**: The concept of TQM, Quality and Business performance, attitude, and involvement of top management, communication, culture and management systems. Management of Process Quality: Definition of quality, Quality Control, a brief history, Product Inspection vs. Process Control, Statistical Quality Control, Control Charts and Acceptance Sampling.

## **UNIT-II**

Customer Focus and Satisfaction: Process vs. Customer, internal customer conflict, quality focus, Customer Satisfaction, role of Marketing and Sales, Buyer – Supplier relationships.

**Bench Marking:** Evolution of Bench Marking, meaning of bench marking, benefits of bench marketing, the bench marking procedure, pitfalls of bench marketing.

### **UNIT-III**

**Organizing for TQM:** The systems approach, organizing for quality implementation, making the transition from a traditional to a TQM organization, Quality Circles, seven Tools of TQM: Stratification, check sheet, Scatter diagram, Ishikawa diagram, paneto diagram, Kepner & Tregoe Methodology.

### **UNIT-IV**

**The Cost of Quality:** Definition of the Cost of Quality, Quality Costs, Measuring Quality Costs, use of Quality Cost information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

## UNIT -V

ISO9000: Universal Standards of Quality: ISO around the world, The ISO9000 ANSI/ASQCQ- 90. Series Standards, benefits of ISO9000 certification, the third party audit, Documentation ISO9000 and services, the cost of certification implementing the system.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Total Quality Management / Joel E. Ross/Taylor and Franscis Limited
- 2. Total Quality Management/P. N. Mukherjee/PHI

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Beyond TQM / Robert L.Flood
- 2. Statistical Quality Control / E.L. Grant.
- 3. Total Quality Management: A Practical Approach/H. Lal
- 4. Quality Management/Kanishka Bedi/Oxford University Press/2011
  - 5. Total Engineering Quality Management/Sunil Sharma/Macmillan

### **ME4123OE: ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION**

## B. Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C

**Prerequisites:** None

**Course Objectives**: To acquaint the student with the conventional energy sources and their utilization. To understand the importance of heat recovery and energy conservation methods and energy audit.

**Course Outcomes:** Students would have a good knowledge about conventional energy sources and their audit. Ability to apply the fundamentals of energy conservation and management.

## **UNIT-I**

Introduction: Global & Indian Energy Scenario-Classification of Energy sources-Energy needs of growing economy-Energy sector reform, Energy and Environment: Global Environmental Concerns, Basics of Energy and its various forms.

### **UNIT-II**

Energy Audit: Types of energy audit, Energy management (audit) approach understanding energy costs, Bench marking, Energy performance, Matching energy use to requirement, Maximizing system efficiencies, Optimizing the input energy requirements, Fuel and energy substitution, Energy audit instruments.

Material and Energy balance: Facility as an energy system, Methods for preparing process flow, Material and energy balance diagrams.

## **UNIT-III**

Energy Action Planning, Financial Management: Financial analysis techniques- Risk and sensitivity analysis- Financing options, Energy performance contracts and role of ESCOs- Energy Monitoring and Targeting: Elements of monitoring & targeting, Data and information-analysis, Techniques -energy consumption, Production, Cumulative sum of differences (CUSUM).

## **UNIT-IV**

Building Envelope - principles of analysis - Envelope performance -

Envelope analysis of Existing and new buildings — Building standards for new and Existing constructions. HVAC Systems types — Energy conservation opportunities — cooling equipment — Domestic hot water Estimating HVAC Energy consumption.

### **UNIT-V**

Principles of Electric Energy Management, Energy Management control systems – Energy systems maintenance. Energy management in water and waste water treatment – solid waste treatment- air pollution control systems. Energy Management in Boilers and Fired systems – Steam and condensate systems – cogeneration – Waste Heat recovery. Energy Management in Process Industries, Energy Security, Codes, Standards, Electricity Act, Energy Conservation Act.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Energy Management by Murfy
- 2. General Aspects of Energy Management and Audit, National Productivity Council of India, Chennai (Course Material- National Certification Examination for Energy Management)

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Energy Management Handbook, W.C. Turner, 5th Edition, Marcel Dekker, Inc, New York, 2005.
- 2. Guide to Energy Management, B. L. Capehart, W. C. Turner, W. J. Kennedy, CRCPress, New York, 2005.
- 3. Energy Management by O.P. Collagan

### **ME42310E: RELIABILITY ENGINEERING**

## B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Prerequisites:** Mathematics III

# **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the basic concepts of reliability, various models of reliability
- · To analyze reliability of various systems
- To introduce techniques of frequency and duration for reliability evaluation of repairable systems.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student will be able to

- model various systems applying reliability networks
- evaluate the reliability of simple and complex systems
- estimate the limiting state probabilities of repairable systems
- apply various mathematical models for evaluating reliability of irreparable systems

### UNIT - I

**Basic Probability Theory:** Elements of probability, probability distributions, Random variables, Density and Distribution functions- Binomial distribution- Expected value and standard deviation

- Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution, exponential distribution, Weibull distribution.

**Definition of Reliability:** Definition of terms used in reliability, Component reliability, Hazard rate, derivation of the reliability function in terms of the hazard rate. Hazard models - Bath tub curve, Effect of preventive maintenance. Measures of reliability: Mean Time to Failure and Mean Time between Failures.

### UNIT - II

**Network Modeling and Evaluation of Simple Systems:** Basic concepts-Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability - Series systems, Parallel systems- Series-Parallel systems partially redundant systems- Examples.

**Network Modeling and Evaluation of Complex systems:** Conditional probability methodtie set, Cutset approach- Event tree and reduced event tree methods- Relationships between tie and cutsets- Examples.

# UNIT - III

**Time Dependent Probability:** Basic concepts- Reliability function f(t). F(t), R(t) and h(t) - Relationship between these functions.

**Network Reliability Evaluation Using Probability Distributions:** Reliability Evaluation of Series systems, Parallel systems – Partially redundant systems-determination of reliability measure- MTTF for series and parallel systems – Examples.

# UNIT - IV

**Discrete Markov Chains:** Basic concepts- Stochastic transitional probability matrix- time dependent probability evaluation- Limiting State Probability evaluation- Absorbing states – Examples.

**Continuous Markov Processes:** Modeling concepts- State space diagrams-Unreliability evaluation of single and two component repairable systems

# UNIT - V

**Frequency and Duration Techniques:** Frequency and duration concepts, application to multi state problems, Frequency balance approach.

**Approximate System Reliability Evaluation:** Series systems – Parallel systems- Network reduction techniques- Cut set approach- Common mode failures modeling and evaluation techniques- Examples.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Roy Billinton and Ronald N Allan, Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems, Plenum Press, 1983.
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Reliability Engineering by Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2002.

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. K. K. Agarwal, Reliability Engineering-Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1993.

## **ME4232OE: INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT**

### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Prerequisites:** None

# Course objectives:

- Understand the philosophies of management gurus
- Understand the various types of organization structures and their features, and their advantages and disadvantages.
- Learning various Industrial Engineering Practices like Operations Management techniques, work study, statistical quality control techniques, Job evaluation techniques and network analysis techniques.

### **Course outcomes:**

- Able to apply principles of management
- Able to design the organization structure
- Able to apply techniques for plant location, design plant layout and value analysis
- Able to carry out work study to find the best method for doing the work and establish standard time for a given method
- Able to apply various quality control techniques and sampling plans
- Able to do job evaluation and network analysis.

## UNIT. I

Introduction to Management: Entrepreneurship and organization - Nature and Importance of Management, Functions of Management, Taylor's Scientific Management Theory, Fayol's Principles of Management, Maslow's Theory of Human Needs, Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y, Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory of Motivation, Systems Approach to Management, Leadership Styles, Social responsibilities of Management

# UNIT. II

Designing Organizational Structures: Departmentalization and Decentralization, Types of Organization structures - Line organization, Line and staff organization, functional organization, Committee organization, matrix organization, Virtual Organization, Cellular Organization, team structure, boundary less organization, inverted pyramid structure, lean and flat

organization structure and their merits, demerits and suitability.

# UNIT. III

Operations Management: Objectives- product design process- Process selection-Types of production system (Job, batch and Mass Production), Plant location-factors- Urban-Rural sites comparison- Types of Plant Layouts- Design of product layout- Line balancing (RPW method) Value analysis-Definition-types of values- Objectives- Phases of value analysis-Fast diagram

## **UNIT. IV:**

Work Study: Introduction - definition - objectives - steps in work study - Method study - definition, objectives - steps of method study. Work Measurement - purpose - types of study -stop watch methods - steps - key rating - allowances - standard time calculations - work sampling.

Statistical Quality Control: variables-attributes, Shewart control charts for variables- chart, R chart, - Attributes- Defective-Defect- Charts for attributes-p-chart -c chart (simple Problems), Acceptance Sampling- Single sampling- Double sampling plans-OC curves.

### UNIT. V

Job Evaluation: Methods of job evaluation - simple routing objective systems - classification method factor comparison method, point method, benefits of job evaluation and limitations. Project Management (PERT/CPM): Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing. (Simple problems)

## TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Industrial Engineering and Management/O.P. Khanna/Khanna Publishers.
- 2. Industrial Engineering and Management Science/T.R. Banga and
- S.C. Sarma / Khanna Publishers.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Motion and Time Study by Ralph M Barnes! John Willey & Sons Work Study by SILO.
- 2. Human factors in Engineering & Design/Ernest J McCormick / TMH.
- 3. Production & Operation Management / Paneer Selvam/ PHI.
- 4. Industrial Engineering Management / NVS Raju/ Cengage Learning.
- 5. Industrial Engineering Hand Book / Maynard.
- 6. Industrial Engineering Management I Ravi Shankar/Galgotia.

## **ME4233OE: RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES**

### B. Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Prerequisites:** None

# **Course Objectives:**

- To explain the concepts of Non-renewable and renewable energy systems
- To outline utilization of renewable energy sources for both domestic and industrial applications
- To analyse the environmental and cost economics of renewable energy sources in comparison with fossil fuels.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Understanding of renewable energy sources
- Knowledge of working principle of various energy systems
- Capability to carry out basic design of renewable energy systems

### UNIT.I

Global and National Energy Scenario: Over view of conventional & renewable energy sources, need & development of renewable energy sources, types of renewable energy systems, Future of Energy Use, Global and Indian Energy scenario, Renewable and Non-renewable Energy sources, Energy for sustainable development, Potential of renewable energy sources, renewable electricity and key elements, Global climate change, CO2 reduction potential of renewable energy- concept of Hybrid systems.

### UNIT.II

**Solar Energy:** Solar energy system, Solar Radiation, Availability, Measurement and Estimation, Solar Thermal Conversion Devices and Storage, Applications Solar Photovoltaic Conversion solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, applications of solar energy systems.

### **UNIT.III**

Wind Energy: Wind Energy Conversion, Potential, Wind energy potential measurement, Site selection, Types of wind turbines, Wind farms, wind Generation and Control. Nature of the wind, power in the wind, factors influencing wind, wind data and energy estimation, wind speed monitoring, classification of wind, characteristics, applications of wind turbines, offshore

wind energy - Hybrid systems, wind resource assessment, Betz limit, site selection, wind energy conversion devices. Safety and environmental aspects, wind energy potential and installation in India.

# **UNIT.IV**

**Biogas:** Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition), biogas plant technology and status, Bio energy system, design and constructional features. Biomass resources and their classification, Biomass conversion processes, Thermo chemical conversion, direct combustion, biomass gasification, pyrolysis and liquefaction, biochemical conversion, anaerobic digestion, types of biogas Plants, applications, alcohol production from biomass, bio diesel production, Urban waste to energy conversion, Biomass energy programme in India.

### **UNIT.V**

**Ocean Energy:** Ocean wave energy conversion, principle of Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC), ocean thermal power plants, tidal energy conversion, Tidal and wave energy its scope and development, Scheme of development of tidal energy.

**Small hydro Power Plant:** Importance of small hydro power plants and their Elements, types of turbines for small hydro, estimation of primary and secondary power.

**Geothermal Energy:** Geothermal power plants, types of Geothermal resources, hot springs and steam ejection.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Renewable Energy Sources / Twidell, J.W. and Weir, A. / EFN Spon Ltd., 1986.
- 2. Non-Conventional Energy Sources / G.D Rai/ Khanna Publishers

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Kishore VVN, Renewable Energy Engineering and Technology, Teri Press, New Delhi, 2012
- 2. Godfrey Boyle, Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, U.K., 1996.
- 3. Non-Conventional Energy Resources by E H Khan