#### **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

#### B.Tech. I Year

Course Code	Category	Hours/ Week			Credi ts	Maximum Marks		
23CH102	Basic Sciences	L	T	P	4	CI A	SE E	TOT AL
		3	0	0		40	60	100
Contact	Tutorial		Pı	act	ical	Total		
Classes: 48	Cla <mark>sses: 0</mark>	Classes			s: Nil	Classes:48		

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To bring adaptability to new developments in Engineering

  Chemistry and to acquire the skills required to become a perfect engineer.
- 2. To include the importance of water in industrial usage, fundamental aspects of battery chemistry, significance of corrosion and its control to protect the structures.
- 3. To provide fundamental knowledge on properties and applications of polymers & to learn about polymers in a particular application area.
- 4. To impart knowledge about various types of fuels and their combustion.
- 5. To acquire required knowledge about engineering materials like cement, smart materials and Lubricants.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. The students are able to understand the basic properties of water and its usage in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 2. Students will acquire the basic knowledge of electrochemical procedures related to corrosion and its control.
- Classify and characterize different polymer engineering materials and apply its knowledge to select suitable materials for specific applications.

- 4. To be able to understand various types of fuels and the advantages of alternate fuels over conventional sources.
- 5. They can predict potential applications of chemistry and practical utility in order to become good engineers and entrepreneurs.

# UNIT - I: Water and its treatment: [8]

Introduction to hardness of water- estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications - Steps involved in the treatment of potable water Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and break - point chlorination. Defluoridation - Determination of Fion by ion- selective electrode method.

**Boiler troubles**: Sludges, Scales and Caustic embrittlement. Internal treatment of Boiler feed water - Calgon conditioning - Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning, External treatment methods - Softening of water by ion-exchange processes. Desalination of water - Reverse osmosis.

# UNIT - II: Battery Chemistry & Corrosion [8]

Introduction - Classification of batteries- primary, secondary and reserve batteries with examples. Basic requirements for commercial batteries. Construction, working and applications of: Zn-air and Lithium ion battery, Applications of Li-ion battery to electrical vehicles. Fuel Cells- Differences between battery and a fuel cell, Construction and applications of Hydrogen -oxygen fuel cell, Microbial fuel cell and Solid oxide fuel cell. Solar cells - Introduction and applications of Solar cells.

**Corrosion:** Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current methods.

### UNIT - III: Polymeric materials: [8]

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerization – addition (free radical addition) and condensation polymerization with examples – Nylon 6:6, Terylene

**Plastics:** Definition and characteristics- thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, Properties and engineering applications of PVC and Bakelite, Teflon,

# Fibers: Properties and engineering applications of Nylon 6:6 and Terylene

Fiber reinforced plastics (FRP).

**Rubbers:** Natural rubber and its vulcanization. Elastomers: Characteristics -preparation, properties and applications of Buna-S, Butyl and Thiokol rubber.

**Conducting polymers:** Characteristics and Classification with examples-mechanism of conduction in trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers.

**Biodegradable polymers:** Concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and poly vinyl alcohol and their applications.

# UNIT - IV: Energy Sources: [8]

Introduction, Calorific value of fuel – HCV, LCV- Dulongs formula. Classification- solid fuels: coal – analysis of coal – proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance. Liquid fuels – petroleum and its refining, cracking types – moving bed catalytic cracking. Knocking – octane and cetane rating, synthetic petrol - Fischer-Tropsch's process; Gaseous fuels – composition and uses of natural gas, LPG and CNG, Biodiesel – Trans-esterification, advantages. Alternate fuels.

# UNIT - V: Engineering Materials: [8]

**Cement:** Portland cement, its composition. Setting and hardening of cement.

**Shape memory materials**- Poly Urethane. Thermoresponse materials- Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides

**Lubricants:** Classification of lubricants with examples-characteristics of a good lubricants - mechanism of lubrication (thick film, thin film and extreme pressure)- properties of lubricants: viscosity, cloud point, pour point, flash point and fire point.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company, 2010
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Rama Devi, Venkata Ramana Reddy and Rath, Cengage learning, 2016
- 3. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary, E. Laxminarayana and K. Shashikala, Pearson Publications, 2021.
- 4. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Jaya Shree Anireddy, Wiley Publications.

